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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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VOL. XXVII NO. 89 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

American Answer To Axis Powers

Fresh Hurdles For Rajkot Reforms

AMBEDKAR'S WIRE TO VIRAWALLA

Mahatma's Efforts To Avert Deadlock: Talks With Muslim Deputation

RAJKOT, April 14.

The negotiations with the Muslims which after five days' conferences with Gandhiji were believed to have broken down owing to what is described as "fantastic demands" made bythe Muslims, suddenly took a new turn at the eleventh hour.

At the time of wiring (10 p.m.) the Deputation is closeted with him for the last time, at the invitation of Mahatmaji himself.

IT IS BELIEVED THAT IT IS POSSIBLE THAT, AS A RESULT OF THIS LAST-MINUTE EFFORT, A SATISFACTORY FORMULA MIGHT BE EVOLVED, WHICH WOULD ENABLE THE REFORMS COMMITTEE TO COME INTO BEING WITHOUT DELAY.

The result of the negotiations is being awaited with keen enthusiasm.

A HOPEFUL FEATURE

RAJKOT April 14

Yet another day passed without an agreement being reached on the question of Muslim representation on the Reforms Committee.

What is interpreted as a hopeful feature is the fact that to-day for the first time, Dada Haji Vali Mohammed and H. Abdulali, the two members, who were formerly nominated by the Thakore Saheb to the Reforms Committee, saw Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Patel along with the Muslim Deputation.

They are meeting Mahatma Gandhi again to-morrow noon.—A. P.

BHAYAT CLAIM TURNED DOWN

RAJKOT, April 14.

The Bhayat deputation waited on Mahatma Gandhi again this morning and had discussions with him for about half an hour.

The "United Press" understands that their fate is sealed and their claim for one seat in the Reforms Committee has been finally turned down, as it was impossible for Mahatmaji to adjust the personnel of the Committee in such a way that a majority for the Parishad would be ensured even after giving one seat to the Bhayats.

The "United Press" further understands that as soon as the Muslim case is sealed up, Gandhiji might issue a statement in the light of the prolonged discussions he had with the various groups since his arrival here.

It is likely that he will release the correspondence that passed between him and the Thakore Saheb on the one hand and Gandhiji and the Bhayats on the other.—United Press.

ANOTHER CLAIM FOR SEAT!

Ambedkar's Wire To Virawalla

The Muslim deputationists today denied that the negotiations had broken down and added that they will be seeing Gandhiji again to-night. Meanwhile they are in communication with a prominent Muslim League leader in Bombay to receive instructions.

The Girasyas and Bhayats whose claims for representation on the Reforms Committee have not been accepted are waiting in a deputation on the Thakore Saheb to-night.

The latest claimant for a seat on the Reforms Committee are some members of the depressed classes in Rajkot. Dr. Ambedkar has wired to Durbar Virawalla today "hope you won't forget your State representation to depressed classes on your Reforms Committee as already promised."

The First Member of Rajkot Council has handed over the above telegram to Gandhiji.

On behalf of the Thakore Saheb Durbar Virawalla has sent the following telegram to Dr. Ambedkar: —"Your wire has been communicated to His Highness. I am directed to say that in spite of His Highness' desire and keenness Mr. Patel is not likely to recommend any representative of the depressed class. If you so desire, His Highness will willingly grant an interview to discuss with you how the depressed classes could be helped."—A. P.

NO ROYAL COMMISSION ON INDIAN STATES

NEW DELHI, April 14.

The Associated Press is authoritatively informed that there is no suggestion of a Royal Commission shortly coming to India to investigate the position of various Indian States.—A.P.

NAZI FLEET FOR SPANISH COAST

BERLIN, April 14.

Two battleships, two cruisers, six destroyers and fifteen submarines compose the squadron participating in the spring cruise leaving on April 18 to visit the ports of Spain, Portugal, Spanish Morocco and Tangier.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

GOERING MEETS IL DUCE

ROME: April 14.

Field-Marshal Goering arrived here and was received with great enthusiasm by Sgr. Mussolini, Count Ciano and all the heads of the Fascist Party. Field-Marshal Goering is remaining in Rome for two days. He had hurried from Tripoli in an Italian warship in order to see Sgr. Mussolini.—Reuter

HITLER'S AMBITION FOR INDIA

Out To Construct "Asiatic Corridor": Exploiting Religious Differences

Referring to Herr Hitler as a muddle-headed mediocrity but a person who could understand German mass psychology to an extent no one else could, Dr. T. Altamann who addressed a gathering of students at the Blavatsky Lodge last evening, said that the Nazis had great ambitions about bringing India within their domination. The Germans, said the speaker, had been wanting to construct an "Asiatic corridor." It was most likely Hitler banked much on the religious and other differences that exist in India. At least for this reason, if not for anything else, Indians would do well to stand united, added Dr. Altamann.

SCHACHT TO VISIT AHMEDNAGAR

Dr. Schacht intends, so the "Chronicle" learns, to visit Ahmednagar to pay his respects to the memory of the Germans who died there in the Concentration Camp during the last war.

It may be mentioned that the Germans who remained in Western India during the last war were interned in Ahmednagar and Belgaum.

The Nazi Party in Bombay sent a representative to Ahmednagar to make arrangements for Dr. Schacht's visit.

Special to the "Chronicle"

Criminal Dreams Of Conquest!

WASHINGTON: April 14.

"THE TRAGIC INVOLVEMENTS OF THE OLD WORLD" were referred to by President Roosevelt, addressing the Board of the Pan-American Union.

The President condemned "DREAMS OF CONQUEST" as "RIDICULOUS AND CRIMINAL" and proceeded:—

"American peace, which we celebrate to-day, has no quality of weakness in it. We are prepared to maintain it and defend it to the fullest extent of our strength, matching force to force, if any attempt is made to subvert our institutions or impair the independence of any of our group. Should the method of attack be economic pressure, I pledge that my own country will also give economic support, so that no American nation need surrender any fraction of its sovereign freedom to maintain its economic welfare."

TRAGIC INVOLVEMENTS

President Roosevelt added: "The Americas were protected 'from the tragic involvements, which to-day were making the Old World a new cockpit of the old struggles,' owing to a new and powerful ideal—that of the community of Nations—which sprang up the same time that the Americas became free and independent. That was the Pan-American Group of Nations, which worked in open conference by an open agreement.

"WE HOLD OUR CONFERENCES NOT AS A RESULT OF WARS BUT AS A RESULT OF OUR WILL TO PEACE."

WHOSE PRISONERS?

President Roosevelt asserted that there was no fatality, which forced the Old World towards a new catastrophe. Men were not prisoners of Fate, but only prisoners of their own minds. Only a few days ago, the head of a great nation referred to his country as a prisoner of the Mediterranean. A little later, another Chief of State on learning that a neighbouring country had agreed to defend the independence of another neighbour characterised that agreement as a threat and encirclement. Yet there were no such things as encircling or threatening or imprisoning of any peaceful nation by other peaceful nations.—Reuter.

DRAFT REPORT ON FEDERATION

Nizam's Palace Talks: No Definite Conclusions Arrived At

BOMBAY Friday

The Committee of the Indian States Ministers had nearly five hours' sitting to-day at the Nizam's Palace, Napean Sea Road, before concluding its deliberations on matters pertaining to the revised draft of the Instrument of Accession particularly with reference to railway jurisdiction, Federal Finance, amendments to the Government of India Act which are now before Parliament and other allied subjects.

No definite conclusions however seem to have been arrived at by the Committee as the Ministers were not prepared to commit their States to any specific proposals.

Talks during the past three days therefore seem to have been of a very rambling character.

DRAFT REPORT.

The Committee considered a draft report on matters pertaining to Federation to-day, before dispersing. But there is no indication that the draft report contained anything that could be called definite decisions.

The members of the Committee and the Secretary were very reticent about to-day's deliberations and a two-line official communique released at the end of the day stated:—

OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE.

"The Committee concluded its labours to-day after considering its report. The conclusions arrived at were unanimous."

Approached by the press representatives, the Rt. Hon. Sir Akbar Hydari merely said that a spirit of cordiality had prevailed at the sittings. He was not prepared to say anything further.

The meetings of the Committee were attended by Sir V. T. Krishnamachari of Baroda, Sir S. M. Bapna of Indore, Diwan Bahadur N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar of Kashmir, Sir Manubhai Mehta of Gwalior, Sir Kailas Haksar of Bikaner, Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty of Cochin, Rao Bahadur R. D. Surve of Kolhapur, Rao Saheb Y. A. Tombare of Sangli, Mr. K. A. H. Abbasi of Bhopal, Pandit Amarnath Atal of Jaipur, Sardar K. M. Panikkar of Bikaner, Mr. N. Madhavrao of Mysore, Mr. D. K. Sen of Patiala and Mr. K. C. Neogy of Mayurbhanj. Nawab Ali Yar Junj-Bahadur, Secretary to the Committee of the Indian States Ministers and Mir Maqbool Mahmood, Secretary to the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes were also present.

New Governor Of N. W. F. P.

NEW DELHI, April 14.

The following communique has been issued:—

His Majesty the King has been pleased to approve the appointment of the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel Sir Arthur Parsons, to act as Governor of the Northwest Frontier Province during the absence of his Excellency Sir George Cunningham, who has been granted leave out of India for a period of four months from August 11.—A. P.

(Lt.-Col. Arthur Edward Broadbent Parsons belongs to the Indian Political Department and is Resident in Waziristan. He joined the Sherwood Foresters in 1908 and 52nd Sikhs in 1908 and served in the European War 1914-'19. He joined the Political Department in 1919 and participated in the Afghan War 1919 and Waziristan Operations 1921-22).

Central Assembly

Indo-British Trade Pact Bill Rejected

AGREEMENT AGAINST INDIAN INTERESTS

No Self-Respecting Country Can Accept It, Says Sir Cowasji

NEW DELHI, April 14.

When the Indo-British Trade Agreement Tariff Bill was taken up, the leader of the Congress Party made a statement explaining why his party had decided to refuse to consider the Bill, which incorporated the Indo-British Trade Agreement rejected by the House.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Leader of the Muslim League Party, announced that they would have the same attitude as they had at the time of debate on the Trade Agreement—an attitude of neutrality.

Only Sir A. H. Ghuznavi, who resigned from the Muslim League Party, supported the motion for consideration.—United Press.

NEW DELHI, April 14.

After the Assembly had disposed of the Second Tariff Bill to reduce the protective duty on Sugar Sir Muhammad Zafrullah then moved that the Bill to amend the Indian Tariff Act of 1934 in order to give effect to Certain changes necessitated by the Indo-British Trade Agreement, be taken into consideration. The Commerce Member explained that the Bill would give effect to the terms of Article Sixteen of the Agreement by which it was agreed that pending the coming into force of the Agreement the two Governments would apply its provisions as far as might be possible. It was in pursuance of this understanding that the present Bill was brought up.

CONGRESS ATTITUDE EXPLAINED

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai opposing the motion for consideration briefly explained the position of the Congress Party as regards the Bill. What was euphemistically explained as the provisional understanding, he pointed out, was the reason for this Bill provisions of which had already come into operation. The contents of the Bill were in effect the same as the contents of the Trade Agreement which the House had unequivocally rejected. There was no integrity behind Government's acceptance of the vote as regards the termination of the Ottawa Agreement as Government had now gone against an unequivocal vote of the elected members of the House as regards the fresh agreement which was proposed instead of the Ottawa Pact. He next referred to the fact that permission was refused to the moving of certain amendments to the Bill which sought to remove the preferences to the United Kingdom and declared that thereby the House was given no proper chance. Further it was unfortunate that the Finance Member had imposed the extra cotton duty in order to make up a deficit. As a result of all this and after taking into account the pluses and minuses it was clear that the Agreement was not in the general interests of the country.

Prof. Bannerjee based his opposition to the Bill on three grounds. In the first place the subject matter of the Bill had already been discussed and the opinion of the House had been recorded. Secondly the Bill was

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 3).

MUSSOLINI IS GOD'S ENEMY

Demonstrations In Syria To Protest Against Italian Aggression

BEIRUT April 14

Demonstrations to protest against the occupation of Albania took place, in most of the principal towns of Syria, Lebanon and in Damascus.

Thirty thousand gathered at a mosque at Omayyades, where speakers denounced in the strongest terms Italian aggression.

Leaving the mosque, the demonstrators formed a procession and marched through the city shouting "there is only one God and Mussolini is his enemy."—Reuter.

Signal Light WINS Craven Stakes

LONDON, April 14.

Craven Stakes run at New Market over a distance of one mile resulted as follows:—

SIGNAL LIGHT (Beasley)	1
FOXCUB (Gordon Richards)	2
BOLDDEVIL (E. Smith)	3

Thirteen ran:

The race was won by Head. Four lengths separated second and third horses.

Winner trained by Boydrochfort.

Starting prices:—

8/1 Signal-light; 9/4 Foxcub; 20/1 Bolddevil.—Reuter.

ENTRY INTO MADRID TO BE POSTPONED?

PARIS, April 14

General Franco's triumphant entry into Madrid may be postponed until May 15, according to a Havas telegram.

The dispatch adds, the victorious march through the town will be followed by the withdrawal, of foreign troops and demobilisation of Spanish forces.

It is pointed out ,May 15 is dedicated to Saint Isidore, Patron Saint of Madrid.—Reuter.

Dr. Goebbels' At Belgrade

BELGRADE, April 14.

Dr. Goebbels arrived by air from Istanbul and after a brief halt, left for Berlin.—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted a really competent Graduate, knowing Hindustani in both the Urdu (Persian) and the Devnagari scripts for a post on a pay scale of Rs. 70-5-120-E.B.-10-170. Preference will be given to a candidate having experience in translation work from English into Hindustani and 'vice-versa' and possessing knowledge of Sanskrit also. The selected applicant will be on probation for one year. Apply to the Oriental Translator to Government, Secretariat, Bombay, before the 25th instant, with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned), stating birth-date, etc. (2)

Wanted a Health Officer for the Bhawnagar City Municipality. (1) Grade of the post Rs. 50 to 75 with Rs. 7 Cycle allowance P.M. (2) No private practice is allowed. (3) Candidate must be an L.C.P.S. with knowledge of Municipal Sanitation. (4) Age, Caste, native place, qualifications and experience and date of passing the examination to be mentioned in the application. (5) Copies of certificates should be sent with application. (6) Gujarati knowing preferred. (7) Preference will be given to bonafide subjects of Bhavnagar. (8) Applications to reach the undersigned up to 1st May, 1939. Narmadashanker R. Bhau, President, Bhavnagar City Municipality. (10956)

Wanted an experienced, honest and hardworking Gujrati Graduate or Undergraduate, capable of rendering accurate translations from English into Gujarati for the advertisement department of a leading Gujarati daily. Pay according to qualifications. Please apply immediately, enclosing testimonials and stating previous experience to Box No. 101, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Managers, Organisers, Inspectors, Accountants and Clerks for our proposed offices to be opened in Indian States. Salary according to qualifications. T. A. according to rules. Apply on prescribed forms which can be had on remitting Rs. 1-4-0 by money order to the Legal Reserve Insurance Co., Limited Jammu. (Kashmir State.) Chairman, Major General Rai Bahadur Dewan Bishan Dass C.S.I., C.I.E., Ex-Prime Minister Jammu. (11586)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted from June next an experienced B.T. for the J. L. New English School, Ahmedabad. Apply, stating minimum salary expected, to the Head Master. (11522)

Wanted a cultured lady to stay in a high-class Hindu family in Bombay to take charge of children. Apply stating qualifications, nationality, language, etc., and terms either with or without boarding and lodging to Box No. 11631, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Agency Manager on Rs. 100—20—500 p.m. for a Banking concern to invest loan to everybody without security. Post Box 2410, Calcutta. (10799)

Wanted Organising Secretaries, Surety and Loan Superintendents, Organisers, Chief Agents, Loan Brokers, Agents, Accountants and Cashiers throughout India. Apply for particulars to the Premiums Underwriting and General Finance Syndicate, Alice Building, Fort, Bombay. (11613)

Wanted for a well established hospital in the Punjab an experienced Surgeon, M.R.C.S., pay from Rs. 200 to Rs. 250, and a lady M.B.B.S., pay from Rs. 100 to Rs. 150, according to qualifications. Please apply with testimonials stating minimum pay acceptable to Box No. 11624, "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A graduate, experienced business-man seeks job as Secretary or Manager in good concern. Please write c/o Navjivan Sangh, Bombay 2. (11627)

62. TO BE LET

To be let in "Dreamland". New Queen's Road near Roxy Cinema as Consulting Block for Doctors or for Residence, for particulars apply to the liftman. (11636)

To Let to cosmopolitans an airy third floor in Garden House at Dadyseth Road, behind Chowpatty Band Stand. (11635)

For Christians and Anglo-Indians Rooms to Let—Ahmedbhoy Building, near Maruti Temple, Byculla Bridge, Inquire Pathan. (11616)

To Let—Decent and airy Blocks and Rooms. At Wassiamull Building, Charni Road Junction, Grant Road. Apply "D" Block, 5th floor, or Messrs Wassiamull Assomull and Co., Kalbadevi Road. T. No. 21338. (11579)

To let—Ground Floor of Kennya Cottage, Ghod Bunder Road, Opp. Govt. Aerodrome, Juhu. Rent Rs. 70/- per month. Apply Air Services of India Ld. Brabourne Stadium, Churchgate St. (10970)

(1) Bungalow Hillgrange on Ped-dar Road, with outhouses and big garden. (2) At the junction of Ballard Pier and Mint Road Cama House a big shop for hotel, airy and lighted flats and small rooms for office and residence. (3) An open plot for factory, etc., and a shop with electric light-fittings near the junction on Reay Road and Matarpakhdy. (4) 10,000 square yards open space in plot or plots at Ghroupdeo Road, Tank Bunder. Apply Hirabai D. Saher, Warden Road. Telephone No. 40119. (11626)

68. FLATS TO LET

An airy, comfortable and newly oil-painted flat on the second floor at Parekh Building, New Queen's Road is to be let to vegetarian Hindus only. Moderate rent. Apply Maganlal Mehta, top floor. (11637)

To Let 3 and 4 Room Flats in "Jumna Nivas", next Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty. Quiet, airy and respectable locality. Lift available. Rents from Rs. 58 to 75. (11625)

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

To Let—Matunga. Plot No. 419 Ehau Daji Road, Benkar Mansion Blocks. Apply Bhaya, downstairs. (11617)

A very nice and airy Bungalow is to let for school at Vile-Parla just near the Jain Sanatorium apply to A. M. Raja. Carnac Bunder Iron Bazar Bombay 9. 'Phone No. 22634. (11613)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Western University. International Incorporated under Act XXI of 1860 chartered in Delaware, organized to promote self effort for higher education among the masses. Fellows and Examination Supervisors Registered. Address: Western University Corporation offices, Jullundur City. (11634)

Admissions are now open for Courses in Radio and Electrical Engineering and Wireless Telegraphy. Efficient training both in Theory and Practice. Paying careers. Short Courses. Moderate fees. Library and gymkhana facilities. For fully illustrated Prospectus apply: Khalsa College, Bombay Technical Institute, King's Circle, Matunga, Bombay No. 19. (10937)

Wanted—1000 pupils to practically learn Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Thought Reading, Crystal Gazing, Auto-Suggestion, etc., by Post. For particulars send one anna stamp. Prof. Rudra, 1005 Surendra Banerjee Road, Calcutta. (11536)

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L.S.G.D. Diploma Training Clas-ses for Officers of Local Self-Government Service conducted under the joint auspices of the Government of Bombay, commence from 1-5-39 at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad. Lady students are also admitted to Bombay Centre. Apply for revised prospectus (free) to Director, Local Self-Government Institute, Fort, Bombay. (10698)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Right Contraceptive Jelly, our make according latest researches. Re. 1/4 per tube. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (11366)

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE.

For Sale. Quard Crown and Double Crown Cylinder Printing Machines, German Demy Litho Press, Hand Presses, etc. Apply M. Mody and Co., Auctioneers, 152 Medows Street, Fort. (11629)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents of either sex for silks. Pay 60 plus allowance. Bonus extra. Arvind Textiles, Ludhiana. (11592)

Wanted Agents for silk and wool-len goods. Pay and allowance Rs. 150. Bonus extra. Particulars free. Apply for terms:—Purisons Knitting Works, Ludhiana. (11523)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loan arranging on low interest. Property, Share, Shop, Mortgages, Ornaments, Personal Security to Government Servants and Bank Servants only in Bombay. See personally: Money Arranging Co., Vithalbhai Patel Road, 292, Shanti Niwas, Bombay 4. 'Phone No. 42669. (11630)

Immediate Loans? Monday to Friday seven persons received Loans on mere Promissory Notes! Certificates with names and addresses as open proofs! No double Pro-Notes! No heavy interest! Just come and read Hundreds of Certificates! Sunday and Holidays open. Agents also required on handsome Commission. Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road Junction, Grant Road, opposite Hardinge. (11628)

387. TYPEWRITERS

Empire Typewriter Co., 76, Tama-rind Lane, Fort, repairs, overhauls and rebuilds Typewriters (all makes) under expert supervision of Late Foreman, Remington Rand. (11531)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Desirous communicating with de-parted souls. Spiritualists who really possess this power should only write; stating their charges or free service in helping the distressed. Box No. 11620, "Bombay Chronicle".

Barytes.—For your supplies of Barytes and other minerals always address the mines owners. Ram Narain & Bros. Alwar. (11599)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale. At our Depot 1,500 bales of hay, each weighing 5 mds. and Catechu, (solid form) in a lot of about 800 mds. Ratali are offered for sale. Stocks ready for inspection. Catechu samples supplied at 1/-/- per lb. For details either see personally or apply to Superintendent, Forests, Dungarpur State, Rajputana. (10983)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch. per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE SVADESHI MILLS CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

OUR ATTENTION HAS BEEN DRAWN to a printed circular letter purporting to have been issued from Bombay and signed by the Hony. Secretary, "Swadeshi Cloth Mills Co.", offering Cloth Selling Agencies on certain terms including the placing of a cash deposit. To prevent any possible misunderstanding it is hereby notified that the SVADESHI MILLS CO., LTD. is in no way concerned with the above-mentioned "Swadeshi Cloth Mills Co."

For THE SVADESHI MILLS CO., LTD.,
Tata Sons Limited, Managing Agents,
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.

Bombay, 4th April, 1939.

(10957)

SALE OF TWO VALUABLE BUNGALOWS AT MAHABLESHWAR KNOWN AS "NON-PAREIL-VUE" and "MINIATURE VILLA," belonging to the estate of the LATE MR. R. D. SETHNA.

OFFERS ARE INVITED by the Executors of the late Mr. R. D. Sethna (hereinafter referred to as the Vendors) for purchase of the above two bungalows. They were purchased by the late Mr. R. D. Sethna in 1937, one of them known as "Non-Pareil-Vue" was pulled down and practically re-erected; it is a two storeyed (one upper and one lower) bungalow built in modern style and is fitted up with all modern sanitary equipments, and electric light and fixtures, and occupies an unique position and commands a beautiful view.

The land, admeasures 3 Acres and is held under a lease dated the 12th day of October, 1922, for a period of 30 years from 7th July, 1920; the lease is renewable as therein mentioned. The Vendors have agreed with the Collector of Satara that they will execute a fresh lease in the form that will be in force after the expiry of the present lease. The Offerer shall be deemed to have made his offer with knowledge of the terms of the said lease, which is open for inspection at the Office of the Vendors' Attorneys Messrs. Merwanji Kola & Co.

Every offer for purchase must be accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 5,000/- (Rupees five thousand) and sent to the Vendors' said attorneys. If the offer is accepted the amount will be retained as earnest money, if the offer is not accepted the same will be returned without interest.

The Vendors will make out a marketable title free from reasonable doubt. If the purchase is not completed by reason of any defect in title, The Offerer will not be entitled to any damages, but he will be entitled to return of the earnest money without interest.

The purchase must be completed within one month from the date of Acceptance of the Offer.

All outgoings will be apportioned.

The purchaser will bear his costs of and incidental to the assignment including stamp and registration charges and all out-of-pocket expenses.

The Vendors will bear their own costs.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1939.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.
Vendors' Attorneys,
14 K, Hamam Street
Fort, Bombay.

10967

Public Notices

NOTICE

CUMBALLA HILL, PLOT NO. 1 DIVIDED INTO TWO SUB-DIVISIONS

Prospective lessees for Plot No. 1 of Cumballa Hill Estate should see the Collector on any day during Office hours.

Forms of Agreement for Lease with the Form of Lease and Plan can be had at the office of the Collector on payment of annas four per copy.

H. T. SORLEY,
Collector of Bombay.

Collector's Office,
Bombay, 3rd April, 1939.

(10939)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of Ferrous Turnings Scrap available for disposal from time to time at the Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Bombay and/or Stores Depot, Matunga, for the period of one year ending 31-3-1940. Price per copy of tender form Rs. 2 which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 5th May 1939 at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

(3)

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE KAISER-I-HIND WOOLLEN COTTON & SILK MILLS, LTD. (In Liquidation) BANGALORE.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR CREDITORS

THE CREDITORS of the above-named Company are required on or before the 15th day of May, 1939, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses, and their advocates or pleaders, if any, to Messrs. P. Gopalraj Urs and F. L. Peradon, the Official Liquidators of the said Company, at Hebbal, Bangalore, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidators, or by their advocates or pleaders to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at the Court of the Additional District Judge, Bangalore, at such time as shall be specified in such notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved

Dated this 8th day of April, 1939.

G. PARAMASIVIAH.
Additional District Judge.
(2).

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of NAOROJALLI DOSSA and also spelt as NAVROJALI DOSA of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, resided at Dongri, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

(1.) JENABAI, widow and (2.) SHABANALLY NAOROJALLY DOSSA, both of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants the Executrix and Executor respectively named in the last Will and Testament of the deceased abovenamed, residing at Dongri, without the Fort of Bombay ..Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 23rd day of March in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine and in the third year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary &
Senior Master

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

The 23rd day of March, 1939.
MESSRS. THAKORDAS DARU, HEMANY & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

10999.

Public Notices

WANTED

A MALARIA OFFICER, of Sub-Asst. Surgeon's grade, for organising Anti-mosquito and Anti-malaria campaign, at Bhavnagar. Candidates must be fully trained and must have considerable experience in such work. Scale of pay: Rs. 75 to 120 p.m. plus Rs. 30 as conveyance allowance p.m.

Applicants should apply to the undersigned stating their age, caste, training and experience along with testimonials before 20th of April, 1939.

Knowledge of Gujarati is essential.

Service is temporary.

CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
Bhavnagar State,
BHAVNAGAR.

(10979).

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.
As modified up to date.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as modified up to date, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the first day of June, 1939 or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the public street known as Bellasis Road at its junction with Falkland Road.

A plan of this street showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 13th day of April, 1939

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

(6).

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I. C. 10 of 1939

In the matter of the INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES ACT 1912
and
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913.
and
In the matter of the ASHOK INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. and REDUCED and the COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., both incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, both Companies having their registered Offices at Homji Street in Bombay.

(1.) The ASHOK INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and REDUCED, a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act 1913, having its registered Office at Homji Street, within the Fort, (2.) THE COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., a joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act 1913, having its registered Office at Homji Street, within the Fort ..... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for confirming the resolution reducing the subscribed capital of the above 1st Petitioner Company from Rs. 54,400 to Rs. 27,200 by cancelling the uncalled for capital on 544 shares issued by the 1st Petitioner Company at Rs. 50 per each share and that the Capital of the 1st Petitioner Company be sub-divided into 20,000 shares of Rs. 25 each was on the 24th day of March, 1939, presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia, the Sitting Judge in Chambers and is now pending and that the list of creditors of the 1st Petitioner Company is to be made out as for the 16th day of May, 1939.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1939.

DIKSHIT MANECKLAL & CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

(7).

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai SULOCHANA H. PALKAR and Bai ANUSUYA H. PALKAR have contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession or otherwise howsoever, is or are required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at 14 Hammam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece of land of the Pension and Tax Tenure (cess redeemed) situate at Khota's Wadi at Girgaum, outside the Fort of Bombay and within the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 242 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 204, 204 New No. 1585, Old Survey No. 546, New Survey No. 7784 and Cadastral Survey No. 563 of the Girgaum Division with the dwelling house standing thereon all which premises bear Municipal D Ward No. 1031 Street No. 29 E and are bounded on or towards the East by a public passage, on or towards the West by the property of J. M. D'Lima, on or towards the North by the property of Vasantrao Sakharam and on or towards the South by the property of Luxman Govind.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1939.

DIVEKAR & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

(9)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JALIMSING MANOHARSING THAKORE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise however are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 111, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Vacant land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure situate, lying and being on Thakurdwar Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 184 square yards or thereabouts being a portion (immediately adjoining the Purchaser's property on the Western side) of a larger Plot of land and bearing Collectors Old Nos. 26-26 (part) Collector's New Nos. 176-77 (part), Old Survey Nos. 331-331 (part), New Survey No. 358 (part), and Cadastral Survey No. 12255 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 4963 and Street Nos. 85-87 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Purchaser's property known as Jawahar Mansion, on or towards the West by the Gully belonging to Gulamali Khanbhoy, on or towards the North by the Thakurdwar Road, on or towards the South by the lease-hold property belonging to the Vendor.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1939.

N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(4)

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & Co.

WEEKLY SALE

On Monday, 17th April 1939 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, well made furnitures of Drawing Dining and Bedrooms, safe, refrigerator, Broad Wood Piano, Remington typewriter etc. Property of Mr. J. B. Hybait.

By order of offices—Silk Staples, Poland Milton, Black Silk Velvet etc.,

CRAWFORD & CO.,

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. CAROLINE ROGERS has contracted to sell to our client the property hereunder described. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to upon or against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, bequest, inheritance, share, maintenance, easements, use, possession, charge, lien or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

ALL THAT piece of land admeasuring about 750 sq. yds. comprised of 480 sq. yds. of land bearing Plot No. 63D and 270 sq. yds. of Plot No. 63E of the Santa Cruz Town Planning Scheme No. III situate at Santa Cruz District Bombay Suburban together with the buildings and structures standing thereon and bounded on the East by Plot No. 64, on the West by portion of Plot No. 63E, on the North by the 4th Road of the said Scheme and on the South partly by Plot No. 63C and partly by Plot No. 63H of the said Scheme.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1939.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.

10.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUMMARY SUIT NO. 827 of 1938.

Messrs. AMARCHAND MADHAVJI AND CO., a firm, that carried on business as Merchants in Hessian at Moodi Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

JADAVJI JAGJIVAN, of Bombay Hindu, carrying on business as a Broker, in gunnies and hessian at Mandvi outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

To

The Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted the above suit in the High Court against you under Rule 2 of Order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 for Rs. 5,136-14-0 due by you to the Plaintiffs at foot of the Promissory Note dated 1st June, 1935, passed by you with interest thereon at 6 per cent per annum from the 27th day of May, 1938, and further interest on judgment at 6 per cent per annum till payment you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within ten days from the date hereof in default whereof the Plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for the said amount, interest and costs.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the Plaintiff will thereafter serve upon you a summons for judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend the suit.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1939.

MESSRS BHIMJI & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

11.

FROM ROMANCE TO BULL FIGHT
IT IS A FIESTA OF FUN

DOROTHY LAMOUR and RAY MILLAND

IN

TROPIC HOLIDAY
TROPIC HOLIDAY
TROPIC HOLIDAY

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

To-day

PATHE

3-30, 6-30 & 10-0 p.m.

To-morrow Morning at 10-0 a.m.
MARLENE DIETRICH
&
GARY COOPER
In
"DESIRE"

Bookings on 'Phone 41561

NEW EMPIRE

DAILY: 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

—EXTRA—
"JERUSALEM"
another of the WORLD WINDOW gems in glorious Technicolour, depicting such landmarks
THE GARDEN OF GETHSEMANE
THE WAILING WALL
THE VIRGIN MARY'S TOMB
—ALSO—
EDGAR BERGEN
v.
CHARLIE MCCARTY
in
Special Screens
A UNITED ARTISTS
Special
20TH ANNIVERSARY
Programme

THE PALACE

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.
WHOLE SERIAL SHOW
12 Roaring Chapters among wild men and beasts of prey!
JUNGLE JIM

METRO
DAILY AT 3:30-6:30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

M-G-M'S BIG JOY SHOW!
Romance! Laughter! Songs that sing and swing! Stars galore! Sights to open your eyes with wonder!
HONOLULU
Eleanor POWELL
Robert YOUNG
George BURNS
GRACIE ALLEN
Directed by Edward Buzzell
Produced by Jack Cummings
Screen Play by Herbert Fields and Frank Partos • Music and Lyrics by Harry Warren and Gus Kahn

---

THE EDWARD

DAILY AT 4-45, 7-30, & 10-15 P.M.

SAT., SUN., WED. MATINEE AT 2 P.M.

BOMBAY TALKIES'

Vachan

STARRING:

DEVIKA RANI
ASHOK KUMAR
MUMTAZ ALI
& OTHERS.

THEY CALL IT ★

MATCHLESS

BECAUSE IT STANDS AS THE ONE & ONLY GREAT FILM NOW RUNNING IN THE CITY!

....BECAUSE IT IS MATCHLESS IN ART, ENTERTAINMENT AND TECHNIQUE!....

Because it comes from ONE & ONLY GREAT STUDIO IN INDIA, WHICH IS MATCHLESS FOR ITS ORIGINALITY and ART!

FROM
NEW THEATRES
The True Nursery of Talents!

Dushman

IT HAS MATCHLESS CAST:

SAIGAL
LEELA DESAI

Najam, Jagdeesh, Prithviraj, B.A., Nemo and Deobala....

Photographed and Directed by Sjt. NITIN BOSE
Music: Sjt. PUNKAJ MULLICK

"DUSHMAN"

Hail it in
9th
NINTH NOVEL WEEK!
A LOVE STORY WHICH IS EVER SO PLEASANT!

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1-45 P.M.

KRISHNA

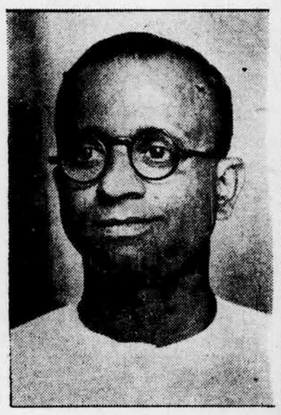
TALKIES : DUBASH THEATRE

Sir Evelyn Wrench, founder of the Overseas League and Lady Wrench arrived in Bombay by the mail-boat on Thursday.

BOMBAY ANDHRA MAHASABHA

The Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Andhra Mahasabha will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at Kunwar Kunj, Parsi Colony, Dadar.

FOOTBALL PIONEER



J. C. MAITRA,
Founder-President of the Indian Football League, who has been associated with the development of football in Western India for almost a quarter century. He is a prospective Vice-President of the W. I. F. A.

Aga Khan Hockey

Bhagwant Club, Qualify For Final

ST. PATRICK'S DOWNFALL DUE TO WEAK REAR DEFENCE

Yesterday's semi-final saw the Bhagwant Club earn a convincing victory over St. Patrick's, Karachi, by 5 goals to 1, and with it the right to meet the winners of Kirkee United v. Bhopal Wanderers on Mondav.

St. Patrick's front and intermediate lines played up well, but the weakness of their rear defence was brought out in full relief by a fast and clever set of opposing forwards, who found they had little else to do once St. Patrick's half-back line had been crossed. The Tikamgarh team in contrast was far better balanced; a strong line of defence backing up the excellent offensives of their front-men.

St. Patrick's, however, could well have averted the gaping margin that separated them from their opponents had their forwards taken even a partial advantage of the innumerable opportunities that were presented to them. But they lacked that finish which formed the chief characteristics of the Bhagwant forwards, and thus gave an over-emphasis to the comparative superiority of the Bhagwant Eleven.

Brewin, St. Patrick's pivot, was once again the mainstay of his side and earned frequent applause for the manner in which he broke up one movement after another of the Bhagwant forwards, while both Moses and Nabi Shah, in the Bhagwant defence, presented a solid obstacle against which the wiles of two avowedly brilliant men like P.P. Fernandes and Pitcher could not prevail.

There was little to differentiate between the two teams in the initial stages of play, but in the 10th minute St. Patrick's came very near scoring, a clever bout of passing between P.P. Fernandes, Pitcher and Franklin resulting in the last-named sending in a feeble shot which Roberts saved. And then Bhagwant Club took a strong hand in the proceedings and after worrying the Karachi defence for some time, Yakub initiated a movement which saw Zutshi put McMurray, who was well placed in the circle, in possession and this player sent in a lightning shot, which soared between the posts into St. Patrick's net (1—0).

BHAGWANT CLUB INCREASE LEAD

A minute later Bhagwant Club again carried the game into the Karachi area and after Zutshi's shot had been stopped by a defender, Yakub, who was lying in an off-side position, picked up the rebound and scooped to increase Bhagwant's lead (2—0). This additional reverse led St. Patrick's to alter their front-line positions, Da Costa, their outside-right, exchanging places with Abbas Khan, but as this brought no additional effectiveness to their attack, they soon reverted to their original positions.

St. Patrick's were now exerting a sustained pressure and a break through by Pitcher found Franklin in close range of the goal, but his shot was feeble and Roberts cleared the danger without much difficulty. After Tikamgarh had carried the game into St. Patrick's 25, the Umpire signalled the midway cessation.

St. Patrick's monopolised the exchanges for a brief three minutes on resumption and worked their way up to the Tikamgarh goal, but P.P. Fernandes spoilt a beautiful opportunity by remaining in an off-side position. And then Bhagwant Club reasserted themselves, Zutshi, Nasir and Kishan manoeuvring a good breakaway, but McMurray failed to finish and an easy chance of scoring was lost. From a clearance Abbas Khan obtained possession and centred across to P.P. Fernandes, but Nabi Shah just nipped in in time and cleared to send his forwards on to the Karachi area once again. This movement resulted in Kishan sending in a shot from the top of the circle which the Karachi custodian should have saved but did not (3—0).

ST. PATRICK'S SCORE

St. Patrick's continued fighting pluckily in spite of this additional reverse and managed to force a penalty-corner from which Pitcher was able to reduce the margin (3—1).

A little later St. Patrick's were provided with a further opportunity of scoring but, although Pitcher and Franklin had a shot each, the Bhagwant Club kept their citadel from further damage. After this St. Patrick's fell back somewhat and Tikamgarh taking advantage scored twice again through Nasir and Yakub.

RESULT:

BHAGWANT CLUB .. 5 goals.
ST. PATRICK'S ..... 1 goal.

THE TEAMS:

BHAGWANTS:—Roberts; Moses and Nabi Shah; Abdul Durga Prasad and Rozario; Kishan, Nasir, Zutshi, Yakub and McMurray.

ST. PATRICK'S:—Mody; Sadhuram and Blythe; Gonsalves, Brewin and Braganza; Da Costa, Abbas Khan, Franklin, Pitcher and P. P. Fernandes.

UMPIRES:—Messrs. Lynn and McKenzie.

TO-DAY'S GAME (Semi-Final): 5-30 p.m. Bhopal Wanderers v. Kirkee United.

Screenland's Smartest Comedy

The finest yet seen On the Indian Screen

Bombay Talkies' Latest Release

Co-Starring
HANSA
The Smiling Beauty
AND
RAMA SHUKUL
of BHABI fame

Nav-Jeevan

A series of Laughters from start to finish

Supported by:
MUMTAZ ALI, SAROJ BORKAR, V. H. DESAI, P. F. PITHAWALA, RAI MOHAN, RANI BALA

ENTERING 4th WEEK TO-DAY!
ROXY

Daily: 4-30, 7-15, and 10 p.m.
To-day and To-morrow Matinee at 1-45 p.m.

BULLDOG or JELLY FISH
—WHICH ARE YOU?

To be a success to-day, you've got to be aggressive. You've got to be persuasive. You've got to be able to dominate situations. You've got to have that bulldog courage that won't be beaten—and can't be beaten. You've got to have that magic "something" that is possessed by every wealthy man—every successful woman. And that magic something is a dominating, dynamic personality.

Who Wins in Life .... and Why?

Timid, self-conscious, ordinary personalities are disqualified right at the start. Look around you. Who is it that wins promotion? Not the colourless, shrinking, "afraid to open his mouth" clerk—but the man who knows how to assert himself! Who is it that wins social recognition? Not the shy, self-effacing woman—but the woman of definite, magnetic charm!

Trade in Your Negative Personality for a Dynamic New One!

Don't let timidity and self-consciousness hold you back! Don't let others take the lead because you lack courage to assist yourself, to stand up and FIGHT! Don't plod along in a low-pay job because you are afraid to change!

Awaken the hidden powers of your Glands. Release the mighty hormones of power and energy into your blood, that will make you a dominant, lion-hearted LEADER. Learn the secret of bulldog courage and a dominating personality that will bend others to your will, that will win you friends and popularity, that will make you a success in any endeavour.

What is the Secret?

Sitting astraddle the top of each kidney, behind the small of the back, we find a little gland shaped something like a hat, known as the SUPRARENAL or ADRENAL GLAND. It is the "make or break" gland of Personality. The Adrenals secrete directly into the blood a hormone called "Adrenalin." According to the latest scientific discovery "Adrenalin bucks us up." Adrenalin wins battles and makes men brave, lack of it makes them cowards. Those who have a proper secretion of Adrenalin are energetic, aggressive, virile, combative, pugnacious: the real fighting type—whether in the prize ring, at the head of an army, or battling in commercial and industrial life.

What a different aspect the riddle of personality shows when we realise that courage is, in spite of what philosophers tell us, the outward and visible sign of a healthy and dominant adrenal gland rather than the inward and invisible sign of spiritual grace.

A Great Discovery

The secret of "courage" and a "dominating, dynamic personality," now offered to you, represent the work of a lifetime—the result of years of research by the great student of the human glands—Dr. Lessuor of Paris, France. For years this extraordinary genius had been quietly perfecting a "unique formula" by which he can set free an increased amount of that titanic, hidden force of the Adrenals. He first applied this wonder-working formula (known in India by the trade name of OONIM, on his patients. Results were astonishing. His formula seemed to have the power of transforming people into entire new beings.

To Win Victories in Life— "Adrenalize" Your Blood with OONIM

With the very first capsule you will become conscious of an intense, overwhelming power that you never dreamt you possessed. It must be experienced to be believed. It will make you shout for the sheer joy of living. It is totally different from what you have ever dreamt or even tried. MAKE THIS THE RED LETTER DAY IN YOUR LIFE. ACT NOW! SEND FOR A FULL COURSE OF OONIM TO-DAY—NOW—THIS—VERY—MOMENT. THE FULL COURSE OF 3 BOXES COSTS Rs. 22-8. A TRIAL BOX COSTS Rs. 7-8. (POSTAGE & PACKING FREE).

The 7th edition of our NEW 70 PAGE ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET is just out of the Press. Send your name and address, for a free copy of this amazing booklet. You may send 2 annas stamp for postage.

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'Phone: 24297. BOMBAY. Grams: "OONIM".

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"ELDERS" PASS COAL MINES BILL

NEW DELHI, April 14.

In the Council of State Mr. M. S. A. Hydari, Labour Secretary, moved the Bill to make further provision for safety in Coal Mines as passed by the Assembly The two main provisions of the Bill, explained Mr. Hydari, were enforcement of stowing in the interests of safety and the levying of a cess to assist in paying for it

Replying to criticisms that many important recommendations of the Coal Mines Committee had not been accepted by the Government, Mr. Hydari pointed out that 17 out of the 29 recommendations of the committee had already been carried out by the Government and the remaining twelve were under consideration.

After Mr Ramdas Pantulu, Mr. Hossain Imam and Mr. Padshah had spoken, criticising the Bill and Mr. Hydari had replied to the debate, the house took up consideration of the clauses of the Bill.

Mr. P. N. Sapru's amendment to provide for the nomination of a representative of the employees on the Stowing Board was rejected without a division, and the Bill was passed without division.

The council then adjourned till Saturday.—A. P.

THE EXCELSIOR

4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

The Thrilling Talkie version of the silent Masterpiece:

"SUBMARINE"

DEVIL'S PLAYGROUND

A COLUMBIA Super Thriller!

Starring:
RICHARD DIX
DOLORES DEL RIO
CHESTER MORRIS

A Smashing Human Drama with a Sensational Climax, Hundreds of feet below the Sea!

TO-DAY at 5-30 p. m.

A GRAND MUSIC & DANCE CONCERT

in aid of
ABDUL KARIM KHAN MEMORIAL FUND

Under the Presidentship of Hon'ble Mr. MANGALDAS PAKVASA.

Note these artists—Pagnis, Rehmatkhan, Savai Gandharva, Lachhu Maharaj, Sunalini, Gangubai, Anjanibai Wadker, S. & B. Kapileshwaris.

At
CAWASJI JEHANGIR HALL

Book your seats earlier at the gates to avoid rush.

THIRD
— WEEK —
ZENANA SHOW
ON
TUESDAY
THE 18TH APRIL, 1939
AT
2 P. M.

WADIAS'
MASTER THRILLER:

Jungle King

Featuring:
JOHN CAVAS, PRAMILLA
AGHA, MEHRU (GORILLA)

ALSO

TOPICAL
of the MARRIAGE CELEBRATIONS of PRINCE SHAPOOR of IRAN with PRINCESS FAUZIA of EGYPT!

MATINEE:
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW AT 2-30 P.M.
DAILY: 5-15, 7-45 & 10-15 P.M.

LAMINGTON
—:LAMINGTON ROAD:—

4TH GLORIOUS WEEK!
MAZA MULGA
AT
PLAZA DADAR
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
HOLIDAY MATINEE AT 2 P.M.

COMING
NEXT SATURDAY

EVEREST'S
Peak Of Entertainment—Picture full of scarlet melodies and throbbing gypsy life.

Sitara

Gypsy Musical Extravaganza

Produced & Directed by
EZRA MIR

Starring:
RATAN BAI,
KHURSHID,
NAZIR,
MUBARAK,
ASHAK HUSSEIN,
JAMSHEDJEE,
K. N. SINGH,
SUNALINI,
MIRZA MUSHARAF,
VIOLET COOPER
& Others—

Music by:
RAFIQUE GHAZNAVI—

NEXT SATURDAY
at the
IMPERIAL CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD.

WATCH THESE WEEKS!

KRISHNA-INDORE	Opening	Week
RAJKAMAL—AMRAOTI	2ND	"
NARSING—NAGPUR	3RD	"
CIRCLE—NASIK	5TH	"
RITZ—BELGAUM	5TH	"
RAJARAM—KOLHAPUR	8TH	"
VASANT—POONA	8TH	"

AND

WEST-END
(BOMBAY)
TENTH WEEK
HUNS PICTURES
"DEVATA"
DAILY 4-30, 7-15 & 10
HOLIDAY MATINEES AT 1-45
A SUPREME RELEASE—

VISIT
THE FIFTH
INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR
NOW OPEN AT
AZAD MAIDAN
DHOBI TALAO

A variety of Quality Goods from Kashmere, Punjab, Sind, Madras, Mysore, Bengal, etc., on Exhibition and Sale at Manufactures prices.

AMUSEMENT PARK
A TREMENDOUS ATTRACTION
Admission Fee: Ans. 2.
Children: An. 1.
EVERY EVENING from 5 to 11-30

LOST--

ALL TRACES OF THIS GENTLEMAN

WHO STARTED SOMETIME BACK IN SEARCH OF ---- ER ---- BRANDY YOU KNOW -- (The thing you give to people who are seriously ill). WHAT WITH PROHIBITION COMING ON SOON, THIS MAN'S SEARCH SEEMS TO BE RATHER FUTILE STILL - - - YOU NEVER KNOW ....

Damuanna Malwankar in Huns Picture
"A BOTTLE OF BRANDY"
Story by PRINCIPAL ATRE
Direction: VINAYAK
COMING SOON at your favourite theatre
Booking with FAMOUS PICTURES, Bombay 4.

2ND Popular WEEK

"A Strange Picture" They say—and it is strange—but it has become immensely popular—WHY?

— HER — LAST DESIRE

Starring:
YAKUB
MAYA BANERJEE
SATISH—B. ADVANI
SANKATHA
JYOTI

Direction YAKUB

SAGAR'S SENSATIONAL SOCIAL PICTURE AT
MINERVA
Daily: 4-30—7-15—10
Matinee on Sat., Sunday at 1-45 p.m.
A Supreme Release

HER LAST DESIRE

STAR FLASHES
by BRUNO

FROM the FAN MAIL BAG
IF JOAN CRAWFORD COMPLIED WITH EVERY REQUEST FOR A LOCK OF HER HAIR SHE WOULD BE COMPLETELY BALD.
DOROTHY LAMOUR GETS A PROPOSAL OF MARRIAGE IN HER FAN MAIL ON AN AVERAGE OF ONCE A DAY ..... IN SPITE OF THE FACT THAT SHE ALREADY IS HAPPILY MARRIED!
ONE FAN ASKED TYRONE POWER TO SEND HER A CIGARETTE STUB AND A WISH-BONE FROM HIS PLATE!
3-2

Arseno-Typhoid
CURES → FILARIA
However Obstinate and old
Calcutta Clinical Research Association Ltd.
6, Chowringhee, Calcutta.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM APRIL 1, 1939)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 51	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9 15	20 45
Madras Express	10 15	15 00
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 40	18 45
Nagpur Express	14 5	21 25
Poona Fast (Pass.)	16 50	11 50
Poona Express	19 32	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	7 00
*Deccan Queen	10 35	17 15
	Mon.	Fri.

*Will not run until after end of April 1939, except before and after important holidays.

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from April 1, 1939.
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon	(Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR SERVICES

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:

London—Bombay (Juhu)
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals at Juhu, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.
Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—London
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hours of posting at the G.P.O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m. Departures from Juhu 10-15 a.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—Colombo
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hours of posting at the G.P.O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m.
Departure from Juhu:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-45 a.m.
Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 6-15 p.m.

Bombay—Trivandrum—Trichinopoly
Planes call at Goa, Cannanore and Trivandrum.
Departures from Juhu: Monday 8 a.m.
Arrivals at Juhu: Wesdnesday, 3-15 p.m.

Bombay—Poona—Kolhapur
Departures from Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 7-30 a.m.
Arrivals at Juhu:—Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 noon.
Departures from Juhu: Monday & Thursday and Saturday at 12 noon.
Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

Colombo—Bombay (Juhu)
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 9-45 a.m. Delivery: Sunday 12-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 1 p.m.

Bombay (via Calcutta)—Singapore and Australia
Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Australia—Bombay (via Calcutta)
Delivery: Tuesday, Wesdnesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Bombay (via Calcutta)—Hongkong China and Japan
Latest hour of posting: Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

Hongkong—Bombay (via Calcutta)
Delivery: Tuesday and Saturday 1 p.m.

Bombay (Juhu)—Delhi
Planes call at Indore, Bhopal and Gwalior.
Departures from Juhu: Monday and Thursday, 6-30 a.m.
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday and Tuesday 1-55 p.m.

Bombay—Kathiawar
Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot Jamnagar and Porebunder.

LONDON, April 13.—Two of the three Handley Page Harrow bombers adapted to serve as oil tankers to Atlantic oil aircraft this summer will be shipped tomorrow at Southampton for Montreal in readiness for the opening of any mail service in air.

Under the auspices of the Patha re Prabhu Mahila Samaj, a meeting of women was held on Thursday, under the presidency of Mrs. Jamunabai Hirleker (3rd from left) to organise literacy campaign among women.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Friday.

A woman named Rabiabai (25) living in Dewubai Chawl, was lighting a 'Sighri' to boil water for tea, yesterday, when her clothes cought fire. She was badly burnt and was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital, where she died subsequently.

A verdict of death due to burns accidently sustained, was returned at the inquest to-day.

13 Bhayyas residing in a building at Kalachowki Road, assaulted, it was alleged, with sticks, one Ramchandra Hari Krishna, a Gurkha rent collector of the same building. The rent collector was removed to the K.E.M. Hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries in April 14.

COTTON EXCHANGE CASE

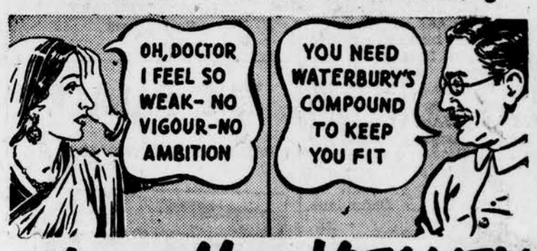
The hearing of the case in which seven Directors and members of the Indian Cotton Exchange Ltd., stand charged under the Gaming Act, was resumed, on Thursday before Mr. W. K. Mankar, at the Mazagaon Police Court, Bombay.

Cross-examined by Mr. Balubhai T. Desai, Defence Counsel, Sub-Inspector Gawde admitted that even before the bye-laws were formed, passes were issued to clerks, who were allowed to work in the Exchange.

In answer to a further question, the witness stated that he could not say whether the Exchange was closed between 1935-1937 but he knew that the market was closed. He could not say whether after the Exchange was reorganised in March, 1938, notice had been issued to members to pay up their "lavagams".

Mr. Desai then showed a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors, when the Exchange was reorganised, calling upon the members to pay their yearly "lavajam".

WEAK? RUN DOWN?



HERE'S NEW VITALITY

Waterbury's Compound helps to build you up quickly, properly. It stimulates the appetite and so aids nature in building new strength and vitality—helps you to enjoy the thrill of glowing health.

Waterbury's is not a medicine. It is a time-tested tonic containing the very elements nature demands to keep you well and strong. It provides in generous proportions pure liver and malt extract; iron, copper, manganese and other invigorating ingredients that fortify the system—build lasting good health.

Begin taking Waterbury's Compound today. See how much better you soon will feel.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND
TO KEEP YOU FIT

IN ALL CASES OF
INFANTILE, LIVER & SPLEEN Complaints
'LIVERCURE'
RELIABLE AND LASTING IN ITS EFFECTS.
Speciality of
JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA,
LIVER & SPLEEN SPECIALIST, MYLAPORE MADRAS.
Literature on request.

By OUR MOTOR LAUNCH:
PLEASURE CRUISES JAYALAXMI

SPECIAL SATURDAY CRUISE
2 HOURS
5-30 to 7-30 P. M.
25 Miles.
ROUND DUFFERIN
HOG ISLAND
PIRPAU, NAHAWA,
ELEPHANTA, ETC.
from GATEWAY of INDIA.
FARE: Rs. 1. Children: Half Rates.

DAILY CRUISE
EVERY EVENING AT 6-30
from GATEWAY of INDIA.
GRAND MOON-LIGHT CRUISE
3RD MAY, 1939
8-30 P. M. to 10-30 P. M.
from: GATEWAY of INDIA
Rs. 1. Children Half.
RADIO MUSIC!

WHOLE-DAY EXCURSION
to ELEPHANTA on
EVERY SUNDAY.
LAUNCH LEAVES FROM
FERRY WHARF SHED NO. 5
AT 9 A.M. and RETURNS
AT 5 P.M.
RETURN FARES:—
Rs. 2-8; 1-4 & As. 10.
Children: HALF-RATE.

SCINDIA HOUSE, DOUGALL RD. INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAV. & TRAD. CO., LTD. BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

In AID OF THE Prohibition Campaign Of The Congress Govt. Of BOMBAY

PUBLIC DEBATE

On the "ROYAL" JEWEL

'BRAMHACHARI'

(The 'BACHELOR')

TO-MORROW MORNING at 9 at the

K-O-H-I-N-O-O-R

CINEMA, DADAR

Under the PRESIDENTSHIP of

MAMA WARERKAR

When

Principal P. K. ATRE

Will REPLY to the Debate

Cash Prizes of Rs. 50

will be AWARDED to the WINNERS in the Debate

1st Prize Rs. 15
2nd Prize Rs. 10
3rd Prize Rs. 10
4th Prize (for LADIES only) Rs. 10.

NOTE:

Ladies & Gentlemen desiring to TAKE PART in the Debate are requested to REGISTER their names (with addresses) BEFORE NOON TO-DAY with the Manager of the KOHINOOR CINEMA.

Debators may speak EITHER in MARATHI, ENGLISH, GUJARATHI or HINDI, as they want.

JUDGES for the Debate

1 BABURAO PATEL (Editor 'FILM INDIA')
2 RAMNIKBHAI MEHTA
3 MALATEE TENDULKAR (Editress 'PRATOD')
4 ANANT KANEKAR (Ex-Editor 'CHITRA')
5 P. H. KHADILKAR (Editor 'SANDHYA-KAL')

The DECISION of the JUDGES will be Binding on the Debators.

ADMISSION FEE

The PUBLIC will be Admitted

to Attend the Debate on payment of AS. 4 (four annas) only PER HEAD. The amount thus realized will be PRESENTED To BOMBAY GOVERNMENT

In Aid of their PROHIBITION CAMPAIGN

ADMISSION-CARDS can be had from the Manager of the Kohinoor Cinema on payment of As. 4 each.

CITIZENS OF BOMBAY
It's Your SACRED DUTY
To ATTEND this Debate on

'BRAMHACHARI'

ब्रम्हचारी

Now Continued In The NON STOP 33rd WEEK

MARATHI "BRAMHACHARI" AT

KOHINOOR CINEMA DADAR

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Wednesdays MATINEES at 1-45 p.m.

HINDI "BRAMHACHARI" AT

NOVELTY CINEMA GRANT RD.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
LAUREL & HARDY in
"SONS OF THE DESERT"

TABLE-TENNIS EXHIBITION

WORLD CHAMPIONS

Szabados & Kelen

and Bombay's Best on the CENTRE COURT

BRABOURNE STADIUM

18th & 19th April
At 10 P. M.

Tickets Rs. 2/4, 1/2 and 9 Ans.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 11, 1995
Muslim: Safar 24, 1358
Parsi: Avan 12, 1308
Hightide: 8-14; 20-49
Lowtide: 2-28; 13-59
Sunrise: 6h. 24m.
Sunset: 6h. 56m.
Legislative Assembly at 8-30 a.m.
S. S. "Strathaird" with London mails sails at 1 p.m.
Society for the Protection of Children in Western India, annual general meeting, Secretariat, 6 p.m.

BOMBAY TENANTS ASSOCIATION.

The meeting of the Managing Board of the Association will be held in the "D" Ward Office (Soman Building, Girgaon Road) to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS

The Bombay Ex-Service Town Band (Indian Army) will play a programme of music at the Victoria Garden to-day (Saturday) commencing from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. (S.T.).

THE KARNATAK SANGH.

The adjourned Special General Meeting of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at Bismilla Building, 1st floor, Ranade Road, Opposite B. B. and C. I. Railway Station, Dadar.

PRABASHI BANGALI SANGHA.

New Year celebration:—Members of Prabashi Bangali Sangha will celebrate New Year's Day (B.S. 1346) to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. at the Sangha's premises in Tinwalla Building, Tribhuwan Road, Bombay 4.

C. K. PRABHU BABY DAY AND EXHIBITION.

C. K. Prabhu Baby Day and Exhibition will be held at D. L. Vaidya Hall, Dadar to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. Mrs. Hirabai Calian Vaidya, B.A. will preside and distribute the prizes.

SIR PURSHOTTAMDAS'S DONATION

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Kt., has paid a donation of Rs. 1,000 to the Bombay Literacy Campaign Committee as his contribution to the spread of literacy in Bombay City and Suburbs.

SOUTH INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE HOSTEL SOCIETY.

An Extraordinary General Body Meeting of the South Indian Co-op. Hostel Society Ltd., Matunga, will be held on (Sunday) the 16th April 1939 at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Asthika Samaj Hall.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EROS—"Zaza" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Devil's Playground" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Lady Vanishes" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Nav-Jeevan" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Tumhari Jeet" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
METRO—"Honolulu" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m
PATHE—"Tropic Holiday" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mother India" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Devata" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Birth of Shivaji" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10-15 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
SILVER TALKIE—"Heel Sayal" Daily at 1-45, 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dushman" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Daughter of the Marathas" Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Maza Mulga" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Jungle King" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Little Miss Broadway" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Vachan" Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10-15 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
MINERVA—"Her Last Desire" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Brahmachari" Time as usual.
NOVELTY—"Brahmachari Time as usual.
NEW EMPIRE—"Son of the Sheik" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

BOMBAY CLERKS' UNION.

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Clerks' Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the Neptune Building, Hornby Road, near Bori Bunder.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC.

The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the school hall, Benamhall Lane, Bombay 4.

KHAR BALKAN-JI-BARI.

Shrimati Harshada Behn Diwanji will entertain Khar Balkan-ji-Bari children with stories, etc., at Laxmi Nagar Pavilion Hall, 10th Road, on Sunday, April 16 at 8-30 a.m.

OPENING OF NATURE CURE HOSPITAL.

The opening ceremony of the 'Nature Cure Hospital' will be held at Daphtary Road, Malad to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi will perform the ceremony.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ.

There will be a musical entertainment by Mr. Ramachandran of Ennappadam to-day (Saturday) at 9-0 p.m.

DEATH OF STATION SUPERINTENDENT, BOMBAY CENTRAL.

Mr. G. Fenwick, Station Superintendent, Bombay Central died on April 14th after a short illness. Mr. Fenwick commenced his life with the B. B. and C. I. Railway as a Ticket Collector in July 1906. Popular with the public as well as the staff throughout the Railway, he had worked his way to the position of the senior-most Station Master in the service and was not due for retirement for several years.

MATUNGA CENTRE OF BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS.

The Inauguration of Matunga Centre of the Bombay National Guards will be held on Sunday the 16th inst. at 8 a.m. at Napoo Gardens, Matunga. All are cordially invited. All the volunteers are to be present in full uniform at Dadar Railway Station (B. B. and C. I.) at 7-15 a.m. sharp, from where they will go in route march along Tilak Bridge and Vincent Road.

TIRUPUR FAMINE RELIEF KHADI EXHIBITION.

Under the auspices of the Tirupur Famine Relief Khadi Exhibition a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at Napoo Hall Maidan at 9-30 p.m. sharp.

The Hon. Mr. Mavlankar will preside. Other prominent people will address the gathering.

INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR.

"Owing to the unprecedented patronage from the Bombay public, the management of the Indian Industries Fair have extended the period of their Fifth Exhibition at Azad Maidan, by a week. The Exhibition will now close on the 23rd inst. intead of on the 16th inst. as formerly declared."

SOCIETY FOR CHILDREN'S PROTECTION.

The Annual General Meeting of the Society for the Protection of Children in Western India will be held in the Secretariat Hall to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when the following business will be considered:—

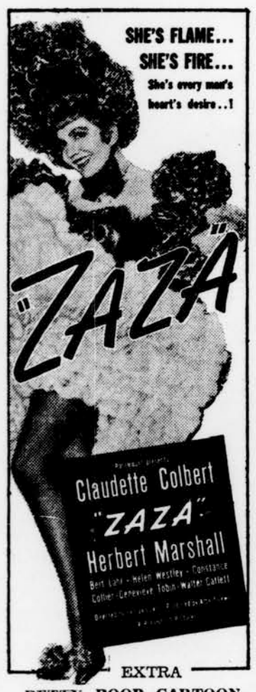
(1) Administration Report of the Executive Committee containing the audited statements of accounts for the year 1938.

(2) Election of Office-bearers and other members of the Executive Committee.

(3) Adoption of the amended Rules and Regulations of the Society.

EROS

DAILY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Sunday 16th Extra Show 10 a.m.



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BETTY BOOP CARTOON, And "BOAT RACE" IN PARAMOUNT BRITISH NEWS
Book Early! 'Ph. 22519.

HEER SAYAL

(IN PUNJABI)

2nd GLORIOUS WEEK

Daily: 1-45, 4-30, 7-15 and 10

SILVER

KHETWADI BACK ROAD, GOLPITHA

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

A special general meeting of the members of the Bombay East Indian Association will be held tomorrow at 10-30 A.M. in the Dr. Antonio da Silva High School Hall, Dadar, Bombay.

The meeting promises to be very important one. One of the item is the election of the Managing Committee.

HARBOUR BRANCH SERVICE

Suburbanites are talking about the inconvenience caused by the present Harbour Branch Service of the G. I. P. Railway.

The Harbour Branch Service complain the Suburbanites is quite inadequate and thus the long delays between each train causes any amount of inconvenience.

In Bandra especially owing to the long intervals between trains on the Harbour Branch, the G. I. P. Railway has lost quite a number of its patronage as the public prefers to walk the long distance from Churchgate to Ballard Estate or Hornby Road rather than be delayed by long intervals.

The railway authorities would therefore do well to reorganise the whole Harbour Branch Service, introducing shorter intervals of waiting and several fast trains. This might be tried as an experiment for a period of six months, when I feel, they will clearly see the increase which by right ought to be theirs.

Kannada Section Of Literacy Campaign

Under the joint auspices of Kannada Section of Bombay Literacy Campaign Committee and Kanara Students Union, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. at Goga Street, Fort, Bombay. Mr. Rangacharya Jahagirdar, Pleader to the Government of Bombay, will preside. Miss Amy Rustomji, Miss Nariman, Mr. F. M. Pinto, Dinkar Desai, Mr. S. N. Shetty, Miss Godavari Gokhale, will be amongst the speakers.

A procession will be started at 7 p.m. from the A Ward Dt. Congress Committee Office. All are requested to take part in the procession and attend the meeting

Alleged Severe Beating Of Tuljapur Satyagrahis

(From A Correspondent.)

SHOLAPUR, April 13.

Thirty-two Satyagrahis who are said to be belonging to the Hindu Mahasabha offered Satyagraha at Tuljapur last evening. They are said to have been heavily beaten, by the State policemen. It is reported that three of them were seriously wounded on their heads and were immediately locked up in the police-station instead of being removed to hospital.

BASIC EDUCATION BOARD, BIHAR.

The Camp and the Short Course in Basic Education at Brindaban, Bettiah, Champaran, which was to have been held with effect from the 21st April, 1939, under the joint auspices of the Hindustani Talimi Sangh and the Basic Education Board, Bihar, will now, owing to the postponement of the Gandhi Seva Sangh, be held with effect from the 3rd May, 1939.

BASKETBALL EXHIBITION MATCH AT KANDIVLI.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Volleyball and Basketball Association, there will be an Exhibition match between 'Americans' and the Y.M.C.A. Playgrounds to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at Kandivli Training Institute for Physical Education.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY.

The 75th general meeting of the Musical Art Society will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at Luxmibaug Bhatwadi, opposite N. Powell and Co., Ltd., a programme of vocal music by Bai Laxmibai of Baroda will be gone through.

A musical concert of the above Circle will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at Vimalanand Koppikar Hall, Saraswat Colony, Dadabhoy Road, Santa Cruz, when Pandit Omkarnath Thakur will entertain the members to vocal music.

Indian Educational Film Conference

The Hon. Secretary, First Indian Educational Film Conference writes:—

Mr. K. S. Hirlekar, Hon. Secretary writes:—

As already announced, the first Indian Educational Film Conference will be held on 23rd inst. during the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the Indian Film Industry when the Indian Motion Picture Congress and the other allied Conferences will be convened. Mrs. Leelavati Munshi, M.L.A., has consented to preside over the Conference.

We, therefore, appeal to all the educationists and others interested in Educational Films to enrol themselves as delegates to this Conference and give us all the co-operation to make its session a great success.

Those who would like to read papers on problems regarding Educational Films should forward them to the Hon. Secretary before the 16th inst.

The fee for the delegates attending this Conference is Rs. 2 each and Rs. 3 if they want, in addition to attend as visitors the open session of the Indian Motion Picture Congress.

All communications regarding this Conference should be addressed to the Hon. Secretary 160 Tardeo Road, Bombay 7.

GANDHI SEVA SANGH MEETING POSTPONED

(From Our Correspondent.)

WARDHA, April 13.

It is reliably understood that the annual meeting of Gandhi Seva Sangha which was to be held at Brindaban in Bihar is postponed probably to 2nd May on account of the outbreak of plague there. Definite date will be announced after consulting Gandhiji.

A. I. V. I. A. MEETING

WARDHA, April 14.

Mr. J. C. Kumarappa, Secretary of the All-India Village Industries Association, announces that the third general meeting of the Association, which was announced recently as postponed, will be held in the Gandhi Seva Sangh camp at Brindaban near Betiah in Champaran District on May 7.—United Press.

REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

HUMOUR-ROMANCE MYSTERY!

★ MARGARET LOCKWOOD
★ MICHAEL REDGRAVE

In

THE LADY VANISHES

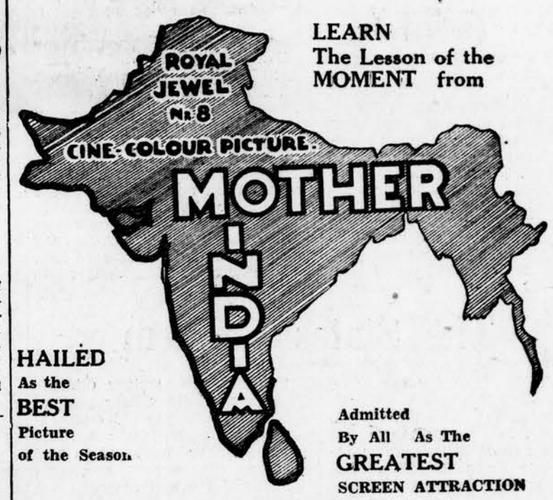
A Woman Disappears and reappears on a non-stop express
———HOW?

ASK your dealer for the list of gifts for VAN HOUTENS GOLD LABEL COCOA

Best and goes farthest

Or apply to Carr & Co., Ltd., Bombay P. O. Box 152.

The Most Profitable TEACHING Is the Lesson of the Moment



LEARN The Lesson of the MOMENT from

HAILED As the BEST Picture of the Season

Admitted By All As The GREATEST SCREEN ATTRACTION

NOW

TEACHING the Great Lesson Of The Moment For The NON-STOP VICTORIOUS

Daily at: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

13th Week

MATINEES at 1-45 p.m. On Sat., Sun. & Wednesday

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The MOST POPULAR Rendezvous of the CINE-ELITE

Running 9th Week at SURAT & AHMEDABAD

Hear SONGS from "Mother India" on "YOUNG INDIA" Records.

KOLHAPUR RACES

SPECIAL AIR SERVICE ON TUESDAYS & SATURDAYS

Leaving Juhu at 9-30 A.M. Arriving Juhu at 9 A.M. Next Day.
SPECIAL REDUCTION IN RETURN FARES.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1939

DISASTROUS HESITANCY

The Leader of the Labour Opposition characterised Mr. Chamberlain's speech in the House of Commons as "disappointing." He might have used a stronger term. Mr. Chamberlain's speech is a shocking betrayal of his moral and political obligations in respect of the present, and a disastrously deliberate indifference to them in respect of the future. In regard to the tragedy of Albania the British Minister has exhibited a spirit of melancholy meanness worthy only of the old pro-Totalitarian "realist." The rape of Albania is similar in every essential to the recent rape of Czechoslovakia. But he spoke of the Italian crime as if he was embarrassed rather than shocked by it. And he actually appeared to suggest as if the offer of the Albanian Constituent Assembly to the King of Italy was a genuine expression of the will of the Albanians. There is not a word of suspicion about this "offer," much less a word of protest against it. Nor has the Anglo-Italian Agreement fared much better at the hands of Mr. Chamberlain—its own author—than poor Albania. He mentions the Adriatic in a round-about way in connection with the Anglo-Italian Agreement. But the point to be noted is that he deliberately refrains from condemning in definite language, the change in the Adriatic as a violation of the Agreement. He similarly betrays a bias in favour of Italy in discounting Italian plans against Corfu merely on the strength of repudiations by Italy.

Fait Accompli Accepted

What does such an attitude on the part of Mr. Chamberlain connote! Has he gone back to his "Munich" days? This is, of course, not possible. Mr. Chamberlain realises that a retreat Munichwards is out of the question. But he is doing something which is only a degree or so less unfortunate than a scuttle back. Committed to oppose aggression by the totalitarians, he accepts the latest act of aggression while pretending to repeat the usual cry: Thus far and no further. And he sets about the business of checking further advance in a manner suggestive more of a saboteur than of a statesman conscious of the great and urgent responsibility that rests upon him. The guarantee to Rumania and Greece—provided it is meant to be honoured—is certainly welcome and so will be the guarantee which is being negotiated for the benefit of Turkey. But can it be said that Mr. Chamberlain has now succeeded in stopping all future aggression by Germany and Italy? Writing before Mr. Chamberlain made his speech, a French newspaper, the "Populaire" of M. Blum, drew attention to certain dangers "if Mr. Chamberlain gives the impression of accepting *faits accomplis* and the Axis promises." Mr. Chamberlain has given more than an impression and the dangers arising out of it are real. Having accepted the latest *fait accompli* he has encouraged Signor Mussolini to complete the destruction of the *status quo* in the Mediterranean by consolidating his hold over Spain which he is certainly going to do. Nor is that all. By his present attitude and his disastrously perfunctory efforts in the direction of establishing a united front of all States open to aggression, he has offered encouragement to Herr Hitler for a *new coup*, as the "Populaire" suggests, anywhere he pleases.

Danger Not Averted

What is worse still he has all but placed Yugo-Slavia and Bulgaria at the mercy of the Totalitarians. By definitely ignoring them—it was Mr. Chamberlain's duty to approach these countries if they did not approach him because of a very intelligible fear—he has practically invited Germany and, Italy to do what they jointly like with them. Does Mr. Chamberlain really want to help the Axis to reach the Black Sea after all? Which brings us to the most objectionable and most disastrous feature of his attitude as revealed by his reference to Russia. "I hope," he said, "members will not assume that because I have not mentioned Russia we are not keeping in close touch with the representatives of Russia." But is that enough? It is fully realised in Europe and even in America that no non-aggression bloc can be complete without Russia, in fact no attempt to form such a bloc would in any case be either successful or honest. A united front against the Axis without Russia as one of the central factors of it is a farce and, for the world, a tragic farce. Mr. Chamberlain ought to be aware of this. Yet he still hesitates to get rid of his suicidal prejudices against that great Power. So long as this hesitation remains, so long will the Totalitarian danger to the world be real.

The States Problem

Gandhiji's advice for the suspension of Satyagraha in the States so as to give the Princes some time to respond to the Viceroy's appeal to them to reform their administration has been promptly accepted by the people in most States but the reaction to it among the princes does not seem to have been at all satisfactory, Even in Rajkot, where Gandhiji is personally leading the people just at present and where the Thakore-Patel Agreement is being implemented in accordance with the interpretation put upon it by Gandhiji and endorsed by the Chief Justice of India, fresh difficulties have been created by the Thakore Saheb and his advisers. And these difficulties do not appear to have been wholly overcome by Gandhiji. Muslims, landlords and Harijans have been put up to demand separate representatives for them chosen by themselves or the Thakore. But if this demand is conceded the majority of the Praja Parishad vanishes, the very thing for which the fast was undertaken. The contending minority leaders take their stand on an alleged promise by Gandhiji that he would retain their nominees in the Reforms Committee. But all press reports show that the promise was conditional on the Parishad retaining a clear majority either by the total number of members being increased or by the official members not exercising their right to vote. But as neither alternative is acceptable to the Thakore, the fulfilment of Gandhiji's conditional promise cannot be insisted upon. Unless, therefore, the minorities come to a different agreement with Gandhiji, it may be expected that the latter and Sardar Vallabhbhai will choose their own nominees to represent different interests.

The Rajkot episode has brought to the fore two serious difficulties in solving the States people's problem. One is the old one regarding the minorities. Leaders of the majority have got to find a way to overcome it. Constructive work for and among the minorities and educative propaganda will do much to simplify the minority problem in the States, as in the country as a whole. The other difficulty to which Rajkot has given prominence is the Ruler's deliberate violation of solemn Agreements made by them under pressure of circumstances. The story of the Gandhi-Irwin Pact is being repeated—but not by Rajkot alone. Kolhapur, too, has done it and several other States may do likewise. This possibility should keep the struggling people on their guard. They have doubtless to suspend their struggle when an Agreement is made. But they should keep up their organisation intact and strengthen it where possible so as to be able to resume the struggle as soon as it is found necessary. It is the sanction behind an Agreement that matters and not the words in it.

We have so far considered the difficulties created by the State authorities. Sometimes at a critical point the difficulty may come from the people themselves. They may fail to maintain non-violence among the public. We fear such a thing has happened in Ramdurg It may be that great provocation was given to the people of Ramdurg and, in any event, an independent enquiry into all the events leading to the tragedy of 7th of April must be held. Nonetheless, we cannot too strongly condemn the violence committeed by the people. If Mr. Deshpande's reading of the situation in Ramdurg is accurate, it cannot fail to affect the prestige of the local Praja Sangh and the Congress whose prominent leaders helped it. People's Satyagraha and the enormous sacrifices it involves will fail to affect the Rulers in the desired manner if the former do not themselves set an example of non-violence. Indeed, without it a campaign of Satyagraha will be a subterfuge.

Peasant Awakening In Kerala

(BY A. K. GOPALAN.)

One often hears now-a-days of the discontent among the Kerala peasantry and their struggles for economic redress, but few outside that province have perhaps any but a vague conception of the condition making for them. Where once the tenants used to submit themselves meekly to the conditions bordering on serfdom, or to burst forth into sporadic upheavals only to be stifled into mute acquiescence, they are to-day organised in strong units and are led consciously by a band of active Congress workers. Outside attention has again come to be focussed on their struggle in recent times probably because of the arrests and convictions taking place every now and then of the Kerala Kisan workers,—under the eyes of the Madras Congress Ministry.

Illegal Levies

In North Malabar the peasant lives under conditions unimaginable in a civilised country. Apart from the already exorbitant rent, he is compelled to pay a number of illegal levies which, sometimes, exceed the rent itself. He is to make payment whenever it is the landlord's whim to celebrate a festival. It would not be wrong to say that for the landlord it is a continuous round of merry-making at the expense of the actual tiller of the soil

Then there is a class of peasants who are not the owners of the soil they cultivate, but get a share in the produce only at the will and pleasure of the landlord. These peasants settle on the hilly tracts which are under the possession-right of landlords and bring up cultivation and live peaceably there for a number of years. Then, one fine morning, the landlord comes and asks him to vacate, with no compensation, because the land "belongs" to him. Thus it was that most of the forest areas in North Malabar were brought under cultivation. At times, the peasant grows seasonal vegetables, but he has no right to touch anything for his own use.

Another illegal exaction is that the landlord owns a measure of his own in which he takes in the rent and quite another to give corn out. The unlettered peasant is sometimes made to pay in this way one hundred and fifty measures for every one hundred measures!

In the whole of Malabar, when a peasant intends to celebrate a marriage, he has to carry presents to the landlord and get his permission for the marriage to be conducted.

Curious It May Seem

The following is the translation of a letter sent by a well-known landlord, to his tenants: "We have decided to give the usual annual treatment (toning up) to our elephant, for which you should bring 30 seers of rice, 2 seers of oil, 20 cocoanuts, 2 bottles of arrack etc., etc." This circular may sound curious to people in cities, but it is but one of many such sent every year by landlords to their tenants. Now, non-compliance with the order would mean ejectment, fine or even corporal punishment! This landlord, one of the richest landlords, keeps a "Kathakali" troupe of his own, for the maintenance of which each of his tenants has to pay fifty rupees every year.

Women Insulted

The position of women under the system of exploitation as exists in Malabar is most unenviable. Our peasant Union is in possession of a statement by the niece of one Ambu Komaram, a tenant in which she discloses the incident of an alleged rape committed on her by the landlord's assistant. She was suffering from sore-eyes, when the assistant came and asked for her company. The family people asked only for a procrastination, due to the women's eye trouble. This was all they dared to! But even to this he would not assent. She was raped with the result that she lost her eye-sight.

This was the state of misery and oppression when the tenants of North Malabar began to be organised to agitate for better conditions. Taluka and Village Unions were built up. This was no haphazard work, but patient activity, controlled and non-

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 3).

RUSSIA HOLDS THE KEY TO PEACE

By H. N. Brailsford

Lord Stanhope's "indiscretion" has served to remind us all how near we are to war—so near that a censorship is already in action.

The central fact of our situation is that after many years of complacency towards Hitler's brutal policy of expansion, the British Government is suddenly trying to do what Germans most fear. It is "encircling" the Third Reich.

Several official speakers in last Monday's debate denied it, as weak men will deny what they lack the courage to avow. But the intention is manifestly with France, Poland, Rumania, and perhaps Yugoslavia; to weld a ring that will surround this overbearing Power, and save its neighbours from the fate of the Czechs.

This is, in principle, the proper thing to do; but those of us who know anything of Germans or of German history, are aware that the dread of encirclement is a hereditary nightmare that has haunted that nation for many generations.

It will face with tranquil courage any danger from the West or from the East, but the idea of a combination of West and East stirs in it a sense of doom.

The unpardonable sin of the deposed Kaiser was that he brought this peril on his country with consequences that no German can forget. On this subject Hitler has written with passion and at length in "Mein Kampf."

Such a fear is perfectly rational, yet it might drive a neurotic leader to a desperate act of retaliation, which he would justify to his mad conscience as a necessary measure of self-defence. He might decide to strike instantly before the encircling ring closes round him—if the circle looked formidable.

For my part, I do not expect Hitler to bomb either London or Warsaw. I can imagine a much subtler "retaliation. He may set out to show the world that in spite of their rings and alliances the Western Powers are perfectly impotent.

Franco formally joins the Axis. Mussolini grabs Albania. And in spite of the famous Anglo-Polish Alliance, with or without a pretence of negotiation, Danzig will become in name what it already is in fact a German city.

Squaring The Circle

Seen from this angle, what Mr. Chamberlain is doing looks like the performance of an incautious amateur. He moved slowly and with evident hesitation. He went to work, none the less, in a blaze of publicity.

The challenge was flung in the eyes of all the world, before the defensive coalition was in being, and now let us look at the circle.

Poland is as yet its only Eastern member. Nature gave her no natural defences. Most of this country is monotonously flat and featureless. It has happened to me to fall asleep in a Polish train, and when I wakened hours later, I thought we had stood still at the same spot.

This nation is certainly gallant, with a boyish romantic passion for soldiering. But its big army is ill-equipped for a modern mechanical war. The industry behind is a backward juvenile, which could not supply its needs in a struggle of any length.

No direct help could be brought to it, either from our own country or from France, since German forces, operating from both sides of the narrow Corridor, would crash through in a few days or hours, and cut the interior off from the sea.

Nor is its political composition much more propitious for a severe defensive ordeal. One-third of its population is non-Polish and even anti-Polish. It has oppressed its minorities with brutal severity, and on the loyalty of the most numerous body of them the Ukrainians, it certainly could not rely in a war with Germany.

Finally, it has in the past traded on its own unreliability as its chief asset. It was a defiantly disloyal member of the League of Nations. It used its alliance with France simply as a lever to extort loans. In spite of it, it made its 10-year Pact with Hitler, and joined him in his attack on the Czechs.

Its down-trodden peasants and workers may be democrats, but its ruling military clique is, in outlook and conduct, Fascist.

Danger In Spain

It is next proposed to include Rumania, if it can be induced to take the risk. Here the picture is even less attractive, for the Rumanians have never shone as fighting men, as the Poles have always done.

They, too, have their down-trodden peasants and their embittered minorities—Hungarians, Germans, Russians and Bulgarians. Worse still, they have been armed entirely from the Skoda Works, which are now in Germany's possession.

The same thing is true of Yugoslavia, which also would be inaccessible to Western ships, unless our roads through the Mediterranean were secure.

In plain words, we could supply these two proposed members of the Circle, who show little eagerness to join it, only after we had first dealt with Franco and Mussolini.

The Tory strategists of Downing Street would never understand that Republican Spain was the key to Europe's liberties. They may now realise that without it they cannot form their circle. That is why, even after the end of the Civil War, Italian troops are still landing in Cadiz.

Shutting Out Russia

There was one way, and one only, to make the circle instantly effective and formidable. All of us know it—all save Mr. Chamberlain, M. Bonnet and Colonel Beck.

The only coalition that could from the hour of its formation forbid Hitler to indulge in further aggressions would be based on the Soviet Union with Britain and France. Without Russia Poland is a liability and not an asset. With Russia behind her and at her side, she would be a valuable auxiliary.

The Ministerial Press would have us believe that it is solely in deference to Polish political prudery that Downing Street refuses to call in Russian aid. It had no such excuse when it cold-shouldered Russia during the Czech crisis.

If the Poles are to be saved at the cost of British and French manhood, it is for us and not for them to make conditions. No cool judge who knows the Poles can believe even in a sanguine moment that whatever their gallantry may be, they could alone withstand for very long the armies that Germany could throw against them.

If we challenge this mighty Power with no stronger ally in the East, we are courting the heaviest disaster in our history; for we must be prepared to meet all the forces of the Axis—those of Japan, Spain and Hungary, as well as Germany and Italy.

It is said by those who foiled the work of Russia in sending arms to Spain, that she might

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FRANKLY SPEAKING

JAPAN'S CHALLENGE

Fierce fighting is going on in regions from which the Chinese Nationalists, according to Japanese claims, had been cleared months ago and which had been consolidated under a Japanese controlled regime. The Chinese counter-offensive supplies a significant foot-note to the recent statement of the Prime Minister of Japan in which he has reiterated the war aims of Japan. They include "stabilisation" of puppet regimes and "continental development and the replenishment of national resources". This is a clear confession but the Chinese are effectively answering it. What is more significant is Baron Hiranuma's indirect admission that the war will be prolonged for "a lengthy period'. This is an admission of the failure of the original programme. The Chinese, if all goes well, can be trusted to defeat the ultimate objective too. But in the meantime what are the Powers going to do about Japan's determination to "reject unwarrantable interference and oppression by foreign countries" in East Asia?

WILL THEY DARE?

It is good news that by 54 votes against 39 the Central Legislative Assembly has rejected Government's Bill embodying the terms of the Indo-British Trade Agreement. After the Agreement itself had been rejected by the Assembly any national or responsible Government would have at least made a serious attempt to modify the Agreement. But there is no sign of any such attempt having been made. In all probability the Governor-General will now certify the Bill, as suggested by the "Manchester Guardian," the historical champion of Lancashire. If that is done, the duties on Lancashire cloth will be further reduced. But it will not be equally easy to compel Indians to buy the cloth. We shall wait and see how far Government are prepared to provoke the people.

GOVERNMENT & UNIVERSITY

In reply to a question in the Bombay Legislative Assembly the Premier stated that Government were considering the Bombay University Senate's resolution of 1933 recommending an amendment of the University Act so as to provide that the Vice-Chancellor shall be elected by the Senate and not nominated by the Governor. And as reasons for the failure by the previous Government to arrive at any decision on this point the Premier said that the Senate had asked for several other changes too in the University Act, which needed long consideration. Even if the other changes suggested by the Senate were so contentious as to require years for their consideration, the question about the appointment of the Vice-Chancellor is, we presume, a non-contentious matter and can be easily disposed of by a short amending Bill.

WANTED ELECTED VICE-CHANCELLOR

As regards the subject being a Central one, the well-known past history of appointment in question, encourages the hope that, if the Bombay Government recommend the election of the Vice-Chancellor, the Central Government will not stand in the way. But what is the Bombay Government's recommendation on this point? Some Congressmen say that certain reforms like, for instance, the separation of the judicial from executive functions, are necessary under a bureaucratic Government, but are not equally so under a responsible Government. Do any Bombay Ministers think the same way about the election of a Vice-Chancellor? We are glad Mr. Kher, in reply to a supplementary question, said that Government were certainly against the principle of nomination. A few days ago, the Premier said at a function of the Art Society of India that "soon the University would come under the Bombay Government." The new Government of India Act Amendment Bill seeks to include the Bombay University in the Provincial List. As soon as that is done, we trust the Government of Bombay will make a drastic change in the constitution of the University. For we wish that a University should be substantially independent of Government and should have an elected Vice-Chancellor, if not an elected Chancellor.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The reel is the dance for the drunkard.

* * *

A bad memory is the skeleton in the liar's closet.

* * *

Revenge is about the most expensive luxury known to man.

* * *

A sharp tongue and a dull mind are usually found in the same head.

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A poor man never knows how many poor relatives he had until he becomes suddenly rich.

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What we need is a few more people who are willing to practise after they get through preaching.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, April 13.

It is learned in official circles that the German Government have informed the British and French Governments that the customary spring exercises by the German Fleet will be held this year off the coast of Spain and will last about a month.

—Reuter.

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Reuter's correspondent in Jerusalem has promptly given world publicity to an Arab newspaper's denunciation of "Italy's subjugation of thousands of Muslims in Albania."

We hope the newspaper will fully appreciate the honour given to it.

But it had better not be emboldened to expect the same recognition in denouncing Britain's subjugation of thousands of Muslims in Palestine. Reuter will be reluctantly obliged to damn it as a "rebel terrorist" and—well, *there are* concentration camps in Palestine too for the particular benefit of the Arabs.

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Rajkot Muslim Pact With Mr. Gandhi?

—Anglo-India.

We endorse the note of interrogation.

And we add another question: What is Mr. Jinnah doing?

* * * *

A letter in an Anglo-Indian paper signed "Tommy Atkins", complains that Dr. Schacht's "entertainment by the Germans in Bombay seems to have been notable for a press photograph, but we have had no report of the speeches."

Almost exactly what we were thinking about the Hydari Committee of the States' Ministers.

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Our Italics

"Tommy Atkins" further calls for Governmental efforts "to curb and restrain any Nazi activity that is being or may be directed towards the furtherance of German, *and the undermining of British interests.*"

Hullo, hullo, this is shocking indiscretion. What are the sergeant-majors etc. of "Tommy Atkins" doing?

These are critical times hardly suitable for even a brief outing by the "Tommy Atkins" cat.

* * * *

"The speeches of Mr. Chamberlain and M. Daladier have gone far to restore a feeling of stability in Europe."

—Anglo-India.

Quite so. These two statesmen have well and truly neighed. But have they heard Signor Mussolini roaring?

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"In tense atmosphere Mr. Nevile Chamberlain made this announcement in the House of Commons"—Reuter.

And by the time he finished, he has successfully converted it into an intense atmosphere of doubts and disappointments.

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"I hope", said Mr. Chamberlain, "members will not assume that because I have not mentioned Russia, we are not keeping in close touch with the representatives of Russia."

What then should members assume from his omission to mention Russia?

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A Reuter's Review

(1) On the whole the Prime Minister's speech met with a good reception among the members of the Commons.

(2)"....though members express the view that Mr. Chamberlain did not go far enough."

(3) "They would like to press for a fuller statement regarding the relationship between Britain and Russia."

Undoubtedly a good reception on the whole!

Poor Reuter's. Even they could not stay the course of their loyal obligations!

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Considerable Spanish military activity is reported in Algeciras and other Spanish towns in the vicinity of Gibraltar.

Mr. Chamberlain must be feeling a very proud parent on the rapid and robust growth of his non-intervention child.

* * * *

"Your husband has been ill with the 'flu?"

"Yes," replied the little worried-looking woman. "He has been feeling very badly. I do my best to please him, but nothing seems to satisfy him."

"Is his condition critical?"

"It's worse than critical," she answered, with a sigh, "it's abusive."

Italy's Faith In Brute Force

"Leave Us Alone In Our Great Task"!

Italian Crowd's Slogan Of Aggression On France

ROME, April 14.

ADDRESSING a crowd of 45,000 at the Piazza Venezia after a meeting of the Fascist Grand Council which approved the King's acceptance of the Albanian Crown Sgr. Mussolini said that the recent events were an expression of Italian will and faith in strength. "The world is begged to leave us alone in our great daily task". These words were greeted with shouts "to Tunis and to Corsica."—Reuter.

Gibralter On The Alert

GIBRALTAR, April 12.

OVER one hundred Royal Engineers are busy erecting a barricade on the main road on the north front of Gibraltar.

Motorcars and buses are not permitted to enter or leave the fortress after sunset. These measures are believed to be precautionary in consequence of considerable military activity observed since Saturday in algeciras and other Spanish towns in the vicinity of Gibraltar. Every day field guns and tanks have been seen arriving at La Lenea and have also reached La Lenea. Reuter.

TROOP MOVEMENTS IN SPAIN

Concentration Between Bilbao And Pyrenees Denied

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, April 13.

A rumour that Spanish troops are concentrated between Bilbao and the Pyrenees are denied in circles close to the Spanish Government.

It is stated that the forces which have arrived in this area are first line elements who have come to replace civil guards and other second line forces who have left for police duties in Madrid and Valencia.—Reuter.

PACIFIC DEFENCE CONFERENCE OPENED

WELLINGTON, April 14.

Pacific Defence Conference was opened here to-day by Viscount Galway, Governor-General of New Zealand. Mr. Savage, the Premier, was elected Chairman.

The Conference is expected to last a week. The proceedings will be private.—Reuter.

BRITISH PRESS ON PREMIER'S SPEECH

Collaboration With Soviet Welcomed

LONDON, April 14.

Mr. Chamberlain's timely firmness over Corfu reports on Easter Sunday, possibly preventing something dangerously near a 'casus belli' is singled out by many British press commentators as pointing an important moral. Widespread endorsement is also given to the vital necessity of securing the Soviet's adhesion to a general scheme and for further British preparedness in order to be able effectively to meet her new commitments.

The wisdom of continuing the Anglo-Italian Pact is the only considerable matter on which difference of opinion is expressed.—Reuter.

JAPAN TO INTRODUCE CONSCRIPTION

TOKIO, April 14.

It is officially announced that conscription will shortly be introduced in Manchukuo replacing the voluntary system prevailing since 1937.—Reuter.

CANTERBURY CANCELS CRUISE

ISTANBUL, April 14.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, who arrived here on April 12., stated that he was interrupting his Mediterranean cruise to return to England immediately because of the international situation.—Reuter.

PANDIT OMKARNATH'S CONCERT

A musical concert of the Suburban Music Circle of Santa Cruz will be held on Saturday, 15th instant, at 9-30 p.m. at Vimalanand Koppikar Hall, Saraswat Colony, Dadabhoy Road, Santa Cruz, when Pandit Omkarnath Thakur will entertain the members to vocal music.

DIVORCE BILL ALIVE AND KICKING

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M.L.A., (Central) has issued the following statement:—

"On my return from Delhi today I find that a wrong impression has been created that the Hindu Women's Right to Divorce Bill is dead.

Let me assure the reforming religious Hindu public that the Bill is not dead but very much alive and kicking."

CALCUTTA, April 14

The Bengal Provincial Ulema Conference will be held here in the second week of May. Maulana Obeidulla Sindhi is expected to preside.—United Press.

World Achievement.

An All-Steel Train

There has been built in the workshops of the Victorian Railways for use on the Melbourne-Sydney run, an "all-steel" train.

A triumph of streamlining, this air-conditioned "Spirit of Progress" is a modern wonder. Whenever possible the materials and workmanship are Australian, though products from every part of the globe have been used in its construction. There is pure gold in the gold lines on both sides of the train, and in the winged monogram on the front of the engine.

To eliminate noise and vibration nine layers of steel and sound-deadening materials have been placed between the outside and the inside of the carriage floors. Each carriage has its own air-conditioning plant, so that the trying summer will not worry the passengers.

The most attractive room in the train is the observation car, panelled in Australian hardwood. It has a semi-circular end, so that from any position in the car a passenger can see three-quarters of the countryside through which the express is passing.

The carriages are handsomely furnished and carpeted, and each passenger is provided with a reading light, and the windows are of unbreakable glass.

The average speed of the train is 50 miles an hour on the non-stop run to Albury.

TENANCY BILL FOR C. P.

Draft Ready For Consideration By Congress Party

(From Our Correspondent,)

NAGPUR, April 14.

The session of C. P. Legislative Assembly has been prolonged upto 25th instant.

The opposition has started dilatory tactics by lengthy speeches on non-controversial bills.

I further understand that Tenancy Bill on the lines of the U. P. Government measure is ready for consideration of the Congress Party. After approval by the party it will be circulated for eliciting public opinion. Vested interests are likely to create a storm when the bill is circulated for eliciting public opinion.

LITERACY CAMPAIGN

A call to Students & General Public

PUBLIC MEETING

(Under the joint auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge and the Literacy Campaign Committee).

at

6-30 P.M.

To-day

At the Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpatty,

President:—
Mr. K. F. NARIMAN.

Speakers:—
(1) Prof. R. D. Choksi.
(2) Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao.
(3) Miss Mehra Masani.
(4) Mr. T. Godivala.
(5) Mr. M. L. Shah.
(6) Mr. M. M. Gandhi.

Assembly Verdict On Trade Pact Tariff Bill

(Continued from Page 1).

an encroachment on the rights of the Assembly and thirdly it was derogatory to the self-respect of the House.

Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi who was the only speaker who sought to adduce arguments in favour of the motion declared that as a whole the Agreement was good for India. Even Congressmen had supported him in his contention. The only difference was as regards the Lancashire Quota because that interest clashed with the interest of Ahmedabad and Bombay. He referred to the glowing tributes which Sir Purshottamdas had paid to Sir Muhamad Zafrullah and pointed out that it was clear that if the extra duty on cotton was removed this Agreement would have been supported by all. But he asked was an earnest effort made to negotiate with the Government on the matter of withdrawing the duty especially when the Congress had in resolutions, urged the imposition of such a duty. He next pointed out that Bengal received a big benefit from this agreement as regards jute as the Bengal cultivator would be receiving a high price. Further the Muslim Chamber of Commerce was also in favour of the Agreement. The Muslims in India had to fight to two enemies. Number One, the Congress, Number Two the Government.

A voice: Number Three, the Muslm League (Laughter). Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi: "Don't think that because I left the Muslim League the Muslim League spirit is not in my blood. I resigned from the League because I wanted to exercise my vote, because I felt that it was my duty." The Muslims first of all had to fight the Congress and for that purpose the support of the Government was necessary. They could not fight both the enemies at the same time and, therefore, for the time being they wanted the protection of the Government."

Mr. Jinnah at the outset expressed regret that Sir A. H. Ghaznavi should have brought into the discussion of the Bill the question of his relation with the Muslim League Party. "He has resigned from the Muslim League and says he has now an opportunity of satisfying his conscience and that he is going to serve the League by his conduct. In that case, I say: "God help the League." "I greatly regret," added Mr. Jinnah, "that he should have resigned. I regret more that he should have introduced this subject on the floor of the House."

Mr. Jinnah proceeded to reply to the criticisms in a certain section of the press and outside which had blamed the Muslim League Party on the ground that it took up a "communal attitude" on the Indo-British Trade Agreement. "It is absolutely false," declared Mr. Jinnah. "I do maintain that we are here to consider also the interests of Mussalmans. That does not mean we are indifferent, nay, hostile, to the larger interests of India." He had made it clear that just as the Leader of the Opposition claimed to represent his constituency, the mill-owners of Ahmedabad, so also the Muslim League Party must take into consideration the interests of Mussalmans also. "To my great regret Sir Zafrullah Khan said—I think he must be sorry for it now—that he was surprised that a man of the standing and ability of Mr. Jinnah should have introduced the communal note. The very basis of his presence in this House is that he is a Mussalman." (Cheers from the Muslim League benches).

Sir Cowasji Jehangir declared that he opposed the Bill for reasons other than those given by preceding speakers. No self-respecting country he said would accept such an Agreement. He knew what would be the result if the Bill was thrown out. Certification would follow, but the only Party which would benefit would be Japan: Lancashire would rule the day the most.

Sir. Md. Zafrullah replied to the debate in one sentence and only remarked that he would not "rush in where angels fear to tread."

The motion for consideration was rejected by 54 votes to 39, the Muslim League remaining neutral, the Congress Nationalists voting against. Sir A. H. Ghaznavi voted with Government.

The House next accepted reference to the Select Committee of the Bill further to amend the Indian Rubber Control Act of 1934.

Moving reference to Select Committee, Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar pointed out that it was not proper for Government to have extended the operation of the Act without having referred to the Legislature.

Sir Muhammad Zafrullah then moved that the amendment made by the Council of State to the Bill relating to the protection of rice, silk, paper and pulp and magnesium chloride be taken into consideration and passed. The amendment by the Council of State reduced the duty per ton on wood pulp from Rs. 35 to Rs. 30. By this the protective duty would be 25 per cent *ad valorem* or Rs. 30 per ton whichever was higher. The House accepted the amendment.

Consideration of the Bill to amend the Chittagong Port Act of 1914 was next moved by Mr. A. G. Clow. It was opposed by Mr. Brojendra Narayan Chaudhury. Discussion had not concluded when the House adjourned to to-morrow.—A.P.

(Continued from Col. 7)

ces of Social tyranny in Bohra and other sects.

He asked whether it was not the duty of Government to protect people who were needlessly harassed. Was it not the business of the State to break up vested interests which perpetuated social injustice. He asserted that public opinion barring vested interests, was strongly in favour of legislation on the subject. He invoked the Muslim League Party in the Assembly in the name of the Quoran and all that was sacred to them to sponsor his Bill.

Mr. A. K. Mirza (Muslim League) opposing the Bill asked whether there was not political excommunication in the country and asked whether any redress was given to victims. Some harsh treatment might be possible by a few heads of the sects, but he thought that other means like election of those heads might be sought.

Mr. P. C. Jakatay (Congress) speaking in Kanarese which was subsequently translated by the Premier into English, opposed the Bill and stated that for the past two days, the House sought to pass legislation on social matters. He thought that the Bill sought to remedy the individual or the society by punishing him by means of legislation. The real remedy should lie in educating those people and not in passing such legislation.

Mr. Phadake (D.S.P.) opposed the Bill.

Mr. Munshi opposing the Bill stated that it went to the very root of society. It seemed to him that Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan did not like the central idea prevailing in associations that certain views and ideas should be excluded from certain others. The point was that if a person did not care to remain in such an institution he could leave that institution by forefeiting its benefits.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan had not replied, when the House rose for the day. It will reassemble on Saturday (to-day) at 8-30 a. m.

Bombay Assembly

Stopping Quackery In Legal Profession

MUNSHI ON NEGOTIATIONS WITH CHIEF JUSTICE

"Ideal Of Divorce Disastrous To Hindu Society"

A variety of subjects was covered from dissolution and nullity of Hindu Marriages to the driving of private taxis on roads in Bombay, from quackery in legal profession to vagaries and tyranny of society in the Bombay Legislative Assembly, on Friday. The Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlankar was in the Chair.

Disastrous To Hindu Society

Mr. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, stated that the ideal of divorce was taken from the West and to transplant it in the fabric of the Hindu society would be disastrous. Divorce proceedings in the High Court, he could say from his personal experience, involved torture, misery, pain and loss of money, and the ordeal had to be gone through by the parties for days and days together in an unthinkable manner.

Solicitors & Advocates

Later, with regard to another Bill, Mr. Munshi made an important announcement that Government had taken a decision to do away with the dual system, over which there had been an outcry for 70 years. He stated that Government was carrying on negotiations with the Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court, and if the negotiations fructified, which he hoped, would, the advocates could appear on the Original Side. He also hoped that the Solicitors and Advocates' Examinations would be abolished and the scheme might come into force from June 1, 1940. Practising Solicitors under the scheme could be possibly provided for.

The House will take up the Shop Assistants Bill next week.

Detailed Proceedings

Mr. Bhogilal D. Lala moved a Bill to provide for dissolution and nullity of marriages among Hindus.

The mover, in his statement of Objects and Reasons pointed out that in ancient times divorces were allowed even in higher communities in India, but gradually people lost sight of this fact and at present neither party to a marriage could divorce the other. So at present Hindus were not allowed by law to dissolve a marriage. The bulk of the Hindu community was without any law which would allow a Hindu marriage to be dissolved. The evil results of this were apparent in the daily reports of suicides, murders and elopements of Hindu women. In each of such cases the rigidity of the marriage institution was responsible.

Provision was made by law to dissolve a marriage when one of the parties become a convert to Christianity. The Bill is therefore intended to provide facilities for divorce.

The grounds on which a wife or husband might institute suit for nullity of marriage are as follows:—

If the husband is impotent, commits adultery, is guilty of rape or bestiality, is in the habit of committing unnatural offence, if suffering from leprosy or other loathsome disease, if addicted to the use of intoxicants for three years or more or if he is an idiot, lunatic for three years or more, guilty of cruelty or has become a recluse or changed his religion.

A husband might bring a suit, if (a) the wife commits adultery, (b) marries a second time in the life-time of her husband, (c) was pregnant at the time of marriage.

The grounds on which a suit for divorce can be instituted are more numerous for women. Only on three grounds can men institute divorce proceedings whereas women can go to Court on 11 grounds.

Mr. Lala explained the main clauses of the Bill in moving the first reading of the Bill.

BE CAUTIOUS

Mr. Munshi remarked that without committing to the principle of the Bill or to its details he would make a few observations. Though a private bill, it was of a far-reaching character. The Hindu law, he said was definitely against divorce. It was true in olden days, divorce was allowed easily as could be seen from the instance of Madhuri an empress who married every year and gave birth to seven emperors (laughter) but it was no use going to the distant past. The present facts must be taken to account.

It was no use, he said transplanting the divorce law of England among Hindus. The wife would be found at a very great disadvantage in a divorce suit. She would not have the means to fight out the case. Whereas the husband could easily secure divorce if he so desired, with got-up-witnesses.

He, therefore, appealed to the House to consider the Bill seriously and not to treat it with levity. The Divorce Law of England, if transplanted as was contemplated in the Bill would result in misery to the Hindu women.

INVIDIOUS DISTINCTION

Mr. Babubhai Patel, approved the principle of the Bill, but thought that the mover of the Bill was partial to women. They were given more grounds for instituting divorce suits than men. He wanted to know why this invidious distinction was made. He championed the causes of "poor unfortunate males".

The House approved of the first reading of the Bill after which the mover referred it for circulating for public opinion. The House agreed to it.

POLICE PUBLIC CONVEYANCES ACT

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala then moved the first reading of the Bill to amend the Bombay Police Public Conveyances Act seeking to stop plying of private taxis on the roads of Bombay.

Mr. P.C. Jakaty opposing the Bill thought that the mover had made hay of the Motor Vehicles Act of 1914 and the Bombay Public Conveyances Act. The former he pointed out dealt with motor cars while the latter referred to handcarts. He, however, sympathised with the object of the Bill.

Mr. Munshi, Minister for Law and Order, stated that the amendment sought to include a clause which should have been taken under the category of the other Act. While admitting the evils described by the mover of the Bill, he pointed out that there was a relevant clause in the Act, which the mover might amend. He thought that by passing the Bill, accidents might increase, as the two measures were sought to be mixed up.

Mr. Jhabvala replying said that there were 600 private taxis plying on Bombay roads and offered to show the speaker, if he came along with him, all the private taxis.

The speaker felt that there was some technical difficulty in view of the fact that there was the Central Legislature.

Mr. Munshi stated that, if the Bill was passed, it might be asked whether it was competent for the House to pass such a measure.

As no definite assurance was forthcoming from the Minister, Mr. Jhabvala did not want to withdraw the Bill. The first reading was lost without a division.

QUACKERY IN LEGAL PROFESSION

Mr. H. V. Pataskar (Congress), then moved the first reading of the Bill to prevent an unqualified person from acting as an advocate, attorney or pleader and to amend the Bombay Legal Practitioners Act. The object of the Bill was to prevent quackery in the legal profession. Mr. Pataskar stated that unqualified people must not be allowed to draw up any instrument or act as advocate or attorney, without a current sanad.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master supported the Bill.

Mr. Munshi supporting the first reading stated that it became unnecessary in cities that instruments of conveyance or transfer should be carefully drafted. He referred to his experience in the High Court where the bond-writers drew up conveyance deeds. Because of that practice he thought that the flood-gates of litigation were thrown wide open. It could be denied, he said, that the bond-writer was the villain of the peace in litigation matters. Neither the law nor the law-courts could have any hold upon him.

In this connection he referred to the vexed question of the Dual System and a City Civil Court in Bombay, which had been exercising the minds of the profession and the public for many years.

Government had decided that the time had now come when the question should be solved. Government had, therefore, come to the decision that the whole Bar should be unified and the dual system should be done away with, but the institution of seniors like K.Cs in England should be adopted throughout the Province. The procedure on the Original Side of the High Court should be simplified so as to suit a unified bar and the original side departments should be organised. The Court fees on the Original Side should not result in a smaller net revenue to Government than if the Court fees Act were applied.

FOISTED BY ALIEN RACE

He personally considered that the dual system was highly efficient, and in a large and a rich city very useful. But whatever the merits of the system and no doubt they were many and unsecurable under the other system the fact remained that the profession and the public in the Province of Bombay—rightly or wrongly—after 70 years could not look upon it except as a hated monopoly or at least as an anomaly foisted on them by an alien race and maintained by the influence of those who were deemed to benefit by it exclusively. And after an exhaustive study and anxious thought, he had come to accept the fact that a nation or a people desired and got a forensic system, like all other systems, they deserved.

Government had approached the high Court with those suggestions and he had no doubt that the High Court would willingly respond to what represented to be the demands of the public and the profession, outside the Original Side. The change, subject to what the High Court might have to say, might come into effect from June 1,1940 and it was likely that the High Court might decide not to hold the Solicitors or the Advocates Examination in the future. But that did not mean that the efficiency of the profession should be lowered and several tests would have to be prescribed for advocates.

The practising solicitors under the scheme he was sure, would be accepted as conveyancing Advocates. The details of the scheme would be worked out by the High Court after the broad lines of agreement had been reached. If that change came into effect, legislation of the kind before the House became necessary. Otherwise, any inexperienced Advocate might ruin a client by bad conveyance.

The first reading of the Bill was passed and the House agreed to refer the Bill to a Select Committee of ten with instructions to report within three months.

SOCIAL FREEDOM PROTECTION BILL.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan then moved the Social Freedom Protection Bill. In the statement of Objects and Reasons, it is stated that the caste tyranny is prevalent in the name of religion and time-worn customs. "Continuance of this tyranny hampers social reform and reformers are invariably subjected to various forms of tyranny" it states.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan referred to two instances in which the body of the wife of a Bombay Muslim knight was exhumed from the grave and thrown on the road, some years ago merely for the reason that her father and brother did not agree with the head of the community in a certain matter. And another prominent citizen of Karachi was excommunicated, because his daughter married the son of another knight of a different sect. There were also numerous such instan-

(Continued in col. 4)

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Heavy Tasks Before City Fathers

New Chairman Of Standing Committee Appeals For All Party Support

Dr. J. A. Collaco presided over the meeting of the Standing Committee on Friday before the election of the Chairman for the ensuing year. Dr. Collaco at the outset welcomed the new members and said whether Congressmen or non-Congressmen, their goal was the good of the city, and he wished the members of the Standing Committee good luck and prosperity.

Dr. J. V. Vora, being the only candidate nominated, was declared duly elected by Dr. Collaco and Dr. Vora after taking the chair thanked his colleagues for the honour done to him. Dr. Vora in his speech said:—

"The Standing Committee is not only an important Statutory Committee of the Corporation but also a co-ordinating authority in the scheme of Municipal administration. The present Committee differs from all its predecessors in that it is wholly elected by the Corporation. We have all along been styled as the watch dogs of Municipal finances and fully conscious as I am of my personal limitations I can only hope to discharge the onerous responsibilities vested in this Committee with the full co-operation of you all and also of the executive.

GROWING PUBLIC DEMANDS.

"Already the Corporation have embarked on schemes for the extension of medical relief, introduction of compulsory primary education in the remaining Wards of the City, free supply of milk to the under-nourished needy children and better wages to their employees and on the Standing Committee will devolve the duty of providing adequate funds for carrying them out.

Numerous as our commitments are and numerous as the calls on our finances have been in the past I am afraid they will be still more so in the future There is a growing public demand for a higher standard of sanitation and several other amenities on the modern scale. The employees particularly the labour, the menial and the lower subordinate staff are constantly pressing their claims for betterment of service conditions and increments in salaries and wages. The Corporation has also its obligations in regard to slum clearance and better housing. All these would require large sums of money and although I am by no means a pessimist I am afraid that it will be extremely difficult for us to find them in the absence of allotment to us by Government of adequate sources of additional income.

TOWN DUTY SCHEDULE.

"Government have in the past agreed to give their careful consideration to the proposals that the Corporation might submit for improving their sources of revenue to meet their expenses. It may therefore be appropriate to press our proposals for revision of the Town Duty Schedule and also see if additions thereto could not be suggested. I therefore hope that instead of waiting till the preparation of the Budget for the next year the Committee in collaboration with the Commissioner would consider these questions from now and formulate necessary proposals for being submitted to the Corporation and Government so that the financing of the different schemes will not be too difficult at the time of the next Budget.

RELATIONS WITH GOVERNMENT.

"In the past there have been various conflicts with Government but on the whole our relations have been cordial. I do not see why the same State of things should not continue particularly when both the Provincial Government and the Corporation claim the fullest support from the people, owe their allegiance to a similar constituency and have one common goal viz., the material advancement of the masses. Closest co-operation and co-ordination therefore between the two should not be difficult.

"The Committee will have also to give their careful consideration to the question of effecting economy wherever possible without affecting efficiency. Various proposals that will come up before the Committee will therefore call for close scrutiny and consideration by the Committee."

PEASANT AWAKENING IN KERALA

(Continued from Page 6).

violent. The organised activities of the peasants brought some fruit and hope dawned in the minds of the people. In many cases, however, the landlords were unyielding.

As the peasant unions began to gain strength, the landlords held secret conferences among themselves, and in league with the police, began to spread the bogey of violence by peasants and Kisan workers. A circular was sent round to village authorities to note down the names of Kisan workers. Conditions were termed "abnormal". The circular said that punitive police would be introduced to meet the "abnormal" situation. All this happened in the three Talukas of Kasargode, Chirskkai and Kottayam. Two new police stations were opened, one at Irikkur and another at Peringome

Abnormal Situation:

It might interest the readers to know that while in Bombay on my way back from the Tripuri Congress, I was surprised to read that a summons has been issued against me, under Sections 117 and 186 I. P. C. for a speech delivered by me in a Peasants' Conference held in January 12 this year at Eramam, forty-five miles from Cannanore. The warrant has been issued by Mr. G. L. Wood I.C.S., Joint Magistrate, Tellicherry, at the instance of the Peringome police authorities' reports. It is to be noted that the police station at Peringome is one of those newly opened to meet the "abnormal situation"—which often ends up in the arrests and convictions of well-known Congress workers. More than three hundred peasant workers, most of them secretaries and other office-bearers of Congress Committees, are now under arrest. These arrests have become common occurrences in Kerala.

Mr. Prakasam's Tour:

False alarms were raised by the landlords and the police that the Kisan movement was assuming uncontrollable dimensions and that there were preparations going on for a no-tax and a no-rent campaign. To investigate these reports, the Hon'ble Mr. T. Prakasam, Revenue Minister of Madras, made an extensive tour of Malabar. In a statement which he later issued the Minister said that these allegations were baseless. He admitted that there was no no-rent or no-tax campaign or preparation for it.

But there has been no end to repression. Curious charges are brought against one after the other of the peasant union workers. The Kerala Provincial Congress Committee has requested the Madras Ministry to conduct a non-official enquiry into the various factors culminating in the present situation in Malabar. Conferences have been held in various centres and resolutions demanding an enquiry have been passed

The fact that Congress Socialists have a dominant voice in the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee is being used to ignore the complaints or even to repress the workers. All this in a Province where none of the unhappy conflicts between the Congress and the workers or the Congress and the peasants or between the different sections of the Congress itself, are in evidence. Those from outside who have travelled in Kerala bear witness to the fact that province is one of the strongest links in our anti-imperialist sector. The Congress has been strengthened in our Province greatly. Membership has increased many times Congress, Socialist, Kisan and trade union work is conducted in perfect harmony. The coming of the Congress Ministry in Madras naturally aroused reasonable expectations. But what has been done is to impose punitive police. The organisation and struggles are conducted peacefully and there has been no instance of violence or molestation. On the other hand, numerous cases brought against the workers have been quashed because of trumped-up charges.

It is not unoften that the combination of reactionary landlords and the unchanged steel-frame services raises the bogey of "non-violence" and "truth" in peril, but the source is uninspiring and its hollowness is self-evident. If my reading of the situation in Kerala is correct, the time has come for breaking the limitations of provincial autonomy. Otherwise the role of the Congress Ministry would soon turn out to be one of maintaining the "status quo" at all costs. Indeed, repression and conviction of workers are symptomatic of the way the wind is already blowing.

A SHORT STORY

True Love

By RICHARD HILL WILKINSON

Teresa said: "I'll marry you Jack. But there's something I must tell you first."

"It won't matter," Jack said. "Nothing you could say would matter, except that you'll marry me."

"This will. It's about another man. I loved him so much it hurt. That's why I came down here, to forget." She made a little hopeless gesture. "It hasn't done much good."

Moonlight streamed down through the palm fronds. The warm, breathless night was heavy with the fragrance of hibiscus. Little noises were plainly audible. Close at hand, the rustle of some insect in the shrubbery. Crickets. The sleepy warbling of some strange bird.

"You still love him?" Jack asked.

"I don't know." She looked at him miserably. "Oh, Jack, that's why it wouldn't be fair to marry you." She conjured a mirthless smile. "He turned me down for a blonde. At first I thought I never would recover. It took courage to come down to this little far away island. At first I was sure I'd take the first boat back. But I didn't. It went on for weeks. Then I met you. Things changed. Darling, I do love you. But it's different. I'm afraid, I'm afraid of what might happen when and if I see him." She looked at him squarely. "You're so good and fine, Jack. And I'm not! It wouldn't be fair."

Jack Addison placed his hands on her shoulders. His eyes were sober and intense. "I'll take a chance, darling. I love you."

"No, Jack, it isn't right. I—I—it would make a difference if you weren't rich."

He laughed at that. "Well, of course! It would to me too. I couldn't be happy unless I could give you things."

They were married beneath the palms on a bright, clear day, with the blue Atlantic for a background and the hills towering above them and the sound of breaking waves for music. When the final words were pronounced and Jack took her into his arms she wondered why she had ever been afraid. She knew it was impossible for anyone to be any happier.

It was not until a week later when they took a boat going north that she learned where they were going to live.

"The family homestead's in Ashmont. We might as well occupy it, since there's no one else. You'll love the old place; it's only two hops and a jump from Philadelphia, where I make a pretense of conducting a brokerage business."

A sharp little lance of fear pricked Teresa. This was ironic. Ashmont was the neighbouring town to Fairlawn, and it was in Fairlawn that Jerry lived. Was it an omen? Was she to be put to the test sooner than she expected? It would be impossible for them to live in adjoining towns without meeting eventually. Thank heaven Jack didn't know his name or identity.

The "old homestead" was, as Teresa suspected it would be, a fine old mansion with rolling acres and gardens and shade trees. Steeped in the finest traditions of a famous old family, its very environment provoked a sense of security, of peace and joy and quiet living.

Teresa could be happy here. She 'would' be happy here. In spite of everything and anything. She loved Jack. She was his wife. She owed him more than she could ever hope to repay.

And for a month Teresa knew a joy greater than she had ever believed possible. Jack's friends were kind and sincere in their warmth and friendliness. She adapted herself to her new life with an ease that indicated her perfect suitability to it.

And then one day the inevitable happened. She had driven into a filling station on the outskirts of town. Another car drove in beside her. A voice called a cheery hello. Her heart leaped. It was Jerry. Jerry Morton. More handsome than ever. More careless of manner and charming of speech. More completely the man she had once loved than before she went away. . .

It was three days later that Jack came home looking grave. "Honey, I've some bad news. One of those things has happened. Unless a miracle appears on the scene, I'm sunk. I've gambled the family fortune and lost."

She stared at him. "Oh, Jack, I'm so sorry. Is there anything I can do?"

"Nothing but continue to look as adorable as you do right this minute." He kissed her. "Don't worry. We'll keep our heads above water somehow."

But he didn't. For a week Jack said nothing more, but the lines in his face deepened. Teresa knew that business was worrying him, but it came as a shock when he told her the worst.

"It's come, darling. We're broke. I'm really frightfully sorry for you. Look, I don't expect you to stick. I—"

"Don't expect me to stick! Jack Addison, that's an insult! What do you expect me to do? Run off like a coward and leave you to face the music. There must be something I can do. I'll sell my jewellery, I'll get a job—" Suddenly she began to cry, because she loved him. She had loved him for weeks and it had taken this knowledge that Jack needed her to make her realize it. "Oh, darling, you mustn't think that I—that I—what I said about not marrying if you weren't rich. You must believe me!"

Jack dropped down beside her. His eyes were strangely bright "Darling, I do believe you. Look, you'll hate me for this, but I can't help it. Jim Bridges at the filling station told me about your meeting Morton. I had to know how you felt." He paused. "It's all a huge lie I made up to—to test your love. The family fortune is still intact. Everything's fine. It's so fine, well I'd like to cry myself."

So they did. Both of them. And had a fine time of it, too.

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TEXTILE ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

Representatives Of Mill owners' Association Examined "In Camera"

Representatives of the Bombay Millowners' Association, were examined by the Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, at the Town Hall, Bombay, yesterday 'in camera.'

The Millowners' Association was represented by Mr. T. V. Baddley (Chairman); Mr. Neville N. Wadia (Deputy Chairman); Sir H. P. Mody, Mr. K. M. D. Thackersey, Mr. D.M. Khatau, Mr. H. F. Milne, Mr. T. Maloney (Secretary) and Mr. R. G. Gokhale (Labour Officer).

NEW RATES FOR PRESS TELEGRAMS

DELHI, April 14.

A Press communique states: With effect from the 15th April 1939, a uniform rate of two annas per word will be charged for ordinary press telegrams from India to the following countries within the British Empire:—

Aden, Australia, Borneo (North British), British East Africa, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Hong-Kong, Ireland (Eire), Labuan, Malay Peninsula, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, Straits Settlements, Tanganyika Territory and Union of South Africa.—A. P.

TOMMY FARR OUT-POINTS BURMAN

Ex-Champion Scores Points In Every Round

LONDON, April 14.

Winning nearly every round Tommy Farr out-pointed Burman, in the 12-round boxing contest, at the Harringway Arena, today. It was a mediocre fight, which consisted mainly of Farr repeatedly jabbing his left into Burman's face.

Farr was generally able to score as he pleased and landed from a dozen to twenty lefts in most of the rounds usually with little reply, but he was very slow.

Burman showed that he could be dangerous by the way and occasionally staggered Farr with hard rights, especially in the 2nd and the 5th rounds.

12,000 spectators watched the fight.—Reuter.

PIANOFORTE RECITAL

Brilliant Performance By Clifford Huntsman

A brilliant Pianoforte recital was given last evening at the C. J. Hall by Clifford Huntsman before a very appreciative music-loving audience when H. E. and Lady Lumley were also present Mr. Huntsman has already won a reputation for himself by his recitals amongst the Bombay music-minded. His selection on this occasion was excellent, including familiar pieces and composers.

His excellent technique and wonderful touch, his sympathetic interpretation were all brought home to us once more.

Scarlatti's "Sonata," the opening item on the programme, started off with a lighter movement rendered delicately by the artist's effortless touch

The slow measured tread of Byrd's "Pavane" seemed to stand in contrast with the robust "Davidsbundler Dances" of Schumann full of melodious and brilliant passages of varying tempo very effectively rendered.

The second part of the programme contained three short pieces of Debussy, the Poissons D'or and the Arabesques, characteristic of Debussy's delicate tone and colour effect, were brilliantly executed. The last item a "Fantaisie" from Chopin was the main item of the evening; we need not again refer to the artist's execution and technique as it was perfect all through the intricacies of this selection.

Mr. Huntsman, in response to the audience, then gave a number of encore pieces, concluding a brilliant performance.

German Pilot Injured

Passenger 'Plane Shot Down By Japanese Bombers

CHUNGKING April 14

Three Japanese bombers shot down a passenger 'plane belonging to Eurasia Company (Joint German Chinese concern) near Yunnan Border.

The German pilot was injured.

The passenges' fate is not known.—Reuter.

NORWAY JOINS ARMS RACE

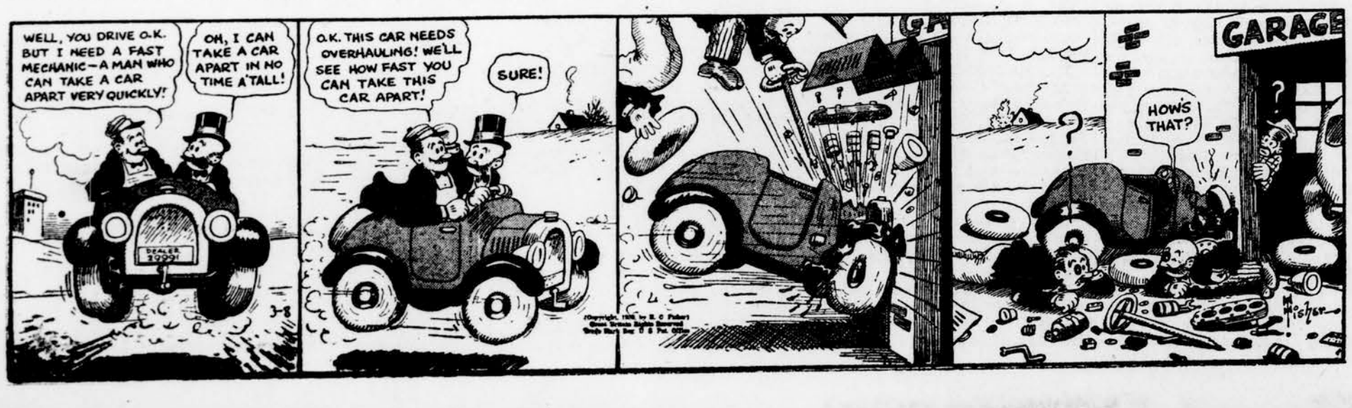
OSLO, April 14.

The Government have decided to ask Parliament for an extraordinary appropriation of twenty million Kronor (about one million sterling) for defence purposes in 1939-40.

The money will be produced by extra taxation.—Reuter.

MUTT AND JEFF—As a Mechanic, Jeff Certainly Is a Speed Artist

By BUD FISHER


WELL, YOU DRIVE O.K. BUT I NEED A FAST MECHANIC—A MAN WHO CAN TAKE A CAR APART VERY QUICKLY!
OH, I CAN TAKE A CAR APART IN NO TIME A'TALL!
O.K. THIS CAR NEEDS OVERHAULING! WE'LL SEE HOW FAST YOU CAN TAKE THIS CAR APART!
SURE!
GARAGE
HOW'S THAT?

USE THIS 2-PURPOSE Soap

Cuticura Soap
MEDICINAL & TOILET
Renders coarse red skin smooth and supple as velvet
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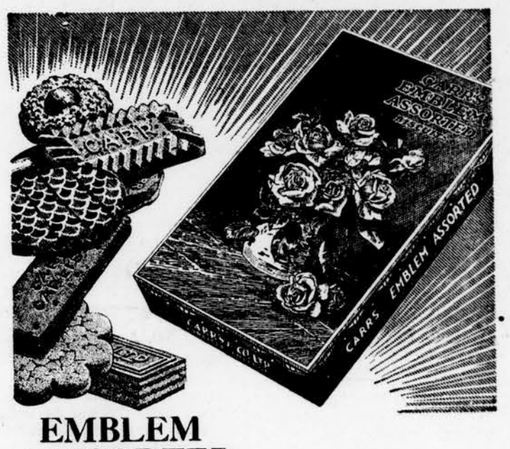

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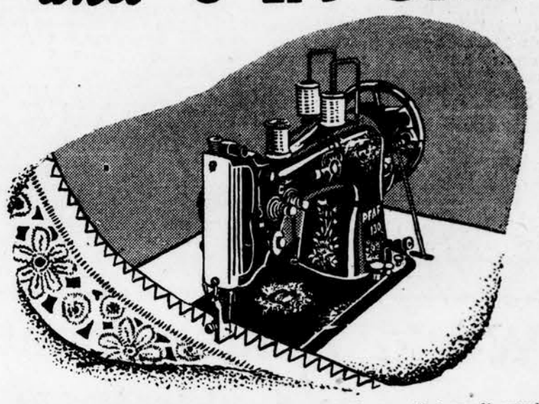

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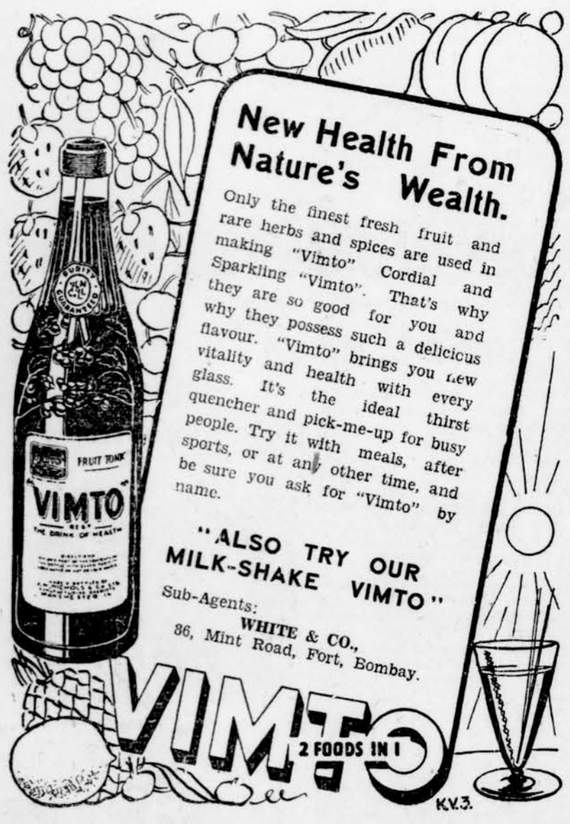
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World Trade Statistics

League Of Nations' Monthly Bulletin

The League of Nations Office at Delhi has issued the following communique based on "World Trade Statistics".

The March number of the League of Nations Monthly Bulletin of Statistics gives special tables and diagrams concerning World Trade. World Industrial Production, World Stocks of Primary Commodities and Building Activity.

The gold value of world trade in January 1939 was about 10 per cent. lower than in the preceding month. A decline was to be expected in accordance with the usual seasonal movements. World imports have fallen by about 8 per cent, exports by 12 per cent. largely on account of reduced exports from the United States of America, Japan, Germany, Italy, France and Belgium.

Industrial Production

World Industrial Production (excluding U. S. S. R., for which country no date for 1938 are available) was about 10 per cent. lower in 1938 than in 1937 according to the League index. This decrease was almost entirely due to the falling off in production in North America in the first six months of the year. The decrease in Europe only amounted to 1-1/2 per cent.

The recovery which began by the middle of 1938, again largely reflecting the development in the U. S. A., continued during the last quarter when world production was 8.5 per cent. higher than in the preceding quarter. North American production increasing by 15 per cent. and that of Europe by 4 per cent.

In January 1939, allowing for seasonal fluctuations, the recovery seems to have been generally maintained, to judge by the national indices so far available for that month.

Considering the main industrial countries individually, production in 1938 was lower than in 1937 in the U. S. A., by about 22 per cent. in Belgium by 20 per cent. Netherlands 16 per cent. Italy and Canada 9-1/2 per cent. France 7 per cent. United Kingdom 6-1/2 per cent. and Sweden 2 per cent.

The level of 1937 was approximately maintained in Japan. There was a further increase of about 8 per cent. in Poland and Germany, partly due, in the latter case, to the enlargement of the territory.

Building Activity

Building activity in 1938 was uneven in many respects. In certain countries it was much less than in 1929 e.g., in Canada, U. S. A., France, the Argentine and Italy, while in other countries the 1929 activity was largely exceeded, especially in the United Kingdom, Sweden and Chile.

As far as figures for different types of buildings are available, they show a shift in 1938, compared with 1937, in some countries to increased building for public purposes, e.g., in Germany, Hungary, Canada, U. S. A. while in others residential building developed more or was better maintained than the other branches, e.g., in the Union of South Africa, Australia, Chile, New Zealand, Norway. Building for commercial and industrial purposes decreased in the U. S. A., by 45 per cent. in Canada by 33 per cent.

A comparison of general building activity in 1938 and 1937 shows the largest increases in Norway with more than 30 per cent. New Zealand 25 per cent. Finland 21 per cent. Germany about 16 per cent. Australia 13 per cent. Bulgaria 11 per cent. and the Argentine 8 per cent.

Activity was the same as in 1937 in the U. S. A. It decreased in Belgium, Chile, Italy, Canada by approximately 5 per cent. in the Union of S. Africa 8 per cent. Hungary 9 per cent. United Kingdom 12 per cent. Colombia by 15 per cent. in Japan by roughly 25 per cent and in Palestine by 40 per cent.

As far as residential building alone is concerned, activity almost doubled in Norway and increased by 50 per cent. in New Zealand. In Switzerland, Australia and Sweden it was about 30 per cent. higher than a year ago, in the Netherlands 20 per cent. Germany 12 per cent. U. S. A. 9 per cent. Canada and Chile about 1 per cent. Residential building decreased in the Union of S. Africa by 4 per cent. in the United Kingdom by 11 per cent. and in Hungary by 14 per cent.

Stocks Of Primary Commodities

World stocks of Primary Commodities according to the quarterly index of the League of Nations, remained at a higher level throughout 1938 than in 1937. At the end of December 1938 they were about 6 per cent. higher than at the end of the preceding year and slightly higher than at the end of 1929. The increase in 1938 was particularly marked for stocks of foodstuffs, which were 15 per cent. higher than at the end of 1937. The stocks of raw materials on the other hand, were almost the same as a year ago.

Among the foodstuffs, cereals showed the largest increase. At the end of 1938 stocks of wheat were 45 per cent higher than a year before those of rye 35 per cent, maize 8 per cent. Stocks of barley decreased by 3 per cent. Stocks of coffee and of tea also rose by 6 per cent. and 11 per cent, respectively, while sugar stocks were slightly lower than at the end of 1937.

Among the most important textile fibres, stocks of cotton rose by 6.5 per cent. during 1938, while wool stocks fell by 18 per cent. and those of raw silk by 6 per cent.

Stocks of rubber, which had been rising during the second half of 1937 and in the early months of 1938, were at the end of the year almost 6 per cent. lower than in December 1937.

Stocks of copper, tin and lead which continued their rapid rise during the first months of 1938, decreased considerably during the second half of the year. This movement gave way, however, to a new increase at the end of 1938. At that date stocks of copper were 3 per cent. lower than at the end of last year, while stocks of zinc increased by 75 per cent. and those of lead and tin by 3 per cent. and 15 per cent. respectively.

RUSSIA HOLDS THE KEY TO PEACE

(Continued from page 6.)

be allowed to supply the Poles and Rumanians. She might even be invited to come in at a later stage of these negotiations.

That is insolent folly. Russia has the best reasons for distrusting the sincerity and the good intentions of the British ruling class. Save that the text of Mr. Chamberlain's statement was given to her Ambassador a few hours before the rest of us could read it, she has been totally ignored throughout this crisis.

Our English good nature makes us too tolerant of such offences. This is something worse than incompetence. A Government that acts in this way is not single-minded. It has not yet bent its will to the task of saving Europe's liberties.

Where Labour Failed

To leave in charge of our affairs in a crisis so perilous a Government bent on beating its own evil record is a mistake that history will judge severely.

To be sure, the official spokesmen of the Labour Party did in mild tones venture to suggest that Russia be called in. To plead in this way is unworthy of Labour's strength. It is so obsessed by the daily illusion of the Parliamentary game that it imagines it is merely a minority that talks and votes. It forgets that it controls the hands which make our arms to-day and will carry them to-morrow.

Three times at least it has had this Government at its mercy; twice when its aid was sought for rearmament, and again when its support was required for the doubling of the Territorial Army.

A far-sighted Labour Movement that saw the perils before us and knew its own strength would have refused all help to this or any similar Government, while offering the ungrudging backing of the workers to an administration and a policy it could trust.

Its first condition before it consented to discuss anything else would have been an alliance with Russia. That we shall not get until the balance of class-power is shifted in this country. Nor will it happen while Labour shrinks from power, satisfied to play corporal to the captain from Munich.

If we are marching towards one of the sternest struggles in our history under national leadership whose record is a guarantee of betrayal, we have to thank for this not solely destiny, nor only our opponents. By our poverty of spirit we have it brought it on ourselves.

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Czech Consul's Office Closed In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, April 13.

The United Press understands that the office of the Consul for Czechoslovakia has closed in Calcutta since April 4 last. On enquiry at the German Consulate-General it is learnt that the Czechoslovakian Consul, Dr. Tousek, according to instructions received from Dr. Chvalkovsky, Minister for Foreign Affairs in Prague, has handed over the charge to the German Consul-General in Calcutta on the same date.—United Press.

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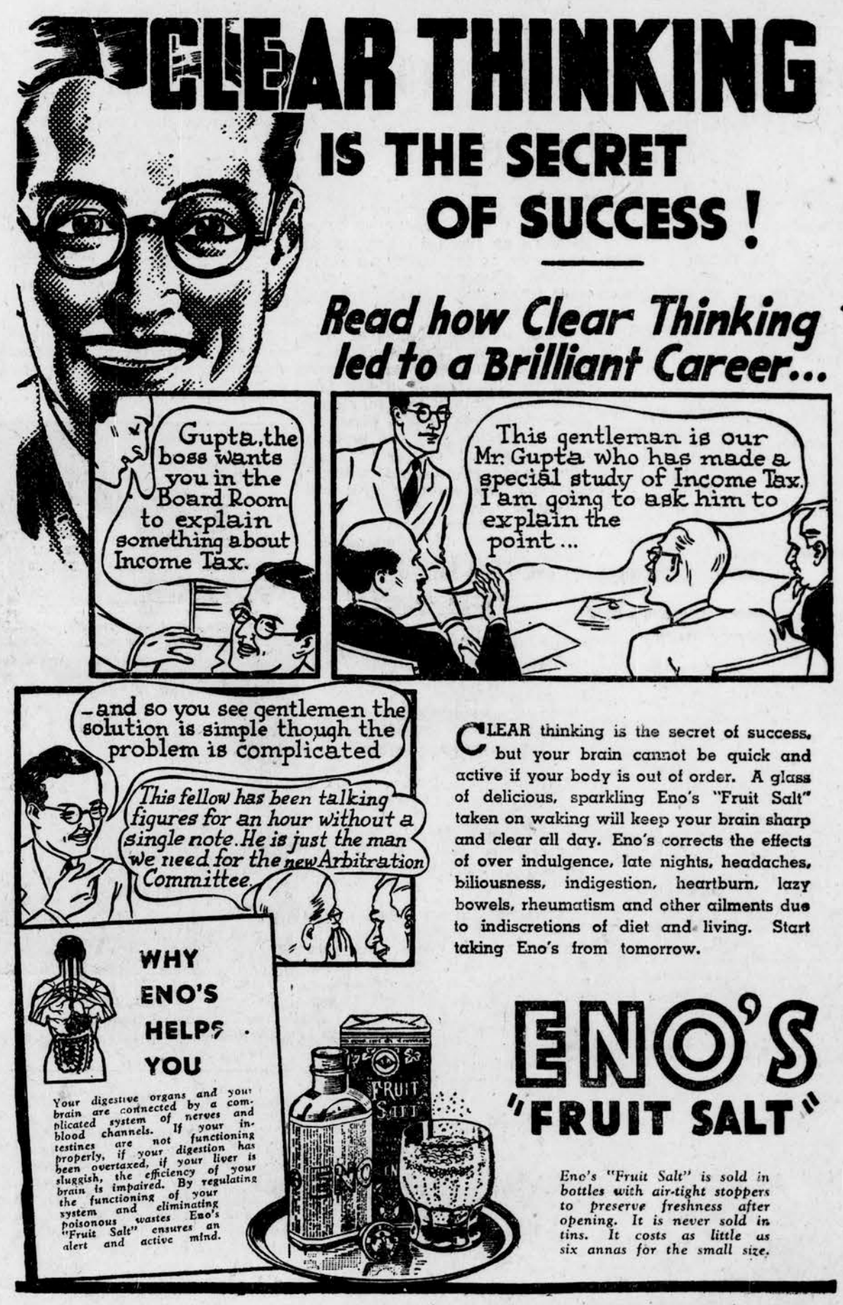
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CLEAR thinking is the secret of success, but your brain cannot be quick and active if your body is out of order. A glass of delicious, sparkling Eno's "Fruit Salt" taken on waking will keep your brain sharp and clear all day. Eno's corrects the effects of over indulgence, late nights, headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heartburn, lazy bowels, rheumatism and other ailments due to indiscretions of diet and living. Start taking Eno's from tomorrow.

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Film Fare For The Week

A scene from "The Lady Vanishes" at Regal.

A Report On Our Producers

I.M.P.P.A.: Work done during the period June 1937 to December 1938.

'Exploit the Indian cinema-goer while he's still ignorant seems to be the natural slogan of the I.M.P.P.A.—one of the several capitalist organisations which the growing menace of popular progressive movements has precipitated.

EVIDENCE

The first administration report of the Association leaves no room for doubt as to the exact aims and objects of its sponsorers. It's all the financier's old 'tale of woe': Heavy investments—poor returns, Unjust taxation—strong representation. No response—starvation!

THE REPORT

The report itself is comprehensive enough—the text covering at suitable length most of the major problems with which the Indian producer is to-day confronted. Inability to obtain proper financial relief except at prohibitive rates of interest, resulted in the temporary suspension of the activities of a number of studios—and was further instrumental in representations being made, through the Finance Member of the Government of India, to the Reserve Bank suggesting that the Bank should finance film production.

FACTORY LEGISLATION

Deploring further the step-motherly treatment of popular governments towards the industry as is evident from its alleged non-inclusion in the National Industrial Plan—the report proceeds to discuss the various measures of taxation, e.g., entertainment tax, octroi tax etc., levied on films. The question of factory legislation is next taken up, doubts being expressed as to whether the production of films is work of such a mechanical character as to justify its being dubbed a manufacturing process within the meaning of the Factories Act.

Other notable features of the work done by the Association—the report adds—are its success in persuading Messrs. Kodak Ltd. and Agfa Photo Co., to reduce their prices of raw films, its tactful solution of the problem of gramophone records of film-songs and its successful efforts to have a representative on the Board of Film Censors. The Overseas Market and the Minimum Rate of Admission, Educational Films, Free Passes, Profiteering and Publicity, Cinema Control and Municipal Theatres—are some of the other subjects dealt with in the report. Of course in face of such immediate and ostensibly, such important problems the interests of picturegoers, artistes and technicians have been promptly thrown overboard. Why should the Association take up a subject primarily not in its domain? Some conscience—these Producers have!

J. AHMED.

"CLIVE OF INDIA" REVIVED AT BROADWAY

"Clive of India", Darryl F. Zanuck's first million-dollar production for 20th Century Pictures, released through United Artists will be revived at the Broadway, Kingsway, Khodadad Circle, Dadar, from to-day till Tuesday for four days only with Ronald Colman and Loretta Young.

The story covers the life of

(Continued in Col 7)

RATNA MURIENDIAH,
the Javanese Court-dancer, and another member of Ram Gopal's Troupe, who will appear at the Regal.

Hot Rhythm In "Honolulu"

Eleanor Powell And Robert Young At Metro

Eleanor Powell, acknowledged to be the world's leading tap dancer, proves her title again in "Honolulu," which opened at the Metro on Thursday.

This lavish new musical has all that the Broadway shows of modern times can offer and more. Robert Young has the male lead in a dual role, carrying the pleasantly light weight of a humorous, almost incredible story. Comedy is provided by George Burns and Gracie Allen, of screen and radio fame, and the music is superb.

A large and well-chosen supporting cast includes Rita Johnson, Clarence Kolb, Jo Ann Sayers, Ann Morris, Willie Fung, Cliff Clark, Edward Gargan, Eddie Anderson, Sig Rumann, Ruth Hussey, Edgar Dearing and Kealoha Holt, selected in a contest embracing all the islands as Hawaii's champion hula dancer. Then there is also the most famous of all Hawaiian orchestras, Andy Iona's islanders, lending authenticity to the musical background of the hula numbers.

Miss Powell offers "Hymn to the Sun," based on the traditional dance of Hawaii; an imitation of Bill Robinson's famous stair dance, and finally, a novel number done with a skipping rope.

Young appears as Hollywood star who wants to get away for a rest. At an "opening" he encounters his double and induces him to exchange identities for a while. The scheme works. On a boat for Honolulu, the actor, now free of his fame, meets a cabaret dancer, played by Miss Powell, and falls in love with her. But in Honolulu he faces the past of his double, a planter, who not only is engaged to a girl Young has never seen but is wanted for embezzlement. The complication is adjusted when the planter is induced to return.

Edward Buzzell, former Broadway musical comedy star, directed the picture and his cunning hand is evident throughout.

"THE LADY VANISHES" AT REGAL

Suspenseful British Drama

"The Lady Vanishes," the Gainsborough picture distributed by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Pictures, is shown this week at Regal.

Michael Redgrave and Margaret Lockwood, young British stars who have recently come to the top, head the large cast as Gilbert and Iris. Miss Lockwood has been the feminine lead in "The Beloved Vagabond" with Maurice Chevalier, "Doctor Syn" with George Arliss, "Bank Holiday" and "Owd Bob." Two players with established Hollywood reputations top the supporting cast: Paul Lukas ("The Casino Murder Case," "Age of Indiscretion," "Espionage") as Dr. Hartz, Continental brain specialist, and Dame May Whitty (Night Must Fall," "The Thirteenth Chair," "Marie Walewska") as the wizened little spinster around whom the plot revolves. Others prominently cast are Cecil Parker recently featured in "Dark Journey," "Storm in a Teacup" and "Housemaster" as Mr. Todhunter, Linden Travers as his beautiful "wife"; Mary Clare as a mysterious baroness; Naunton Wayne, Basil Radford, Emile Boreo, Googie Withers, Sally Stewart, Catharine Lacey and Zelma Vas Dias.

Produced by Gainsborough Pictures, a Gaumont-British subsidiar, "The Lady Vanishes" is the newest of a long list of film directed by Alfred Hitchcock. He became known with "Blackmail," the first all talkie made in Britain and developed his flair for suspenseful melodrama in "Murder," "The Man Who Knew Too Much," "The Thirty-nine Steps," "Secret Agent," "Sabotage" and "Young and Innocent." Based on the famous thriller novel, "The Wheel Spins," by Ethel Lina White, the picture was adapted by Sydney Gilliatt of "A Yank at Oxford") Yank at Oxford") and Frank Launder.

ing as it does all the biblical and historical landmarks that have made Jerusalem the legendry city flowing with milk and honey. We see the Garden of Gethsemane, the Wailing Wall, the Sepulchre, the Virgin Mary's Tomb, the Via Dolorosa, the house of Pilate, etc. Truly a magnificent short.

DOUBLE ATTRACTION AT EMPIRE

"Son Of The Sheik" And "Jerusalem"

Another of the series of the World Window shorts in technicolour entitled "Jerusalem" will be released by United Artists with Rudolph Valentino's "Son of the Sheik" at the New Empire theatre from Friday, 14th April. This is a short that is of special interest, depict-

CHARLIE CHAPLIN,
a partner in the United Artistes' Organisation, whose new film: "The Dictator," is under production

GRACIE FIELDS,
the well-known British star, who will be seen in "Keep Smiling," shortly coming to Bombay.

ELEANOR POWELL,
the dancing star, seen at her best in "Honolulu," at Metro this week.

"Zaza" Comes To Eros

Claudette Colbert In Story Of Gay Paris

The gaudy, lusty turn-of-the-century days when "Zaza, the musical hall darling, set all Paris a flutter with a swish of her skirt, and with a wink of her eye set tongues wagging from Moscow to Chicago, are brought back with all their colour and lavishness in "Zaza," the new Claudette Colbert film seen this week at Eros.

Against the picturesque background of gas-lit Paris—with the handsome, cabs, the can-can dancers, the frou-frou decor and the midnight champagne suppers—"Zaza" tells the story of the flirtatious musical hall favourite who risked open scandal for the man she loved and whose final tragedy all the applause of Paris could not drown out. Miss Colbert, in one of the most unusual parts of her career, brings out all the gaiety, tempestuousness and pathos of the well-loved character.

The story concerns the stormy career of the musical hall entertainer whose romance with a handsome man from the upper classes turns to tragedy because of her own tender heart. Herbert Marshall, as the confused lover, turns in the suave, self-assured performance expected of him, while the new script by Zoe Akins stresses the most poignant points of the tale—the chance meeting of the two in the provinces, "Zaza's" rivalry with a fellow-actress, her brazen advances, her dramatic meeting with her sweetheart's young daughter and the last encounter of the couple.

Prominent in the cast supporting Miss Colbert and Marshall are Bert Lahr, as "Cascart," her hilarious vaudeville partner, Genevieve Tobin, as her garrulous rival, Constance Collier, as her understanding maid, and, playing one of the best-loved characters of all, Helen Westley, the tippling and sentimental old foster-mother. Others are Walter Catlett, Ernest Cossart and Rex O'Malley.

SHIRLEY TEMPLE IN "LITTLE MISS BROADWAY" AT PALACE

Shirley Temple is seen this week in Little Miss Broadway," at The Palace. The cast which supports Shirley in this bright musical romance is headed by George Murphy, Hollywood's ace acting-hoofer; Jimmy Durante, a droll comic who needs no introduction; Phyllis Brooks, the rapidly rising young blonde beauty who appeared with Shirley in "Rebecca," and Edna Mae Oliver, who is known to myriads of fans as the austere old maid.

Six sparkling tunes by Walter Bullock and Harold Spina—ranging from ballads to sizzling swing-lend themselves to Shirley's singing as well as the intricate steps which she and Murphy execute together. The songs include:—"Be Optimistic", "We Should be together," "How Can I Thank You" and "Little Miss Broadway," the title song.

EXTRA MORNING SHOW.

On this Sunday morning The Palace will exhibit "Jungle Jim", Universal's startling jungle serial, consisting of 12 roaring chapters among wild men and beasts of prey.

Claudette Colbert in "Zaza" at Eros.

United Artists' 20th Birthday!

The history of the United Artists Corporation is interesting. With the formation of the company as an international distributing organization twenty years ago in the days when movies were hardly out of their swaddling clothes, the new organisation drew within its folds the leading stars of the day—Mary Pickford, Charlie Chaplin, Douglas Fairbanks, together with the famous director D. W. Griffith—who withdrew from various individual companies to found this new and powerful organisation on April 17, 1919

Joseph M. Schenck, who had been producing Buster Keaton and Norma and Constance Talmadge picture independently for six years, was the first of the new owner-members, and he was elected Chairman of the Board of Directors on December 5, 1924. Schenck immediately fostered a policy of expansion, and during 1925 and 1926, Samuel Goldwyn, Norma Talmadge, John Barrymore Gloria Swanson, Corinne Griffith and other outstanding figures in the industry aligned themselves with United Artists.

Because of the extraordinary success of the Goldwyn productions around the world, Mr. Goldwyn was unanimously elected an owner-member of United Artists in 1927. Shortly afterward, Gloria Swanson also joined the Company in a similar capacity.

Among the stars who played in United Artists pictures during the first decade of the Company's history were Mary Pickford, Charlie Chaplin, Douglas Faifbanks, Gloria Swanson, Norma Shearer, Rudolph Valentino, Lillian Gish, Dolores del Rio, Corinne Griffith, Dorothy Gish, Alice Joyce, John Barrymore, Lupe Valez and many others.

FAMOUS DIRECTORS

On the Directors' lists were Charlie Chaplin, D. W. Griffith, Ernst Lubitsch, Herbert Brenon, Fred Niblo, Raoul Walsh, Josef von Sternberg, Lewis Milestone, Edwin Carewe, Mack Bennett, Henry King, George Fitzmaurice, James Cruze, Victor Fleming, Clarence Brown and Allan Dwan.

Samuel Goldwyn discovered such stars as Ronald Colman, Vilma Banky, Lily Damita and Belle Bennett and developed Eddie Cantor as a screen personality.

ADVENT OF DISNEY

In 1932, Walt Disney began releasing his Mickey Mouse and Silly Symphony shorts through United Artists. In that same year Edward Small and Harry M Goetz organized Reliance Pictures for distribution through United Artists. 1933 was another fruitful year for the company, which added to its programme the London Film productions of Alexander Korda and the output of 20th Century Pictures—a new producing unit which Schenck himself formed in partnership with Darryl Zanuck.

The next important name to be added in 1937 to the roster of United Artists producers was that of Walter Wanger, who has such film discoveries to his credit as Charles Boyer, Madeleine Carroll, Henry Fonda and many others. The immediate effect of this affiliation was a group of highly successful pictures, starting with "You Only Live Once", "History Is Made At Night" and "Vogues of 1938".

Tribute by exhibitors and the film-going public to the results achieved by United Artists through fostering independent production of quality pictures reached a new hight during the past two seasons with the release of such grade—A production as Charlie Chaplin in "Modern Times"; Samuel Goldwyn's "The Goldwyn Follies", "Hurricane" "The Adventures of Marco Polo" and "The Cowboy and the Lady"; David O. Selznick's "The Adventures of Tom Sawyer" and "The Young in Heart", and Walter Wanger's "Blockade" and "Algiers".

CHAPLIN'S NEXT

As United Artists prepares to celebrate its 20th birthday (April 17), ownership of the company is vested in five producer-owners—Mary Pickford, Douglas Fairbanks, Charlie Chaplin, Samuel Goldwyn and Alexander Korda. Independent producers now distributing through United Artists include David O. Selznick, Walter Wanger, Edward Small, Hal Roach and F. W. Keller, producer of the "World Window" technicolour shorts.

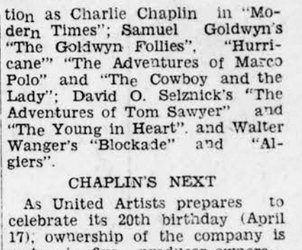
Among the new productions scheduled for early release in 1939 are Charles Chaplin's first talking picture, "The Dictator"; the Douglas Fairbanks production, "The Californian"; Samuel Goldwyn's "Wuthering Heights"; Alexander Korda's "The Four Feathers"; David O. Selznick's "Made for Each Other"; Walter Wanger's "Stage-Coach"; Edward Small's "The Man in the Iron Mask", and Hal Roach's "Captain Fury".

(Continued from Col. 2).

Robert Clive, who by his own audacity rose from a clerk in the East India Company to become, at 26, England's greatest hero.

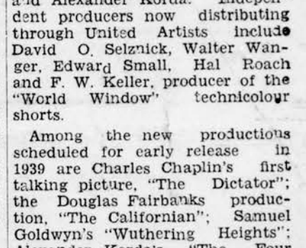
Stressing the beautiful romance between Clive and the lovely Margaret Maskylene, to whom he proposed by letter after seeing her picture in her brother's locket, the drama shows how the man's private life influenced his public life, and how his star fell when the woman who loved him had drifted from his side.

IN MEMORY OF A GREAT MUSICIAN



SUNALINI DEVI (Kathak Dance)

S. KAPILESHWARI (Tabla Tarang)



REHMAT KHAN (Sitar)

B. K. KAPILESHWARI (Vocal Music).

Four of the many well-known artistes who will perform at a concert to be held to-day (Saturday) evening at the C. J. Hall, in aid of Abdul Karim Khan Memorial Fund.

COMPLETE HARTAL AT KATNI

Protest Against Agrawal's Arrest

(From Our Correspondent)

KATNI, April 12.

As further investigation concerning the recent murder case continues, the Police has asked for the remand of Seth Ramdas Agrawal upto 20th instant. The town, in protest against his arrest is observing hartal from 10th instant. It is not certain when the town will resume its normal business. The hartal is the first of its kind in the history of the Hartals observed by the town in the past. Even a pen worth half a pice is not available at any cost.

MUSIC AND DANCE AT C. J. HALL

Concert In Aid Of Abdul Karim Memorial Fund

Under the presidentship of the Hon. M. Mangaldas Pakwasa, the first music and dance concert in aid of Abdul Karim Khan memorial fund will take place to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 P.M. in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. The artistes who will take part in the concert include Vishnu Pant Pagnis, Shankerao Kapileshwari, Anjanibai Wadker, Khan Saheb Rahemat Khan, Gangubai Hangal, B. K. Kapileshwari, Lacchu Maharaj, Sunalini Devi, and Sawai Gandharva.

City Parsis celebrated Avan Ardivshur Jasan on Thursday last. They gathered in large numbers on sea-shore to offer their prayers.
The photo shows some devotees offering their prayers on Chowpatty fore-shore.

FATHER OF FREEDOM

—He who made his people free was himself born in captivitity .....

"Birth of Shivaji"

a "MINERVA" PRODUCTION

The Romantic Historical Epoch brought to the Silver Screen by the veteran producer

K. DHAIBER

with

FLASHING AMEENA

Supported by
S. Baburao,
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Athavale,
Marutirao Pehelwan,
Jadhavrao,
Balkrishna,
& Keshaorao Dhaiber

Story by:
S. A. SHUKLA

It's a picture which everyone must see .....

2nd Glorious Week

AT CENTRAL

Daily at 4-45, 7-30 & 10-15 p.m.
Matinee on Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2 p.m.
Booking: CALCUTTA FILM EXCHANGE, BOMBAY 4.

St. Mary's High School Diamond Jubilee

In connection with the Diamond Jubilee of St. Mary's High School, there will be gala dinner with Sir Hugh and Lady Clayton as guests of honour, the fee for the Dinner being Rs. 5. There will be a fancy costumes parade at 10-30 to which non-diners will be admitted on payment of a fee of one rupee.

Hind Sangitottejak Sabha

Under the auspices of the Hind Sangitottejak Sabha, there will be a musical concert of Mr. Chandavarkar and Gopi and Kathak dance by Miss Kowshik at 9-30 P.M. at the Wagle Hall of Chikitsak Samooha High School, Kandewadi, Bombay.

BEST CO'S PROGRESSIVE ACCOUNT

Profit Increase Over Seven Lakhs

The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd. has issued the following report of the Directors and accounts for the year ending December 1938 which shows the net revenue for the year after providing for usual depreciation etc. Rs. 51,49,419 an increase of Rs. 7,29,780 as compared with 1937.

REVENUE ACCOUNT

	Rs.
The total revenue for the year 1938 from all sources amounted to	1,92,97,294 15 0
The total expenditure amounted to	1,08,53,846 10 3
The net receipts from the year's working aggregated ..	84,43,448 4 9
Deduct:—Interest on 7 per cent. Debentures from 1st January 1938 to 30th September 1938 ..	2,62,500 0 0
Leaving a balance of	81,80948 4 9

From this balance the following further items of expenditure have to be deducted before arriving at the net profit available for distribution:—

	Rs.	
Provision for Depreciation:—		
General Account	Rs 25,46,577 0 0	
Special Account	Rs. 2,44,242 0 0	
		27,90,819 0 0
Provision for Reserve against fluctuations in value of Assets		75,000 0 0
Provision for Writing off Rights and Concessions		40,710 0 0
Amount appropriated to General Reserve Fund Account		5,00,000 0 0
Provision for Income Tax and Super Tax		4,00,000 0 0
After making these deductions aggregating		38,06,529 0 0
There remains an available balance of Profit of		43,74.419 4 9
Out of this balance the Board have sanctioned the payment of Bonus to the staff		1,25.000 0 0
Leaving .. to which has to be added the amount brought forward from 1937 accounts		42,49,419 4 9 2,58,784 8 3
which leaves a balance of profit available for distribution of		45,08,203 13 0

The Directors recommend that this sum be appropriated as follows:—

	Rs.
To Dividend* for the year on 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares	6,30,000 0 0
To payment of Dividend free of Indian Income Tax for the year on the Ordinary Shares at Rs. 6 per Share	35,89,811 0 0
To be carried forward to next year's Account	2,88,392 13 0
Total	45,08,203 13 0

Note:—Dividend on Ordinary Shares amount to a total payment of Rs. 6 per share for the year, of which half-yearly interim dividend at Rs. 2-8 per share was paid in October 1938.

The new Agreement with the Hydro Companies, for the supply of energy in bulk, commenced to operate from 1st May, 1938. As the Hydro Companies did not accept the estimated cost of Thermal Generation put forward by BEST, and as their own estimated figure of this cost was considered so excessive as to rule out all posibility of arriving at a mutually agreed figure, it was decided to demand an Assessment. This Assessment took place in London and resulted in a decision which, after allowing for minor adjustments, justified our original estimates and the Board's decision to proceed to Assessment. The result of the Assessment may be regarded as equitable to BEST, though the Hydro Companies obtained an increase in the Assessment figures by claiming the Grace Marks of 0.025 anna per unit, as provided under the Agreement.

During the year, Government appointed an Advisory Committee to investigate the charges for electricity made by licensees and advise Government regarding the maxima rates to be permitted. The Committee investigated the Company's accounts, etc., had discussions with the Executive and later with the Chairman.

The Committee's Report was submitted to Government towards the end of the year and a copy was sent to us by Government early in 1939. With the approval of your Board, the Chairman informed the Honourable Minister concerned that we could not be a party to any of the recommendations of the Committee, whose findings we do not accept; but, as the rate which we have obtained from the Hydro Companies is lower than that on which we had based our estimates when making the rate reductions last year, we were able, and prepared, to make further rate reductions. These concessions have now been made from 1st April, 1939 and Government on their part have agreed not to call upon this Company for any further lowering of rates for a period of five years.

Tramways.—The number of passengers increased by 23,09,316, and the receipts were higher by Rs. 1,17,988.

During the year 11 new centre entrance double deck cars were built and put into service; 10 bogie single deck cars were reconditioned as single bogie units each seating 60 passengerss, for use on East and West Services and the Tank Bunder Line; 6 trailers released by this reconditioning were coupled to form 3 single truck trains.

The programme of track improvement was continued; 1.11 miles of double track were renewed, and 2.167 miles of double track were relaid.

Although the Board are of the opinion that there is no scope for further extensions of the tramway system in Bombay, they are also convinced that the days of obsolescence of the tramcar in this City are not yet in sight.

Buses.—The number of passengers increased by 34,41,047 and the revenue by Rs. 2,55,081.

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ASSURANCE CO., LTD

The Leading Life Assurance Office of Bombay Beg to Offer

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in the New Building, Opposite the Churchgate Railway Station and commanding an outstanding position Excellent

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GANGUBAI— THE FIGHTING AMAZON!

2ND WEEK

2ND WEEK

DON'T COME IF YOU ARE SCARED!

BECAUSE SWORD PLAY IS GETTING FAST—AT THE

MAJESTIC

"DAUGHTER OF THE MARATHAS"

ARTIST COMBINES THRILLING HISTORICAL FILM

DAILY: 5, 7-30 & 10 P.M.
HOLIDAY MATINEES AT 2-30.

PRODUCED & DIRECTED BY PANDURANG S. TALGERI.

Starring:
GANPATRAO BODAS & P. SAMANT

DISTRIBUTORS: PEERLESS PICTURES, 116, Charni Road, Bombay 4.

Premier Indian Picture House The Capitol Daily 4-45, 7-30 & 10 p. m. Sat. & Sun. 2 p. m.

2nd WEEK

She has captured the heart of Bombay!

You will be enthralled by the Superb Artistry

OF

Chhaya Devi

IN

Film Corporation's

Great Social Masterpiece

Tumhari Jeet

with

Muzamil, Devbala, Ramola Devi & others!

Feast of Music! Hilarious Comedy!

Gripping Romance! Poignant Drama!

Tickets Rs. 2-4, 1-8, 1-2, As. 9 & 4. Plans open from 9-30 A. M.

Released through Ramniklal Mohanlal & Co., Bombay

STAR FLASHES

by BRUNO

SONJA HENIE HAS RECEIVED A 30-PAGE LETTER FROM ONE FAN DAILY FOR THE PAST 6 MONTHS.'
LAUGHS FROM THE SETS
SHE'D BE THE BEST FIGURE SKATER IN HOLLYWOOD.. .. IF SHE COULD ONLY SKATE!
ICE FOLLIES
RESEARCH FOR "ONE-THIRD OF A NATION" REVEALED THAT THE U.S. PAID FRANCE RENT FOR ITS 2ND AND 3RD LINE TRENCHES IN THE WORLD WAR..... BUT GOT FRONT LINE TRENCHES FREE! THE MONEY WAS USED TO REIMBURSE THE OWNERS OF THE LAND.
3-9

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Indianizing W. I. A. A.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I would be grateful if you would accord me space in which to give my version of certain matters in the letter from the Committee of the W.I.A.A. in your issue dated April 14th.

Firstly, my agreement as Secretary does not expire on April 15th this year, but on August 31st. Secondly, I "demanded" no terms for the renewal of my contract. Under my contract it is provided that the Committee should offer me a renewal of it on any terms they thought fit. This they did not do, but only the President asked me informally on what terms I would be prepared to continue as Secretary, to which I replied that if the offer were made, I would accept either my present salary plus a new car, or my present salary plus Rs. 200 a month to enable me to buy a new car.

Thirdly, there is no resolution of the Committee offering to extend my contract to the end of this year and no such offer has been made to me by them. There was only a suggestion made by the President in private conversation that I should consider such an offer if made and I informed him that I could not accept it.

The statement about my "extraordinary action" in replying to certain members that I was unable to arrange facilities for the home delivery of cars now that it had been decided I should no longer be employed as Secretary is misleading. I did not so reply to any *member*. The whole matter concerns only the delivery of German cars in Germany. My reply was to a query sent by a motorist who is not a W.I.A.A. member and I wrote to him as I did in all good faith in the interests of the W.I.A.A., of the International Touring Alliance, of the Insurance Company, of the German Automobile Club, and of the agents or dealers in those makes of cars, since a mistake might involve the Association in a heavy loss or cause serious inconvenience to others concerned; and owing to the Manager of the Foreign Touring Department, whom I had trained specially in this work, being no longer employed by the W.I.A.A., the Association would, on my departure, be left without a single expert on international touring documents and foreign relationships. I apologise for the apparent immodesty of this statement.

I do not wish to comment on the penultimate paragraph of the letter under reference; its relevance is not at first glance apparent, and I would not wish to impugn the motives which caused its insertion.

Finally, may I take this opportunity of wishing a cordial goodbye to all members of the W.I.A.A. I have had the pleasure of serving during the past seven years? There were just over two thousand of them when I arrived; it is to nearly eight thousand that I bid farewell.—Yours, etc.

A. H. C. SYKES.

Dhanraj Mahal, April 14.

The Congress Working Committee

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Congress has been having a President and a Working Committee, but till now the President has not been the chief executive authority (Premier) of the organization. The President has been a chairman. The President has not necessarily been the leader of the dominant party in the organization and the Working Committee has not been composed mainly of the members of the dominant party in the organization.

It is indeed the best thing for the President, even though elected, to be placed in his proper position as a Chairman. If he is to have any executive authority it should only be a delegated one. The voting on the Presidential election should not be regarded as an index of the party positions in the Congress organization. The organization should be asked to choose and confirm its chief leader at regular intervals, possibly and conveniently, every year. The Working Committee, the executive council or the Cabinet should be formed by the declared leader or in consultation with him. It should be a homogeneous single party formation. The effective wielding of executive authority is only possible by such a homogeneous body. For purposes of deliberation a standing Advisory Committee comprising of members of other parties and groups may be formed. But it should not have voting power and executive authority. This will ensure the constant and working association of non-governing parties and groups in the conduct of the organization chances of friction and ascerbities and angularities will be very much diminished.—Yours, etc.

D. M. NAMJOSHI.

"A Letter To Dr. Schacht"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Mr. Karaka thinks fit to attack Dr. Schacht in self-defence by saying "It is one of the inherent traits in our Indian character never to attack a man who is a guest in our house even though he may be uninvited. There is one exception to that and it is in self-defence."

I cannot understand what Mr Karaka means by "self-defence." Is India independent that we should attack others in self-defence when our independence is threatened? We have no Army, no Navy, and no Air Force. We have been reduced to imbecility by our present masters. Millions of lives are being sacrificed in China for lack of arms of "self-defence" still our present masters are not thinking it fit to arm us to use our arms in "self-defence."

If Mr. Karaka wants to do anything for "self-defence" the proper quarter to aim his blow to is British imperialism and not Dr. Schacht and compel the British Government to arm us to the teeth so that if the Germans invade India we can defend ourselves.

Again why should we unnecessarily blame the whole of Germany for the crimes of a few? Some Germans have spoken many bad things against India for which our heart bleeds. So also has Miss Mayo done and such cruel treatment we have received from many European countries including Britain. But in our present plight we cannot afford to make any nation our enemy.

Mr. Karaka threatens Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai by saying "it may be possible to make sure that there is no cotton in his mills to give" I do not hold any brief for Mr. Sarabhai still may I ask Mr Karaka what is Mr. Sarabhai's crime? Has he been the host of the enemy of our country? I do not think so. I think it is not in our Indian blood to disgrace a guest however "uninvited" he might be, so long he does not commit or has committed an act of aggression against us individually or against our nation collectively.

May I ask why should Indians be so much cruel to Dr. Schacht? If the Indians do not contemplate boycott of any illustrious Britisher for conquest of India that is already made why should we boycott Germans in advance for her imaginary future conquest?

Do we blame Germany for finding her lost soul? For shaking off her dependence and injustice? I think we should learn to honour those who has shaken off her injustice and dependence before we fight against injustice and dependence done to us.—Yours, etc.

A.C. SEN.

"NATIONAL WEEK" IN SUBURBS

Series Of Lectures On Prohibition Propaganda

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Wednesday.

With the celebrations of "National Week", the whole of the Suburban District has become the home of activities and unbounded enthusiasm.

Some time back, a public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle was held at Gandhi Chauk under the presidentship of Mr. M. R. Masani when he explained at length the significance of the achievements of the Tripuri Session.

The Suburban District has actively taken up Prohibition Propaganda and not less than twenty-nine lectures by various speakers were arranged in different villages during the last few days.

Prabhat pherries, processions and khadi-hawking, were the features everywhere and the public actively participated in all these programmes with enthusiasm.

NOVEL NUISANCE

Some time ago a public meeting was held at Chandra Villa on Nehru Road under the auspices of Vile Parle Gujarati Mandal, Mr. P. J. Shroff presiding where the overnight changes of seating accommodation in the local train effected by the management of the B. B. and C. I. Railway came up for strong criticism and a resolution was unanimously carried disapproving the reactionary policy adopted by the Railway authorities, requesting them to immediately reconsider their decision.

NATIONAL WEEK AT KALYAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, April 14.

The "National Week" was celebrated by the Kalyan City Congress Committee with considerable enthusiasm. Mr. N. M. Gokhale of the Dadar Khadi Bhandar spoke on the ethics of Khadi, under the presidentship of Mr. V. V. Kirtane of the District Congress Committee. Messrs. Rajmal Lakhichand, M.L.A. Ishwarlal Vyas, M.L.A. Atmaram Patel, M.L.A. of Satara and Ali-Bahadur Khan M.L.A. of Bombay addressed meetings in the Shankarrao Park, on the various aspects of Indian Nationalism, Khadi sales and enrolment of Congress members received more than its usual attention during the week.

BUYING IN THE CHEAPEST MARKET

Mr. Purshottam Kanji, Secretary, A.I.S.A. writes:—

At times we come across young men who say "We will not bother about where an article is produced. We will only buy in the Cheapest Market."

They argue on the lines of Supply and Demand

And so each of us buys in the cheapest market.

But do you realise that every buyer is also a potential Seller?

The labourer has to sell his labour

The educated has to sell his intelligence

The professional has to sell his science

The merchant and the industrialist also has to sell something.

Each of these classes is in a difficult position to-day because their 'Buyer' in turn also buys in the cheapest market.

How long shall we continue in this sad plight?

When shall we realise that in buying Khadi and village products alone lies the ultimate economic recovery of all the other classes.

But if you persist on buying in the cheapest Market you will also be 'bought' in turn on the same terms.

You do help some poor spinner somewhere when you buy Khadi. But you are also as surely helping your own cause too.

Buy Khadi and help your own economic recovery.

MARATHI LITERARY CONFERENCE

AHMEDNAGAR, April 12.

During the Easter Holidays Maharashtra Sahitya Sammelan (Literary Conference) was held under the Presidentship of Prof. D. V. Potdar.

Rao Saheb Appasaheb Deshmukh made a short speech welcoming the delegates to the Conference. About 60 congratulatory messages were received from prominent presidency people wishing every success to the Conference.

About 200 delegates were present representing various Literary Associations and Societies in the Maharashtra proper. Prominent amongst those present were Messrs. N. C. Kelkar, R. D. Karve, G. N. Chafekar, Dr. Patwardhan, Dr. N. Gharpure, S. V. Kirlosker, Prof. C. V. Joshi and Mrs. Anandi Shirke.

Later an Exhibition of art and Paintings was also opened under the Presidentship of Mr. Kirloskar. It proved to be of immense value and attracted High School teachers and ladies in large numbers.

Among the resolutions passed by the Conference was an anti-war resolution. By a narrow majority compulsory teaching of Hindustani was supported by the conference. Another resolution congratulated Government for lifting the bans on a deal of proscribed literature in Marathi, while yet another resolution demanded the establishment of a University for Maharashtra.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

R. A. Gole Elected Chairman

The first-meeting of the new Municipal Schools Committee was held yesterday to consider various items of business and also to elect their Chairman.

Mr. R. A. Gole, was declared elected Chairman.

Revision Application Dismissed

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, April 14.

Considering it to be a petty case and not one fit to be referred to the High Court, Mr. M. A. Bhave, Sessions Judge, Thana dismissed a revision application filed by Abdul Aziz Habibullakhan of Ghatkopar against his conviction and sentence of Rs. 15 fine passed by the Kurla Resident Magistrate Mr. R. K. Raje for a breach of order issued under the District Municipal Act, regarding building of three privies within a stipulated period.

Messrs. A. V. Dighe and Rao Bahadur B. H. Shringarpure pleaders appeared for the applicant and the Municipality respectively.

Closing Of Bombay-Trivandrum And Bombay-Delhi Services

The last Southbound flight of the above service will leave Bombay on Monday the 17th of April 1939 and the last Northbound flight will leave Trivandrum on Wednesday the 19th of April 1939.

The last Northbound flight of the above service will leave Bombay on Thursday the 4th of May 1939 and the last Southbound flight will leave Delhi on Sunday the 7th of May 1939.

The reopening dates of the above services will be announced in due course after the monsoon.

Life Assurance is the only means whereby one can, by easy periodical payments provide with certainty, an amount one considers sufficient to ensure FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE for oneself in one's old age and/or for one's dependents.

Every Year thousands of discerning persons lay the Foundation Stone of ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE for themselves in their old age and/or for their dependents after them by insuring their lives with

"Oriental"

the strongest and most popular Indian Life Assurance Company.

DO NOT DELAY

Take out an "ORIENTAL" Policy To-day.

Write for particulars to:—

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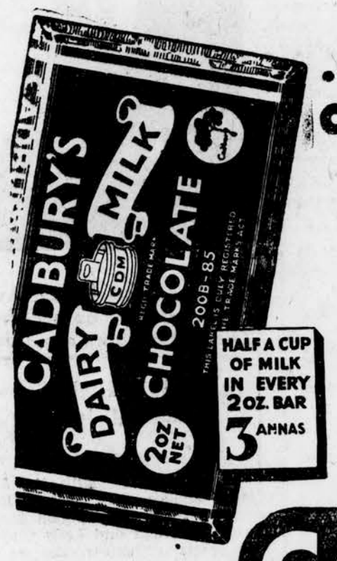
GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.

EST. 1874 ..... Head Office: BOMBAY.

These children are strong and happy

... they belong to the CADBURY CHOCO-LEAGUE



Full of fun and youthful high spirits, sturdy and vigorous—you can tell the youngsters who belong to the Cadbury Choco-League even without their badge of membership! That's because their parents know the wonderful health value of Cadbury's Milk Chocolate; how nourishing it is—how it builds up bone and muscle. Choco-League children are happy children—happy in their possession of glowing health and happy in the fun of belonging to the Choco-League. They are proud of their badge and keen on observing the rules of health contained in the secret booklet given to every member; and they simply love Cadbury's Milk Chocolate!

LET YOUR CHILDREN JOIN, TOO!

CADBURY'S MILK CHOCOLATE

To enrol your boy or girl in the Cadbury Choco-League, write your child's name in the coupon below and send it to The Chief, Cadbury Choco-League, P.O. Box 440, Calcutta, enclosing one wrapper from each of three 3-anna bars of Cadbury's Milk Chocolate. We will send by return this handsome badge of membership and booklet explaining the objects of the League.

NAME ..... AGE .....
ADDRESS .....
.....
SCHOOL .....
DEALER .....

Send this with all the wrappers to The Chief, Cadbury Choco-League, C. P.O. Box 440, Calcutta.

Don't let him suffer because he is thin!

GIVE HIM EXTRA VIGOUR WHILE HE IS GROWING

EVERYTHING in life depends on vitality. Underweight children are never perfectly fit, and cannot develop into successful adults. If your child is thin, gets colds or fevers, lacks appetite or energy he is losing something for life. He is exhausting his nervous energy, which may show in bad-temper or tiredness now, but in distressing weakness when he is a man.

It's so easy to give him new vigour and happiness with SCOTT'S EMULSION. He'll fill out in a few weeks on this tonic-food, prescribed by doctors for 60 years. Scott's is a balanced tonic, consisting of:

COD LIVER OIL—Nature's own food tonic and concentrated source of:

VITAMIN A — the bio-chemical principle of growth and of resistance against infections.

VITAMIN D —without which the body cannot make calcium into bones and teeth.

MAKE YOUR SON A STRONG MAN

SCOTT'S EMULSION is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil. Scott's is assimilated within thirty minutes while digestion of plain oil only begins after seven hours. Creamy Scott's stimulates appetite and makes other foods yield more nourishment.

HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA which supply calcium for solid bones and sound teeth; and phosphorus for healthy nerves and brain-tissue.

SCOTT'S EMULSION enables physical development to go on naturally. It provides extra food, enriches the blood, and builds maximum resistance to infection. It particularly strengthens the lungs. Scott's builds stamina instead of giving the temporary stimulus of chemical tonics. Every drop of Scott's has a lifetime's effect.

PHYSICAL FITNESS—Thin and nervous children cannot benefit greatly from physical training. They risk overstrain unless their bodies are built up to stand it. A course of SCOTT'S EMULSION thickens the bone structure, fills out muscle, and nourishes the nerves. Exercise then develops the new material provided.

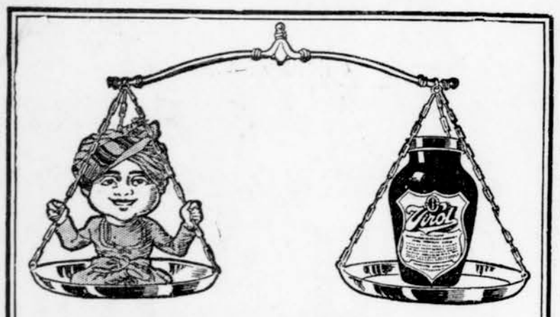
1 dessert spoonful of Scott's Emulsion has more bone-building value than 2 pints of fresh milk.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Gives Strength for Life

Sold in 8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles—the larger size is better value.

Wholesale Distributors: Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd. Calcutta . Bombay . Madras . Karachi . Rangoon Colombo . Cawnpore . Patna . Ahmedabad . Cochin . Calicut . Visagapatam . Lahore . Amritsar



A WELL-BALANCED FOOD

Virol stands pre-eminent as the one great food that contains all the necessary elements in the correct proportion.

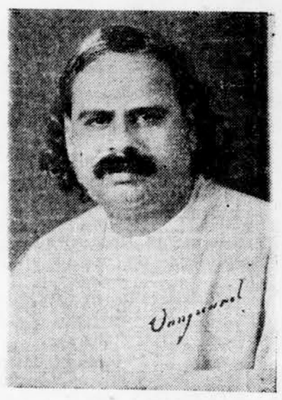
Everything your child needs for growth and health and resistance to infection is in Virol in the correct, balanced quantities. No more and no less of any ingredient is to be found in Virol, than the child's system can assimilate.

Give your child Virol and the opportunity to grow strong.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A

VIROL

CONSTITUTION

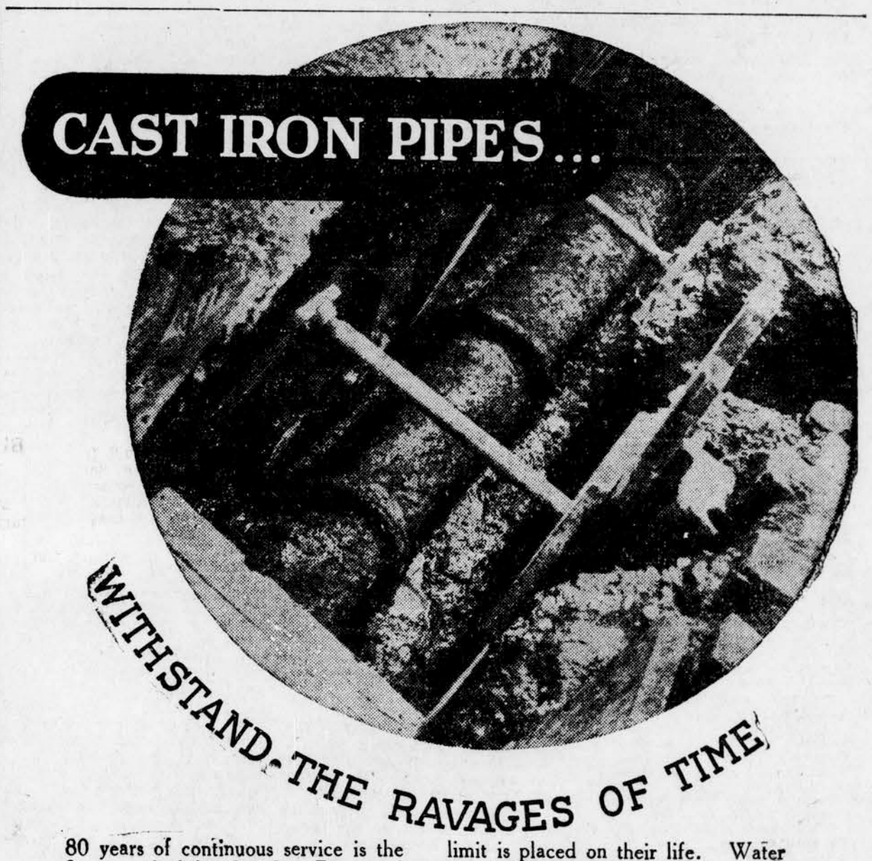


PANDIT ONKARNATH, who is giving a concert to-night at the Suburban Music Circle, Santa Cruz.

The marriage of Miss Saryubala daughter of Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, with Mr. Navinchandra Khandwala, takes place to-day, Saturday.

KHAKI
As famous as the Himalayas
DRILLS - TWILLS - CANVAS & BEDFORD CORD
TRADE MARKS
STOCKED BY ALL GOOD CLOTH DEALERS
THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC COMPANY LIMITED.
Managing Agents: BINNY & CO. (MADRAS) LTD.

Capt. Dr. R. N. Clayton of G. I. P. Rly., presided over the meeting of the St. John Ambulance Brigade (Overseas), Mahratta Division and distributed the prizes. Photo shows Mr. Sawant, Superintendent of the Division, reading the report.



80 years of continuous service is the fine record of this Cast Iron Pipe, and still it is in good condition and will go on giving good service for years and years to come.

The durability of Cast Iron Pipes is so thoroughly proved and so well-known to Engineers and Contractors that no limit is placed on their life. Water Supply Engineers throughout the world regard Cast Iron Pipes as THE most economical form of piping because, they do not corrode or rust . . . . . they are the cheapest to maintain. . . . save money on street openings and pay a final dividend in salvage value.

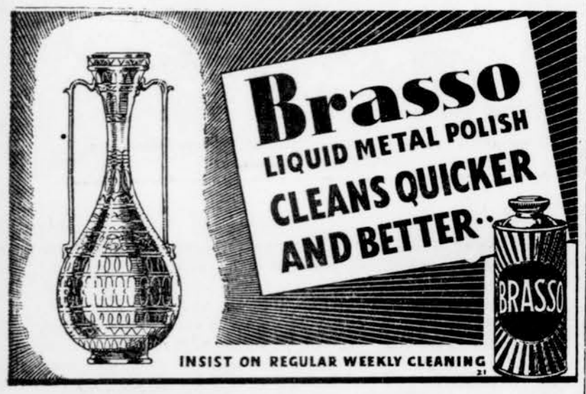
Cast Iron Pipes are manufactured at our Kulti Works to B. S. S.

The INDIAN IRON & STEEL Co. Ltd.

Managing Agents:

BURN & Co.,

12, Mission Row, Calcutta. Works at Hirapur & Kulti.



IS HE HURT?

Use 'Dettol' quickly!

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Three Months' Figures Show Notable Reduction In Casualties

Beneficial Results Of Speed Limit In City And Suburbs

NOW that the traffic authorities in Bombay City, are seriously considering the question of minimising motor accidents, by imposing a speed limit, of 35 miles an hour, it is interesting to know how far the experiment of a 30 miles speed limit has succeeded in the Bombay Suburbs where on the Bombay-Agra Road, and Ghodbunder Road, it has been operating from the 1st of August last.

In considering the number of accidents it is essential to consider whether, along with a general reduction in the accident average, there has been an appreciable reduction in the mortality figures as also the intensity and seriousness of the accidents, for an accident might be a mere scratch to a running vehicle or it might be the total smash-up of the car or lorry, resulting in serious injury or death to persons.

It is mere commonsense to realise that if two cars proceeding at 60 and 30 miles per hour should meet with accidents, the slower car will suffer comparatively less, other conditions being the same.

Enquiries made by a "Chronicle" reporter show that comparing the statistics of accidents for a period of three months prior to the introduction of the speed-limit, and a period of three months after, the following ratios of reduction are available.

Accidents
15 per cent. reduced
Killed
40 per cent. reduced.
Injured
25 per cent. reduced.

These significant figures are not conclusive but they give very nearly correct averages.

As important as the figures, perhaps there is a great difference in the nature of the accidents. Drivers going at 30 miles per hour find it easier to bring the car under control or to brake them at the moment of a mishap, and therefore since the speed-limit was introduced accidents have been of a less serious nature than the corresponding months before the introduction of the speedlimit.

Among responsible motorists, there is an idea that in a congested city like Bombay speed-limit, is a desideratum, as in all big European cities. The contention of some motorists, that by this measure, the driver's personal liberty is curtailed and also much precious time is lost seems to be on the face of it fallacious. Personal liberty of the motorist cannot be compatible with the danger to life and limb of others.

As regards the argument that much time is wasted this way, it is enough to remember that Bombay is about 11 miles from one end to the other and can be covered in about 20 minutes at 35 miles per hour. At a higher speed, the amount of time saved would be in minutes and seconds and cannot make an appreciable difference.

As regards the speed-traps which are kept at various places to detect speeding their accuracy has been tested at many strategic points in the suburbs and also in Bombay and there has been unanimity of opinion that they are accurate and reliable. The margin of error has never been more than three miles in the suburbs and less even in Bombay city. In order that motorists might not be the victims of any slight inaccuracies in the speed-trap reading, the motorist is allowed a grace of an additional six miles Thus a motorist going along the Bombay-Agra Road, at 35 or even 36 miles per hour according to the speed-trap is not prosecuted but allowed to go.

One thing the motorist will do well to remember is that this measure is not intended to take away something from him but only for the purpose of reducing accidents. In the first instance the measure would be experimental and from actual figures any further adjustment can be made.

It would be worthwhile to have a chat of the roads, where the speed-limit operates, and locate the spot where an accident takes place by coloured pins, colour corresponding to the colours of the vehicles. This would show the relation of colour to accidents and would help in determining the plague-spots to a nicety, and also the comparatively safer places which could be exempted from its operation. In the suburbs similarly, it was found that between Shivri and Malad there were comparatively fewer accidents and hence the speed-limit in this area is likely to be removed.

The general effect of the speed-limit has been shown to be that drivers drive more carefully, accidents steadily decrease, and the accidents themselves are not so serious. In a certain case a man charged with speeding was acquitted by a suburban Magistrate on the ground that the speed-trap was not efficient.

While it is necessary to ensure maximum efficiency, from the speed-traps, incidents of this nature might lead the motorist to become careless thinking that acquittal was easy.

The general impression in the suburbs is that the speed-trap is a good thing for pedestrians as well as the motorists themselves. It could yield much better results, however, if the staff were adequate, which at present is not the case.

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Water Polo Quadrangular

CHAMPIONS FOR FIFTH YEAR IN SUCCESSION

Parsis Eliminate Europeans In Keen Struggle At Victoria Baths

The Parsis on Friday evening had the satisfaction of being champions for the fifth year in succession by beating the Europeans in the final of the annual Quadrangular Water Polo Tournament on Friday evening before a very large gathering in the Victoria Swimming Baths. The victors got the measure of their opponents by the odd goal in three.

The game was one of the keenest struggle seen in Bombay. The teams were well balanced, and it was anybody's game till the final whistle. Some felt a draw would have been a truer index of the run of play.

However, both sides got equal support from the throng around the pool, and a win, this way or the other, would have been equally popular.

On the form shown on Thursday and Friday, the visiting Ceylon water-polo side will have a stiff proposition to lower Bombay's colours when they play here on April 24 and 25.

THE GAME.

From the throw in the Parsis got possession and Bharucha was unlucky not to give his side the lead, a fine shot striking the goal post. Poonjiaji, however, who was unmarked, got possession from the rebound, and with a smart send in beat Marsman. A real struggle ensued and the ball travelled to both goals in turn, the sides putting in some hard and fast swimming. Towards the close of the period the Europeans were to a degree on top, but Kapadia frustrated a number of dangerous raids and Desai in goal when tested, was equal to things. Just before the interval the Parsis relieved pressure, and had Colah steadied himself, a shot that went wide might have found its mark.

EUROPEANS IMPROVE.

Resuming one goal behind the Europeans asserted themselves and Gordon in the first half-minute sent in a long shot a wee bit wide. The Europeans maintained pressure and drew level through Gordon. Vogle shortly after missed when nicely placed Play was transferred and Bharucha in an attempt to score sent the ball out of play. A fine save by Marsman prevented Poonjiaji putting the Parsis ahead. A spell of even play followed. Kapadia held up a European raid and flipped the ball out to Poonjiaji, who sent it across to Bharucha, the latter got the better of Robottom and beat Marsman with a strong shot. Bharucha might have increased the Parsi margin immediately after, but he put an easy shot over the cross-bar. Vogle committed a similar blunder at the other end. A corner throw against the Europeans gave Bharucha an opening, a quick flip, was however cleverly stopped by Marsman. The Europeans went all out to get on terms and Desai saved twice in fine style. Vogle was very unfortunate not to get the equaliser after this, a powerful effort being stopped by the cross-bar. All the endeavours of the Europeans were of no avail and the Parsis won by 2 goals to 1.

THE TEAMS.

PARSIS: A. Desai; P. N. Desai, K. D. Kapadia and A. N. Toddywalla; F. B. Poonjiaji, R. H. Colah and P. M. Bharucha.

EUROPEANS: R. Marsman; M. Robottom, E. Spilling and N. Gordon; T. Stendler, H. Vogle and T. Stendler.

WATER POLO

Ceylon Side To Play In Bombay

The Victoria Swimming Bath will be the venue of yet another aquatic sports fixture. A strong representative Ceylon team will play water-polo matches in this pool on April 24 and 25. On the first day Ceylon will oppose a side drawn from the Parsi and Hindu communities. The next evening Ceylon will be pitted against a combination representing all-Bombay. The games are sure to provide class water-polo. Besides the representative matches, on both days there are to be diving displays and other aquatic contests, which spell, two evenings of cool, good and interesting sport.

DISPUTE OVER "PAISA FUND"

Settlement In High Court Suit

The suit filed by Narayan Ambaji Gholab and others against Abdul Karim Lalbhai and others was disposed of by Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court.

The dispute was in connection with a fund known as the "Paisa Fund" of the Bakar Kasai mosques, two of which were at Khadak in Bombay and others at Bandra.

The plaintiffs filed the suit on behalf of the members of the Kshatriya Maratha Dhangar Community, to which they belonged. The defendants were trustees of the above mentioned mosques and of the funds and properties belonging to them.

The plaintiffs stated that the members of the community were shepherds who used to send sheep to the slaughter houses at Kurla. There were also Mohomedans dealers in goats and sheep, who were members of the Bakar Kasai Jamat.

A scheme for the management of the mosques had been framed under a decree of the High Court in 1912 by which the properties of the mosques were declared a public charitable trust. Among the funds collected for the mosques was a fund known as the "Paisa Fund", which was formed by the collection of a contribution of one pice per goat or sheep sent to the Bandra slaughter house by the Mohemedan dealers.

AVOIDING PAYMENT.

It was alleged by the plaintiffs that in order to avoid payment of this contribution, the Mohomedan dealers brought their sheep and goats in the same railway wagons which carried the sheep of the Dhangar community to Bandra. It was, therefore, suggested to the then trustees of the mosque that a similar contribution be collected from the Dhangars also to be applied to some religious or charitable object. The suggestion was accepted, and a sum of Rs. 6,500/- was collected during the years 1926-1929 and 3,439/- during 1930-1933. When the representatives of the Dhangars demanded payment of these amounts for the benefit of their community, the defendants denied knowledge of any such fund. The plaintiffs therefore filed this suit to recover the amounts.

SETTLEMENT.

The suit was contested by the defendants who stated that the Hindu dealers were numerically insignificant compared to the Mohomedans. They further stated that there was no suggestion to collect contributions from the Hindu dealers as alleged by the plaintiffs. As trustees of the mosques, they claimed the right to collect the "Paisa fund" which, according to them, had been recognised by the High Court.

At the suggestion of the Advocate General, the parties came to a compromise at the hearing of the sut. His Lordship accordingly passed a consent order dismissing the suit.

NEW DELHI, April 11.

Her Excellency the Marchioness of Linlithgow opened this evening in presence of large audience the Seth Lal Chand Centre of Welfare at Nangloi about ten miles from Delhi. A Gift of Rs. 5,000 was made by Lala Seth Lal Chand.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay—I & II Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)
31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)
8-0 a. m. to 10-0 As in Delhi 1
12-0 to 2-45 as in Delhi 1.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)
6-0 to 11-0 p. m. as in Delhi 2

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
8-0 a. m. Radio Orchestra 8-10 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 8-30 Master Jiwan 8-35 Valayat Khan 9-10 Asad Ali Khan 9-30 Instrumental Duet 9-35 Manohar and Aziz 9-40 Valayat Khan.
12-0 Recorded Music.
1-0 p.m. Dance Ditties 6-10 Valayat Khan 6-30 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 6-50 Alap Shankra on the Sitar 6-55 Asad Ali Khan 7-15 For Villagers 8-0 New Urdu Books 8-15 Delhi Radio Orchestra 8-25 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 8-45 Surbahar Recital 8-55 Asad Ali Khan 9-50 Gat Tora on Tabla 10-0 H G Wells by Janak Kumari Zutshi 10-15 Valayat Khan 10-30 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 10-45 Asad Ali Khan.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)
8-0 to 10-0 a. m. & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p. m. As in Delhi 1.
60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)
6-0 to 7-0 p.m. as in Delhi 1 7-15 Valayat Khan 7-30 Instrumental Trio 7-40 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur 8-0 to 9-50 as in Delhi 1 9-50 Berlin State Orchestra 10-0 to 10-15 as in Delhi 1 10-15 Lena Naller: Contralto

Delhi—III Programme

19.62 metres (15,290 kc/s)
8-0 to 10-0 a. m & 12-0 noon to 2-0 p. m As in Delhi 1.
31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)
6-0 to 7-0 p.m. as in Delhi 1 7-15 to 8-0 as in Delhi 2 8-0 to 11-0 as in Delhi 1.

Peshawar Programme

200 metres (1,500 kc/s)
7-0 p. m. An hour with Villagers 8-0 to 11-0 as in Delhi 1.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time)
370.4 metres (810 kc/s)
12-30 p. m. Paul Robeson Bass-Baritone 12-50 Music 1-17 Music 1-30 For you, Madam! 2-5 New releases 5-0 songs 5-30 for countryside 6-30 Abbasuddin Ahmed 6-50 Leelabai 7-10 Abbasudin Ahmed 7-20 Path-O-Pathik 8-5 Current events (Bengali) by Nirode Ch. Chowdhury, M.A. 9-10 Teresa Murphy: Soprano 9-25 Interlude 9-35 Erwin klein & his Viennese Dance orchestra.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s)
12-30 to 2-30 As in Calcutta 1
61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)
5-0 to 9-10 p.m. As in Calcutta 1 9-10 Binapani Mukherjee I 9-25 Satya Chowdhuri 9-45 Binapani Mukherjee I 10-0 For Oriya Listeners.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)
5-0 p. m. T S Krishna Iyengar Vocal. 6-0 P Subba Rao: Hindustani Vocal 6-30 Venkataswami Raju "Gottuvadhyam" 6-45 T S Krishna Iyengar: Vocal 7-15 Brave Music (Telugu) by Rallapali Anantakrishna Sarma 7-30 Sangita Sastra Ratnakara Vasudevacharya: Vocal 9-20 World events by G A Johnson 9-35 Stenka Razine (Russian Robin Hood) 9-51 Listeners' Letters 10-6 Nan Maryska: Soprano 10-15 dance music 10-30 Epilogue.

Madras—II Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)
5-0 to 6-0 p.m. as in Madras 1 6-0 Sandhya Geet 6-10 Self sufficiency in Sugar (Tamil) 6-20 Kamba Ramayanam 6-30 to 9-35 as in Madras 1 9-35 Baluswami Dikshitar of Tiruvarur: Veena

Lahore—Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)
6-0 p.m Ferozabai 6-15 Airvoice Orchestra 6-20 Bawa Ganpati of Multan 6-50 Umra Zia Begam 7-0 For Countryside 7-45 Ferozabai 8-0 New Urdu Books (Hindustani) by Syed Imtiaz Ali Taj 8-15 Ankhen (Punjabi) by Rafi Peer 9-5 Umra Zia Begam 9-45 Interlude 9-50 Umra Zia Begam 10-10 Multani Kafis 10-40 Umra Zia Begam.

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)
6-0 p. m. Badr Shameem of Khen Punjabi by Rafipeer 6-40 Kumari Malti Sane 7-0 For Children 7-30 Records 8-0 Urdu Books (Hindustani) by Syed Imtiaz Ali Taj (Relayed from Lahore) 8-15 Badr Shameem of Kheri 8-35 Rashid Ahmed Khan. 8-45 Records 8-55 Kumari Malti Sane 9-50 Early History of China by Judith Appaswamy 10-5 Rashid Ahmed Khan 10-30 Naiki Kanra on the Sarangi 10-40 Badr Shameem of Kheri.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 p. m. Phil Park and Sidney Torch at Two Pianos 7-50 Troise & His Mandoliers, 8-25 To be Announced 10-15 News 10-30 Sports News.

HOLIDAY ON "SHIV JAYANTI"

Millowners Reject Demand

A representative of the Bombay Millowners' Association received a deputation on behalf of the "Shivaji-Birthday Holiday Committee" at 3 p.m. on Thursday in the Association's office in Fort.

The deputation consisted of Messrs B. V. Jadhav (Ex-Minister), A. N. Surve, A. H. Gadre and Masurkar (Hon. Secretary). The deputationists explained at length the religious social and national importance of the celebration of the birth of Shivaji the Great and tried to pursuade the Millowners' Association to declare the date of the birth of Shivaji (21st of April this year) as an annual holiday to all the mills in Bombay.

The representative of the Association expressed his sympathy with the demand but told the deputationists that the Association cannot include Shiv Jayanti even as a shift-holiday.

The deputationists returned convinced that a more effective agitation amongst the mill-workers was necessary to force the millowners to concede to their demand.

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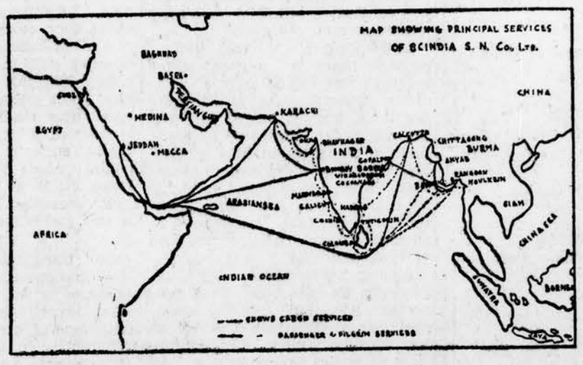

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NAZI LANDSLIDE IN 'VARSITIES

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON. (By Air Mail.)

An extraordinary fall in the number of members of the Nazi party among German undergraduates was reported by Dr. Reinhold Schairer at the annual Congress of the National Union of Students at New College, Oxford, on Friday last.

The Nazis, he said, had always been suspicious of the universities, and they were threatning now that if this landslide went on they would have to suppress the universities altogether and replace them by technical institutes in which people's minds could be trained to an unquestioning devotion to the Fuehrer. There would always be, however, a minority of freedom-loving people in Germany and Italian universities.

Officers' Corps May Take Hitler Prisoner?

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
BERLIN. (By Air Mail.)

There is a possibility that if Herr Hitler presses his aggressive policy too far the Officers' Corps may one day take him prisoner and say "You will remain here and do what we tell you."

The Officers' Corps has never forgiven the murder, during the Roehm Purge in 1934, of von Schleicher.

Communists In Fascist Party As Part Of Concerted Plan

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON. (By Air Mail.)

Following of Sir Oswald Mosley, it is understood, are rejoicing because large numbers of "converted" communists are joining the British Union of Fascists—but their rejoicing will be short-lived. These "converted Communists are actually picked members of the party, who are joining the Fascists as part of a concerted plan.

Taking a leaf out of Hitler's book, the Communists appear to have decided that a good way to undermine a party is from within. It will be almost impossible to weed out these men, even though the Fascists decide to expel all those who assert that they are "converted" Communists.

Stafford Cripps To Lead Party Of Three In Commons

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON. (By Air Mail.)

Sir Stafford Cripps may soon be leading a party of three in the House of Commons.

Mr. Aneurin Bevan and Mr. George Strauss, the two Labour M.P.s who have been assisting Sir Stafford's "Popular Front" campaign, refuse to desert him. They told the Labour's National Executive to this effect.

The result, as the Executive has kept its word, has been the expulsion of these two members from the Party.

America To Instruct Argentinian Military Fliers

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
NEW YORK (By Air Mail).

In the southern part of South America, two of the leading countries, Argentina and Chile have had their armies trained by German officers in the German tradition.

Bolivia also entrusted the training of its soldiers some years ago to German experts, but in all three the Germans show signs of being on the wane. In Argentina, German instructors of the Argentinian Army are meeting competition from the members of the American military aviations mission. The work of the latter has been so successful that the Argentinian Government want America to send more of her officers to instruct Argentinian military fliers.

WOMAN TRACTOR-DRIVERS FOR RUSSIA

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
MOSCOW. (By Air Mail.)

A resolution signed by the Young Communists' League and send to the Commissariats of Agriculture and State Farms that is published here calls for the training of 100,000 women tractor-drivers.

This is regarded as the first step in providing a complete female shift to substitute for the men drivers in war-time when the men would drive tanks. At present 483,500 tractors operate in Soviet fields. By next harvest-time one out of every five will be driven by a woman.

Memorial In Stone For King George Fifth

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON. (By Air Mail.)

How can British memorialise in stone King George V? There is no end to the suggestions. One of the most interesting is that the memorial should show the late King as he appeared at the microphone.

He was the first English monarch to use the Air to address the people. Broadcasting was born in his time, and his famous Empire broadcasts forged a new link between the Throne and its subjects even to the remotest corners of the earth.

Chhindawara Kisan Conference

Proprietory Rights For Peasants Demanded

Mr. R. K. Jalodolkar, Secretary, District Kisan Sabha, Chhindawara (C.P.) has issued the following report to the Press:—

Propaganda was made in every nook and corner of the district by the Reception Committee formed under the chairmanship of Mr. Atifatali Khan with the result that the morning of the 9th April saw Kisans pouring down from all corners to join the conference. The Town Hall was decorated by the Kisan slogans and was packed to its full capacity while a great number had to remain outside for want of sufficient in the verandah.

At exact one o'clock Mr. Bhaiaji Kulkarni, a Kisan leader from Jubbulpore and also the President elect of conference arrived in the Town Hall amidst great enthusiasm and expectation.

At the beginning of the conference some interested persons tried to spoil the smooth working of the conference by creating disturbance but the Kisan cooled them. Mr. Atifatali Khan delivered his welcome speech bringing home to the Kisans the importance and the purposes of the present conference.

Mr. Bhaiyaji Kulkarni in his presidential speech dealt with the conditions of Kisans and explained to them their demands He further asked them to organise themselves into local Kisan Sabha under the District Kisan Sabha and to carry out their activities and struggles further on uncessingly for support and strength of our ministers in the Cabinet.

Later on the following resolutions on general demands of Kisans were put to vote and passed unanimously:— (1) Abolition of debts. (2) Proprietory of peasants. (3) 50 per cent. reduction in land revenue. (4) Anewari be fixed through the village Panch. (5) Full remission of the 2nd Kist of land revenue of 1939. (6) Free grazing in Government Forest. (7) Ejectment be stopped. (8) Facility for the education. (9) Establishment for village Panchayats with limited powers of civil and criminal cases. (10) Special consideration for the damage crops due to heavy rains and hail storms.

Mr. G. R. Trivedi, Advocate, Pt. Shivdayal of Binjhawara, Bakaram Khare, President of Betul Kisan Sabha and others spoke in the conference. The conference ended with the shouting of Kisan slogans.

C. I. STATES' PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

Mr. Kanhaiyalal D. Vaidya General Secretary of the Reception Committee of the second Central India States' People's Conference Dohad Session has issued the following to the C. I. States workers and Praja Mandals:—

Dohad is busy preparing to receive the representatives of 144 States.

As the All-India States People's Conference has been fortunate to secure the leadership of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the C. I. Conference is also fortunate in securing the leadership of no less personality than Acharya Shree Narendra Deo.

The Central India States' People's Conference session will be held in Dohad on the 14th and 15th May 1939. People from all the 144 small and big States of Central India should remember these dates and send their representatives to Dohad and knit themselves into a powerful provincial organisation which will stand them in good stead in their trials and tribulations.

LONDON, April 13.—The King and Queen motored from Windsor Castle this morning to Bolden Camp where they inspected the latest type of barrack block which is nearing completion. Later they watched troops carrying out defence exercises and this afternoon they will be present for firing on local ranges by machine-gunners and infantry anti-tank shooting, battle shooting and anti-aircraft firing.

ALLEGED HIGH-HANDED ACTION OF POLICE

Sequel To Oil Workers Strike In Assam

(From A Correspondent)

About ten thousand Oil and Petrol Workers have been on strike since the 3rd April, at Digboi in Assam. The industry stands completely paralysed as all the workers including clerks, bungalow servants, scavengers, Choukidars have joined it.

For the last 14 months that is, from the formation of the Labour Union at Digboi certain negotiations have been going on between the Company and the Union regarding the grievances and demands of the workers. The Company however, was not prepared to recognise the Union or consider any of the demands unless found out by a competent Court of Enquiry appointed for the purpose.

The Court of Enquiry was appointed and made known its findings in February last. The recommendations were published in all the leading papers of the Province as well as others. But even those recommendations were not agreeable to the Company. The Company did not even observe the ordinary promises made, for instance not to victimise those that may give evidence before the Enquiry Committee and the like

The recommendations of the Court of Enquiry were not at all satisfactory to the Union. But the Union was prepared to discuss matters with the Company on that basis. But the Company adopted a strange attitude. Not only did the Company maintain a "hide and Seek" policy but it dismissed about 200 workers which provoked the workers and spurred them to some determined action. Consequently the workers have struck work in order to get all the workers including the two hundred reinstated and also grant their earlier demands.

After the workers had actually came on strike a number of important leaders were intimated and requested to intervene and bring about an early settlement. Mahatma Gandhi, Pt. Nehru, President Bose, Comrade M. N. Roy and others have been telegraphically communicated.

POLICE TRAMPLE ON NATIONAL FLAG.

Despite the most peaceful atmosphere maintained by the strikers military forces of about 200 strong has been posted on the scene. The police action have been extremely provocative. On the 6th when the volunteers posted at their duty were looking after their job when some police officers snatched the National as well as the Red flags forcibly from the hands of the volunteers and tore them to pieces.

This provocative action of the police was immediately reported to the Premier of Assam.

All processions and meetings have been prohibited unded Section 144, Cr.P.C. Strong protests have been lodged to the provincial leaders, Congress Committee and the Premier, immediately to institute an enquiry in all these high-handed actions of the police.

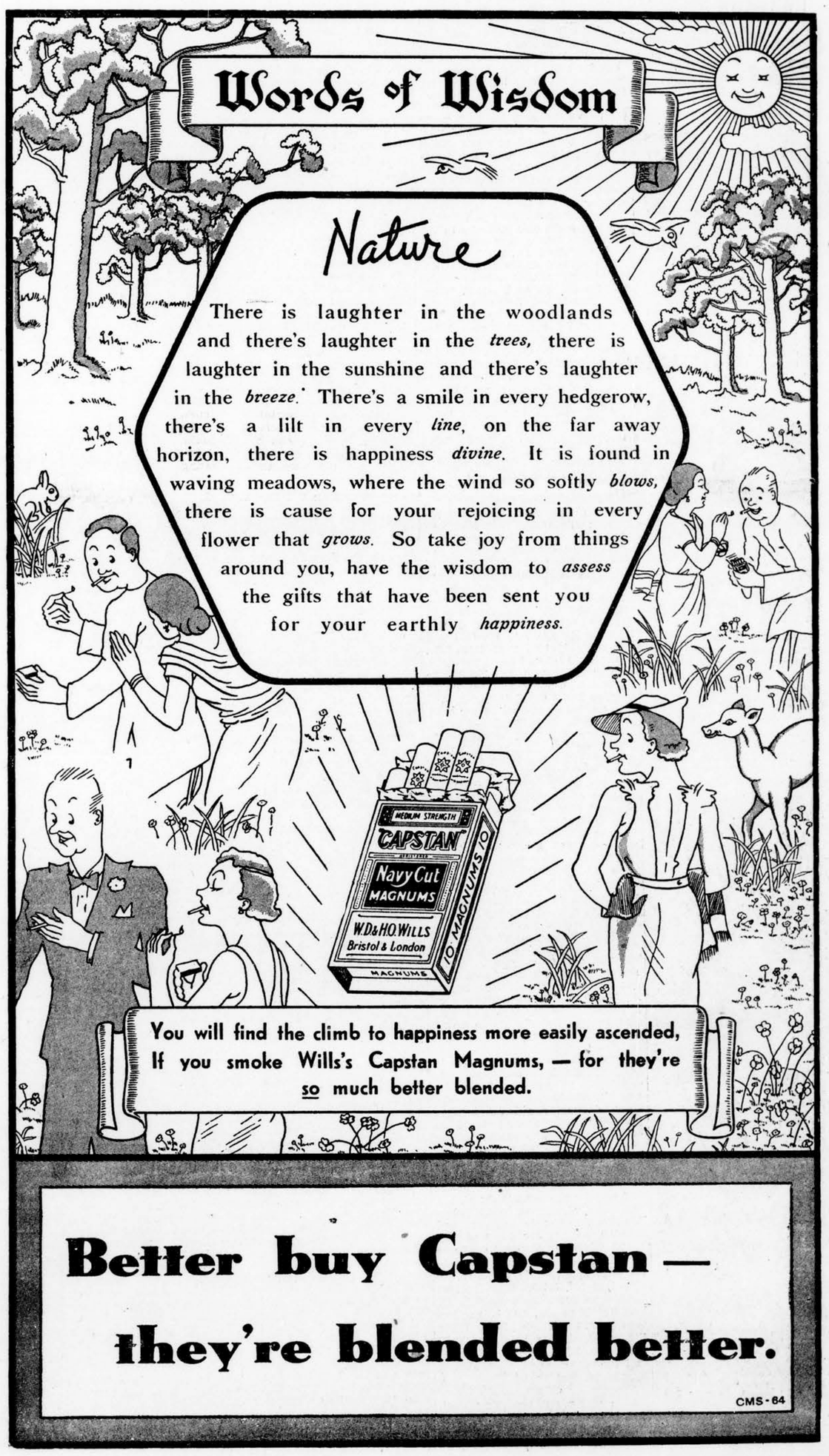
Despite the police action and the promulgation of section 144, the workers are very firm in their determination to continue the strike until success is won. Sympathetic meetings are being held particularly by working class organisations.

SWEEPERS DEMAND CONCEDED

VIJAPUR (Mehsana), April 14.

Sweepers of the Vijapur Municipality have sent a requisition to the Municipal authorities demanding an increment of one rupee in the wage of the male sweeper and eight annas in the wage of the female sweeper, one month's leave with full pay to the female sweeper during her pregnancy, a half holiday on Sunday, and baskets and other materials at Municipal expenses.

The Municipal Authorities are understood to have conceded many of the demands.—United Press


Words of Wisdom
Nature
There is laughter in the woodlands and there's laughter in the *trees*, there is laughter in the sunshine and there's laughter in the *breeze*. There's a smile in every hedgerow, there's a lilt in every *line*, on the far away horizon, there is happiness *divine*. It is found in waving meadows, where the wind so softly *blows*, there is cause for your rejoicing in every flower that *grows*. So take joy from things around you, have the wisdom to *assess* the gifts that have been sent you for your earthly *happiness*.
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Navy Cut
MAGNUMS
W.D.&H.O.WILLS
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10 MAGNUMS
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Trade And Finance

Keen Demand For Money

Gilt-Edged Securities Quiet On European Situation

COTTON MILL SHARES EASY ON DIFFICULTIES OF INDUSTRY

Weekly Market Review

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, April 14.

MONEY.

Keen demand for funds characterised the conditions on the money market during the week under report, day-to-day funds being quoted at 2-3/4 per cent. Towards the close, however, an influx of almost Rs. 50 lakhs against the sale of sterling to the Reserve Bank of India resulted in the rate being lowered to 2-1/4 per cent.

The statement of the Reserve Bank of India made upto 7th April 1939 shows a considerable decline of Rs. 664.35 lakhs in Government Deposits, while Bankers' Deposits and Other Deposits are down by Rs. 66.40 lakhs and Rs. 17.41 lakhs respectively. Government have borrowed Rs. 50 lakhs under "Ways and Means." while the item of 'Balances held abroad' is down by Rs. 363.65 lakhs. Total notes in circulation have increased by Rs. 480.67 lakhs and the ratio of gold plus sterling assets to total liabilities is fractionally up to 50.211 per cent.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India also made up to 7th April 1939 records a decline in the item of 'Fixed Deposits' of Rs. 139.26 lakhs indicating better demand for funds. Advances by the Bank are down by Rs. 11.77 lakhs. The Investment Portfolio of the Bank has increased by Rs. 1.75 lakhs and the Bank's cash holdings are up by Rs. 32.03 lakhs.

Tenders to Government for three months' Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 1.16 crores whereof Rs. 1 crore were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 2-5-11 per cent. per annum as against Rs. 2-5-8 per cent. obtained in the preceding week. Fixed deposit rates were 2 per cent. for three months and 1-3/4 per cent. for six months.

GILT-EDGED.

Gilt-edged presented a quieter tone during the week under report due to increasing uncertainty regarding the trend of European political situation. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock, opening at £81-1/2, gradually declined and closed at £80, while 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper, after opening at Rs. 94-13, declined to Rs 93-2 and closed better at Rs. 93-8. 2 3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan declined from Rs. 97-15 to Rs. 97-10. 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan from Rs. 100 to Rs. 99-8 and 3-1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan from Rs. 103-9 to Rs. 103-4. 4 per cent. 1943 bonds likewise lost ground from Rs. 107-2 to Rs. 107 at the end. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan from Rs. 109-8 to Rs. 109-6 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan from Rs. 115-4 to Rs. 115. 3 per cent. 1941 bonds, on the other hand, remained unchanged around Rs. 101-10 and 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan around Rs. 104-2, while 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan found sellers at Rs. 100-10. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 113-6 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan at Rs. 96-14.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange displayed a steady tone early in the week, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-15/16d. and buyers 1s. 5-31/32d. occasional business passing at middle rates. Towards the close, the market was quieter on easier monetary conditions, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-59/64d. and buyers 1s. 5-61/64d. Little business in connection with export of gold was reported, while the showing of merchandise export bills was restricted.

Among the foreign exchanges in London, sterling continued to depreciate in terms of the dollar and the sterling/dollar cross-rate, after opening around 468.15 cents, gradually declined and closed at 468.07 cents. The control was reported to have intervened heavily to support sterling. The premium on three months' forward dollars widened from 2.21 cents to 2.93 cents, but closed lower at 2.71 cents. Fluctuations in the sterling/franc rate ranged between frs. 176.71 and frs. 176.79, while the discount on three months' forward francs, after widening from frs. 0.140 to frs. 0.340, closed at frs. 0.210. The guilder ranged narrowly between 8.82-1/8 and 8.81-11/16 and the belga between 27.83 and 27.81-3/4, while the lira fluctuated between 89.02 and 89.00. The Shanghai dollar and the yen kept unchanged around 8d. and 1s. 2d.

GOLD

This was a short-working week due to the incidence of holidays and prices remained practically unchanged during the major part of the week. Spot gold opened at Rs. 37-1-3 and after declining to Rs. 37-9 remained at that level for the rest of the week. May settlement gold was quoted at nine pies over spot, while June delivery stood at a premium of one anna three pies over the spot rate. The Reserve Bank of India is reported to have purchased.....ounces of gold during the week, but little business in connection with export was put through. Some reselling on arbitrage account was reported. In London price for spot gold opened at 148s. 6d. and after touching 148s. 6-1/2d. closed at 148s. 6d., while the premium on gold over the dollar arbitrage parity varied between nothing and 1/2d. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 23-11 at the opening, but improved and closed at Rs. 23-11-6 per coin. Floating stocks of gold are estimated at about 100,000 tolas, arrivals from Upcountry at 40,000 tolas a day and the daily offtake at 1,500 tolas. Gold bullion and coins valued at Rs. 27,279 were imported during the week, while last week gold worth Rs. 13,29,669 was shipped to London per s.s. "Strathallan." Gold worth Rs. 53,65,095 has also gone forward to New York per s.s. "President Garfield." The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 37-1-3 and Rs. 37-0-6 for spot, Rs. 37-1-9 and Rs. 37-1 for May settlement and Rs. 37-2 and Rs. 37-1-9 for June settlement.

SILVER

Silver ruled steady during the week on increased political tension in Europe and subsequent rumours about an increase in war risk insurance rates. The spot price opening at Rs. 52-10, improved to Rs. 52-15-6, but closed lower at Rs. 52-13 on profit-taking. Silver for delivery during May settlement was quoted at a discount of two annas under spot, while June settlement silver stood at a similar discount under May settlement. In London, the spot price of the metal was maintained at 20d. throughout the week, while the discount on two months' forward delivery, which was 5/16d. at the opening, declined to 3/16d., and closed at 1/4d. Stocks of silver are estimated at about 1,250 bars, while the offtake averages about 50 bars a day. During the week, 279 bars of silver were imported from abroad, while silver coins worth Rs. 1,600 were also imported. Silver worth £31,500 arrived yesterday, whereas £25,400 worth of silver is 'en route.' The highest and lowest rates recorded during the week were. Rs. 52-15-6 and Rs. 52-9-6 for spot, Rs. 52-14-0 and Rs. 53-6-6 for May settlement and Rs. 52-12 and Rs. 52-7 for June settlement.

CALCUTTA

The improved sentiment discernible in the Calcutta Jute Market continued at the beginning of the week, but the market subsequently turned quieter, most quotations showing considerable losses. The price of hessians for forward delivery also steadily declined from Rs. 9-6 to Rs. 9-5 at the end.

LOCAL SHARES

This was a short-working week on the local stock exchange owing to the incidence of Easter holidays. The market discounted the continued tension in the European political situation and prices were maintained in all sections excepting cotton mills which tended to be easier. The weakness in this group is due mainly to the recent handicaps put in the way of this industry by the conclusion of the Indo-British Trade Pact and the recent increase in the import duty on raw cotton from ½ anna to 1 anna per lb.

In the steel section, Tata Iron & Steel Deferreds, after touching Rs. 1215 on the opening day, declined to Rs. 1150, but closed better at Rs. 1186-4, while Ordinaries ranged between Rs. 264 and Rs. 252, closing at Rs. 257-8. In the Textile group, Bombay Dyeings, after declining from Rs. 785 to Rs. 760, recovered to Rs. 768-12, but reacted and closed at Rs. 762-8. Centuries lost over 12 points to Rs. 216-8, Central Indias shed well nigh 7 points to Rs. 206 and Kohinoors some 6 points to Rs. 213 but at the end made some leeway, Centuries closing at Rs. 219-8, Central Indias at Rs. 208 and Kohinoors at Rs. 214. New Greats were offered at steadily declining rates, the quotation dropping from Rs. 196 to Rs. 185 at the close, whilst Colaba Lands showed a similar trend, the rate dropping by over 8 points to Rs. 105 in the process. Amongst Hydro-electrics, Andhra Valleys showed little or no change around Rs. 1365, whilst Tata Powers kept hovering around Rs. 1225. Tata Hydros declined from Rs. 146 to Rs. 144, but improved at the close to Rs. 145-8. Bombay Trams, on the other hand, were fairly steady, the quotation rising up from Rs. 126-12 to Rs. 127-8. There was very little activity in the Bank and Railway sections; Bank of India moving narrowly between Rs. 136-4 and 137 and Central Banks between Rs. 32-4 and 32-3. Imperial Bank Fully Paids fluctuated between Rs. 1510 and Rs. 1505 and Partly Paids between Rs. 367-8 and Rs. 366-4, whilst Reserve Banks were fairly maintained around Rs. 100-12. Ahmed. Prantij Rly. scrips were done at Rs. 958-12 while those of the Tapti Valley changed hands at Rs. 742-8. In the miscellaneous bloc, Associated Cements were slightly steadier on bear-covering, the quotation marching ahead from Rs. 112 to Rs. 115-8 whilst Belapur Sugars declined to Rs. 173 and Bombay Burmas to Rs. 423 at the close. There was heavy selling in Scindia Steams on reports of contemplated increase in the capital by the Company, the price declining to as low as Rs. 15-4, recovering at the close to Rs. 16-1, whereas New Indias ruled weak at Rs. 34.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS

London, April 13

	This week
Total Bullions	£227,250,000
Public Deposits	£ 17,700,000
(a) Other Deposits	£138,600,000
Government Securities	£108,700,000
(b) Other Securities	£ 27,600,000
Notes and Coin	£ 37,500,000
Notes in Circulation	£489,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	24.01 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits include	£ 97,600,000
(b) Other Securities include	£ 6,300,000
Total deposits	£156,300,000
Total Securities	£136,500,000

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 13

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	DoHars
American Power and Light Common	4
American Power and Light 5 per cent Pfd	51
Electric Bond Common	8
Electric Bond 5 per cent pfd	53
Columbia Gas and Electric	6
Consolicated Edison	23 7/8
American Tel and Tel	152 5/8
Sun Life of Canada	390
Western Union Telg	18 5/8
Union Pacific	88
New York Central	13 3/4
American Tobacco 'B'	77
Amrex Corporation	21
Texas Corporation	38 3/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	70 1/2
Curtiss Wright	5
United States Steel	46 3/8
United States Steel Pref	110
Bethlehem Steel	56
Republic Steel	15
United States Smelting	52
Anaconda Copper Mining	22 7/8
Int Nickel of Canada	45 1/2
General Motors	40
General Electric	34 3/8
Lockheed	26 1/2
F W Woolworth	43 3/8
Douglas Aircraft	60 3/4
Consolidated Oil	7 1/2 XD
Socony	11 3/4
Chase National Bank	29 1/2
National City Bank	23

Turnover 850,000 shares. Carloadings down 68771 units. Brokers loans down 38 million dollars. Index of capital goods production has declined for the fifth time consecutively and there is a possibility of a further substantial decline. These declines have been fully discounted by the recent low levels touched by securities. Seasonal comeback is expected and if that is accompanied by ending of war fears market sentiment will be better.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 13

Broach A/M opening 150 3/8 highest 151 1/4 lowest 150 1/8 closing 151 1/4
Broach J/A opening 150 1/4 highest 150 7/8 lowest 149 3/4 closing 150 3/4
Oomra May opening 138 1/4 highest 139 1/4 lowest 138 1/4 closing 139 1/4
Oomra July opening 138 1/4 highest 139 1/4 lowest 138 1/4 closing 139 1/4
Bengal May opening 112 highest 113 lowest 112 closing 113
Bengal July opening 112 1/2 highest 113 1/2 lowest 112 1/2 closing 113 1/2
Night session: Broach J/A opening 150 3/4 highest 151 1/2 lowest 150 3/4 closing 151 1/4
Broach A/M closing 151 3/4

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, April 13

SAKELS—	
May	11.10—0
July	11.20—9
November	11.36—0
ASHMOUNI—	
April	8.76—5
June	8.95—0
August	8.96—0
October	8.98+1
December	9.01+3
GIZA—	
May	10.93—0
July	11.03—0
November	11.15—0
January	11.23—0

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In saucepan stir slowly one part Quaker Oats into two parts freshly boiling water. Boil twenty minutes or longer. If Quick-Cooking Quaker Oats is used, boil two and a half minutes or longer with milk. Serve hot adding sugar and almonds to taste.
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Quaker Oats

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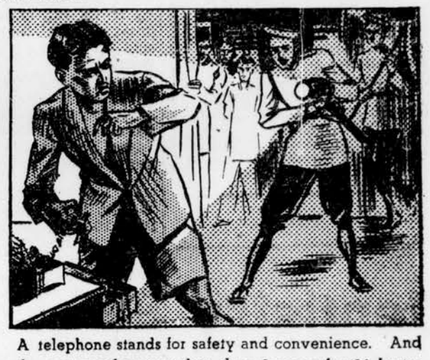

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A. G. GRAY,
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YARN OUTLOOK UNCERTAIN

Absence Of Important Business

Bombay, April 12.

Owing to the critical situation created in the European politics during the past week, the yarn market has continued to remain unsettled and uninteresting without any important business passing. Although the prices have remained more or less unchanged, turnover has been very restricted due to uncertainty of the market and the feeling of nervousness still continues. Dealers as well as consumers have been feeling anxious all these days about the future trend of the market and advisedly prefer to wait and watch further developments before entering into fresh commitments in the present atmosphere. Demand from the consuming centres is yet far from satisfactory. Export markets continue to remain quiet and no fresh inquiries are forthcoming. It is no wonder therefore that under such circumstances, any sales in bulk by the Bombay mills or local dealers are difficult at the present moment until the confidence has been regained. The future outlook is still very uncertain.

ENGLISH YARNS.

There is nothing fresh to report in this class of yarns where the position continues to remain unchanged. Prices of English yarns are found unworkable against Japanese and Shanghai yarns which are available much cheaper. No fresh forward business has been possible.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Prices of almost all kinds of Japanese and Shanghai cotton yarns have remained practically unchanged with an uncertain tendency at the close and no fresh business has been reported to have taken place. As regards mercerised yarns there has been some decline owing to large stocks and fresh arrivals. There has been some improvement in demand on account of very low level of prices, however owing to heavy stocks prices have not shown any substantial improvement. Forward prices quoted by Japanese spinners have been found unworkable and no substantial business in forward deliveries has been possible. Exchange has remained unchanged.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

There has been no change in the official prices of the Italian Syndicate during the week. Inquiries for low qualities suitable for handlooms are continuing on a moderate scale but no sales of importance have been possible in superior qualities suitable for power looms and it seems that they are yet consuming their own stocks. Prices of Japanese yarns have declined slightly with an easy undertone at the close. Turnover has been reported to be moderate owing to easy tendency of the market. Prices of Staple Fibre yarns continue to remain very weak with limited offtake. Future tendency continues to remain weak.

INDIAN YARNS

Prices on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has remained practically unchanged with restricted turnover owing to the present uncertain political situation in Europe. No sales of importance have been reported by the local mills and future outlook is yet uncertain.

SHORTAGE OF SUGAR STOCKS

Bombay, April 12.

JAVA SUGAR

Since our last review during the first part of the week, local market for Java sugar was very steady with quotations practically unchanged. During the latter part of the week, however, our market showed somewhat weaker tendency with a decline of about two annas in ready and March and 3/4 anna from April to August and 1/2 anna in September. Weakness during the second half of the week was due to the absence of news from foreign markets on account of the Easter holidays and some profit covering sales by the outsiders as well as dealers which were easily absorbed as Java market was reported to be firm and political situation in Europe was unsettled. During the week, some business was placed in the market by the local import houses mostly for near positions for shipments to out Ports. Further business was however checked as there was increase in disparity between Java and local prices. Locally there was a fair turnover between dealers and cutsiders and some important sales were made by dealers for Out Ports for named steamers at a fair premium over local rates. At the close tone of the market was steady.

INDIAN SUGAR.

There was hardly any interest in Indian sugars and the small stocks which the dealers hold is being sold on the level of the ready Java sugar. There are no fresh arrivals which is natural as the prices ruling in supplying markets are very high owing to shortage of the crop. There are still no definite news about the next crop and therefore the dealers generally prefer to wait and watch fresh developments.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

On the New York Terminal market, there was an advance of 3, 1, and 1 point in May, July and September respectively while on the London Terminal market, there was an advance of 3/4d in May and August and 1/4d in December. Java market was reported to be firm. Exporters were quoting to sell at about 1 to 1 1/2d higher than the last week especially for near positions and even upto August, sellers were asking 20 to 40 points higher according to deliveries. "Nivas" limit for the 3rd Quota Year viz., for shipments from September 39 was understood to be unchanged.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There was a good deal of interest in foreign sugars especially in Java sugars as prices of Indian sugars are very high and looking to the heavy shortage of Indian crop, there was no possibility of any material decline in prices in the near future. As regards Indian sugars, the stocks were limited and prices were well maintained. It is generally believed that prices of Indian sugars in both markets will be governed by price of Java or Imported sugars.

Shipments from Java during February 1939 were estimated at 97,499 tons as compared with 50,988 tons in February 38 and stocks in Java on 1st March 39 were estimated at 3,35,641 tons as against 4,08,045 tons on 1st March 38.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java sugar is likely to remain steady with prices fluctuating within narrow limits. As regards future course of the market, the situation is rather uncertain and will depend on the news from foreign markets especially because of the disturbed political situation in Europe.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

Prices Steady

London, April 5.

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following weekly rubber market report.

From Thursday to Saturday of last week the Market remained inactive but prices kept steady. The buyers' price of Standard Sheet on the Spot on each of these days was 8d. per lb.

On Monday following an improvement on Wall Street and a slight rise in the price of Rubber in New York, a few trade orders came into this Market and prices advanced 1/16d. per lb for the whole list. Yesterday, however, the Market again became inactive and prices eased off, quotations at the close being 1/16d. per lb. lower all-round than those quoted last Wednesday.

This morning the opening was steady at last night's closing rates, the lower price level having once more brought out buying orders. At the time of writing the buyers' price of Standard Sheet on the Spot is 7 15/16d. per lb. and on the week prices show a fall of 1/16d. per lb. all-round.

As has been the case for so long, the dominating factor has been the European political situation and the reactions of the Stock Markets to the various changes. It is not our business in a Weekly Rubber Market Report to discuss the political situation so we will content ourselves with saying that if the World could be assured of peace in Europe the Rubber Market together with all other Markets would very quickly respond. We would like to point out further that notwithstanding weeks of serious nerve testing the Rubber Market seems unwilling to allow itself to be forced below a level of about 8d. per lb. and with diminishing uspplies in prospect even reasonable grounds to hope for peace could not fail to bring substantially higher prices in a short time.

MALAYAN SHIPMENTS

Particulars of the shipments from Malaya for March were published on Monday. Gross shipments amounted to 43,259 tons against 43,084 tons in February. Imports were put at 14,035 tons (February 13,889 tons). Deducting the imports from the exports the nett shipments of Malayan Rubber would appear to be 29,224 tons.

Against this the clearances from the regulated area are officially estimated at only 22,000 tons. The discrepancy of over 7,000 tons can only be accounted for by shipments out of port stocks but whether port stocks will be found to have been reduced by this quantity remains to be seen. As we pointed out last month this has not worked out correctly in recent months though over a period we believe it must do so.

The destinations of the gross exports were as follows:—To the United Kingdom 5,778 tons (February 6,770 tons), to the U.S.A. 20,385 tons (21,132 tons), to the Continent of Europe 8,869 tons (7,899 tons) to British Possessions 4,033 tons (3,278 tons), to Japan 2,980 tons (2,842 tons), and to other destinations 1,214 tons (1,163 tons).

It had been generally expected that following on the heavy shipments for January and February the March shipments would be relatively light. That they are so heavy may probably be accounted for by the recent feeling of tension and a desire to get Rubber shipped before a possible rise in Insurance and Freight rates and a probable shortage of freight space made shipment both expensive and difficult.

CEYLON SHIPMENTS.

The exports of Rubber from Ceylon for March totalled 3,642 tons against a permissible exportable amount of 4,416 tons. Owing to very heavy shipments in January and February however the total shipments for the quarter amount to 16,494 tons against a permissible exportable amount of only 13,250 tons, being a surplus of 3,244 tons. As Ceylon brought into this year from 1938 a surplus of 7,145 tons, total over-shipments to date amount to over 10,000 tons which presumably will have to be corrected by reduced shipments later. Ceylon shipments in the April/June quarter are generally light so that possibly a good deal of the surplus will have been wiped out by the end of June.

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st Sept 1938 to 6th April 1939 (by rail and sea)		1,588,900
Receipts from 1st Sept 1938 to 6th April 1939 (by road—estimated)		287,055
		1,875,961
Same time last year		1,712,820
Exports from 1st Sept 1938 to 6th April 1939		
	1938-39	1937-38
United Kingdom	36,392	28,979
Continent	172,474	162,913
China	117,376	65,236
Japan	535,082	348,747
Coast Ports	24,892	44,037
U. S. A.	16	—
Total	887,232	649,912
Total exports by rail, 1st Sept 1938 to 6th April 1939		180,760
Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept 1938 to 6th April 1939 (Adjusted)		556,889
Same time last year		659,744
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and mills in Bombay on 6th April 1939		1,105,627
Same time last year		1,073,595

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from upcountry from 1st Sept 1938 to 30th March 1939	1,471,694
Same time last year	1,259,086
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept 1938 to 23rd March 1939	913,269
Same time last year	800,086

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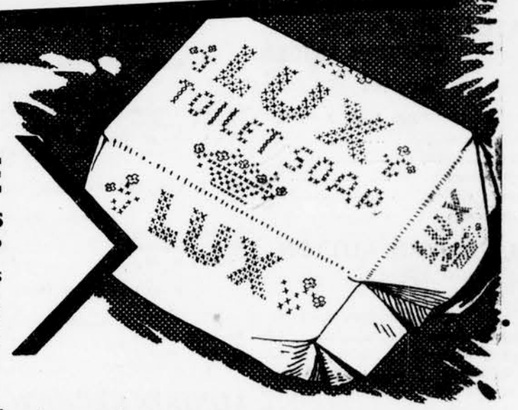
HANDKERCHIEFS FREE FOR ALL!

Rs. 500/- a week must be won!



COLLECT 4 OF THESE WRAPPERS FROM LARGE TABLETS OF LUX TOILET SOAP

TO GET YOUR FREE HANDKERCHIEF send these 4 wrappers to one of the addresses shown below together with an As. 1 stamp to cover postage and you will receive a beautiful and durable art silk handkerchief printed with a beautiful portrait.

CASH PRIZES TOO!

In addition, your four wrappers, on each of which there is a number, will be entered to compete for 3 cash prizes of **Rs. 75/-, Rs. 30/-** and **Rs. 20/-** which are offered **each week** in each of the Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta and Madras Areas.

For every week in each of these areas, a number will be selected and deposited, in a sealed envelope, with the Branch of the National Bank of India Limited in Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta and Madras and the sender of the 4 wrappers the total of the numbers on which is the nearest to the selected number, will receive a 1st Prize of **Rs. 75/-**. The next nearest total will win **Rs. 30/-** and third nearest will win **Rs. 20/-**. In the event of 2 or more senders having the same total of numbers the prizes will be divided equally. The winners each week will be decided from wrappers received upto and including the Friday of each week and their names and addresses will be published in this paper. But whether you win a Cash Prize or not, you still get a beautiful handkerchief provided your entry conforms with the conditions laid down.

Here is a grand opportunity to use the finest and loveliest toilet soap in India, and at the same time get a handsome gift and a chance of winning a cash prize. You may send as many batches of four wrappers as you like but each batch must conform to the conditions laid down.

Send your wrappers to any of the undermentioned addresses:

3 CASH PRIZES ARE OFFERED IN EACH AREA EACH WEEK.

KARACHI
Lever Brothers (India) Ltd.,
P. O. Box No. 220,
Katrak Terrace,
Machi Miani Road.

CALCUTTA
Lever Brothers (India) Ltd.,
P. O. Box No. 358,
Sassoon House,
4 Lyons Range.

BOMBAY
Lever Brothers (India) Ltd.,
P. O. Box No. 758,
Henley House,
Ballard Estate.

MADRAS
Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari,
P. O. Box No. 200,
11/14, Armenian Street.

No correspondence can be entered into concerning this scheme and in all cases the decision of the Manufacturers of Lux Toilet Soap is final. The manufacturers also reserve the right to terminate this offer, at any time they may consider necessary or desirable.

LTS. 11-93

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

YOUNG Bank Clerk Promoted when he got rid of NIGHT STARVATION

CASHIER
I REALLY MUST GET UP. WISH I DIDN'T FEEL SO DONE UP IN THE MORNINGS. I'M GOOD FOR NOTHING ALL DAY.
LOOK HERE YOUNG MAN, YOU'RE LATE AGAIN THIS MORNING. WHAT'S WRONG WITH YOU LATELY? YOU WERE ONE OF OUR PROMISING YOUNG MEN ONCE!
SORRY, SIR. BUT I'M NOT FEELING WELL. I'M ALWAYS TIRED AND — I SUPPOSE I'D BETTER SEE THE DOCTOR.
AT THE DOCTORS
TIRED WHEN YOU WAKE UP, NO ENERGY ALL DAY —LOOKS LIKE A CASE OF NIGHT STARVATION. ENERGY IS STILL USED UP DURING SLEEP. YOU MUST REPLACE IT. I STRONGLY RECOMMEND HORLICKS. REGULARLY LAST THING AT NIGHT.
HA! HA! TASTES DELICIOUS! GLAD I BOUGHT THE MIXER.
HORLICKS REGULARLY SOON GAVE HIM NEW VITALITY
2 MONTHS LATER
THEY HAVE PROMOTED HIM, I KNOW, BECAUSE I SAW A LETTER FROM HEAD OFFICE ON THE BOSS'S DESK
I WISH I KNEW HIS SECRET. SINCE HE WENT TO SEE HIS DOCTOR, HE'S BEEN FULL OF VITALITY.

If you wake tired, if you suffer from 'nerves', enervation, depression and that dreadful feeling of exhaustion

GUARD AGAINST

"NIGHT STARVATION"

(Savarni Kamjori)

Special Reduced Offer!-

Horlicks tastes best when made in the Horlicks Mixer. Just send the disc from top of any Horlicks pack with As. 8/- (for the large Mixer) or As. 4/- (for the small Mixer) to P. O. Box 2229, Calcutta.

take HORLICKS

—you sleep soundly — wake refreshed — and have extra energy all day

Latest Commercial News

N. Y. COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

Further Drop In Indian Sterling Loan

LONDON STOCKS STEADY

BOMBAY: April 14.

NEW YORK COTTON

The Cotton Market was quiet but steady, but later the market gave way under foreign selling and liquidation.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

After being dull and easier markets became steadier.

Foreign Bonds were quiet.

Gilt-edgeds fluctuated narrowly.

BULLION

To-day's price of Gold and Silver on London Exchange were unchanged.

Local Market had restricted business with narrow fluctuations.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1939

New York, April 14.

Previous closing	7.70
To-day's opening	7.70
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	7.68
Difference	—.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1939

Liverpool, April 14.

Previous closing	4.35
To-day's opening	4.32
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	4.41
Difference	+.06

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939	Rs. 151-8
July August	Rs. 151-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 14.

The New York cotton was quiet but steady in the absence of any fresh developments but subsequently the market gave way under foreign selling and liquidation.

The trading in July began at 7.70 i.e. unchanged from the previous closing. Prices remained steady on steadier Liverpool cables and scattered buying but thereafter the demand slackened and a recession followed foreign selling and liquidation with the rate easing to 7.66.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay, April 14.

The trading in local market commenced with Broach July/August quoting at Rs. 151-10 but the price dropped a little and closed finally at Rs. 151-2.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 14.

May (7.96/7.96) 7.99/7.98
July (7.69/7.68) 7.71/7.70
October (7.39/7.39) 7.44/7.43

LIVERPOOL COTTON

London, April 14.

American May (4.49)	4.58
American July (4.33)	4.38
Egyptian May (6.41)	6.45
Egyptian July (6.48)	6.54

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, April 14.

There were no sales in Teas.

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop April May (£25 1/8 sellers) £25 3/8 paid and value

Dunlop April (£28 1/2) £28 1/2

Lightning April (£27 1/4) £27 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 paid and value) 7 15/16 paid and buyers

Forward July September (8 1/8 paid and value) 8 1/16 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay April/May (£10 1/4 sellers) £10 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata April (£12 7/16 sellers) £12 7/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata April (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal May (£10 5/16 sellers) £10 5/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£215 1/4 buyers £215 1/2 sellers. Steady) £216 1/4 buyers £216 1/2 sellers. Very steady.

Lead (£14 1/16 buyers £14 1/8 sellers) £14 1/8 buyers £14 3/16 sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£48 to £48 1/2) £47 1/2 to £48 1/2

Iron (102) 102

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 14.

Previous closing	4.68 1/16
To-day's opening	4.68 1/16
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.68

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 14.

Previous closing	4.68.07
To-day's opening	4.68.07
To-day's closing	4.68.07

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, April 14.

Previous closing	176.76
To-day's opening	176.75
To-day's closing	176.76

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 14.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.68.07 and continued steady with little changes.

Franc opened at 176.75 and slightly improved to 176.73 on some support, subsequently, showing little variation.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 15/16 sellers) 1-5 15/16 sellers

Paris on Bombay (13.205) 13.205

New York on Bombay (34.99) 34.99

Berlin on Milan (87 3/8) 87 3/8

London on Milan (89.00) 89.00

London on Shanghai (0-8 1/4 nominal) 0-8 1/4 nominal

London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (Nil) Nil

Withdrawal (nil) nil

Gold (£7-8-6) £7-8-6

Silver (20d) 20d

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent) 1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent

4 months (1 3/4 to 1 7/8 per cent) 1 3/4 to 1 7/8 per cent

6 months (2 to 2 1/8 per cent) 2 to 2 1/8 per cent.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, April 14.

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"India and America bought. Speculators sold. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 14.

Spot (20d) 20d.

Forward (19 3/4d) 19 3/4d

LONDON GOLD

London, April 14.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-6) £7-8-6

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotation

SILVER

Bombay, April 14.

Silver ready	52 13 0
Silver Vaishakh	52 10 0
Silver Jeth	52 8 0

GOLD

Gold ready	37 1 0
Gold Vaishakh	37 1 6
Gold Jeth	37 2 0
Sovereign	23 12 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 14.

Wheat May	3 4 3
Wheat September	3 5 6
Linseed	5 3 3
Linseed September	5 5 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 14.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May old at 52 3/8d. The market was fairly active on scattered enquiry but the trading thereafter became dull and uninteresting owing to apathy of operators.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 14.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May quoting at 0.69 3/8. Prices eased under scattered local selling and liquidation influenced by the weakness of Liverpool with the rate declining to 0.69 1/4.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotations

Liverpool, April 14.

The closing rate of May was 52 3/8d.

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotations

Bombay, April 14.

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 93 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 14.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £79 1/4

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Monday, April 3, £81
Tuesday, April 4, £81 1/2
Wednesday, April 5, £81 1/2
Thursday, April 6, £81 1/4
Tuesday, April 11, £80
Wednesday, April 12, £80
Thursday, April 13, £80

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 14.

4-30 p.m.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£94 1/4) £93 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£79 7/8) £79 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£106 1/4) £106 1/4

4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£109 1/4) £108 3/4

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£102 3/4) £102 3/4

5 per cent 1942-47 (£106) £105 3/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£98 1/4) £97 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 (£101 1/2) £100 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£66 3/8) £65 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£93 1/8) £92 5/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£102 3/8) £102 3/8

5 per cent Funding Loan (£104 1/4) £103 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£94 1/4) £93 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£104) £103 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 14.

London Stock Exchange was generally easy under the renewed selling pressure.

Giltedged securities were also subjected to selling pressure three and half per cet was quoted at £79 1/2 i.e. ten shillings lower than the last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (16-3) 15-7 1/2

Motors and Spencer Ordinary (56-3) 55-6

Hydro Electric (dol 4) dol 3 7/8

Elec Music Industry (10-9) 10-7 1/2

Princhin Johnson (23-6) 23-4 1/2

Imperial Chemical (28-0) 27-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ordinary (58-4 1/2) 58

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£20 3/4) £20

Dunlop Rubber (25-0) 25-0

Unilever Ordinary (32-7 1/2) 31-3

Ford Motors (18-7 1/2) 17-10 1/2

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£41 3/4) £41

British American Tobacco Ordinary (93-1 1/2) 92-6

Carreas 'A' (£6) £5 7/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (126-3) 125-7 1/2

P and O. S. N. Company Deferred (20-9) 19-10 1/2

Distillers (88-6) 87

British Dyers (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2

British Celanese (3-6) 3-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (33-9) 33-1 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary (24-0) 23-9

Fine Cotton Spinners (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-4 1/2) 20-3

Inter Nickels (dol 47 5/8) dol 47 1/2

Indian Irons (38-9) 36-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (16-0) 16-0

Donaro Tea (31-3) 31-3

Empire of India (20-3) 20-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11) £11

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-6) 23-3

Gula Kelampong (16-10 1/2) 16-3

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (25-0) 24-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2

Burma Corporation (8-1 1/2) 8-1 1/2

Rio Tintos (£11 3/4) £11 1/8

East Rand Proprietors (48-9) 48-1 1/2

Rand Mines (£8 1/2) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£15 3/8) £15 1/4

Association Portland Cement (68-1 1/2) 68-1 1/2

Trinidad Leaseholds (80-7 1/2) 80-7 1/2

Sub Nigel (£10 5/8) £10 1/2

Spring Mines Split Shares (26-3) 26-3

Union Corporation (£7 1/4) £7 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (20-0) 19-4 1/2

Anglo Iranian (78-9) 76-10 1/2

Burma Oil (77-6) 75-7 1/2

Mexican Eagle (6-6) 6-3

Shell Transport (80-7 1/2) 79-4 1/2

Royal Dutch (£32 3/8) £31 5/8

RAILWAY SHARES.

Great Western Ordinary (£25 3/4) £24 3/4

London Midland Ordinary (£13 1/8) £12 3/8

London North Eastern Def (£2) £2

London Southern Def (£13) £12 7/8

London Transport 5 per cent (£116) £116

London Transport 'C' (£68 1/2) £67

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 14.

The following are the opening rates:

General Motors (dol 40 1/8) dol 39

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 23) dol 22 1/4

U S Common New Stock (dol 46 3/4) dol 45 1/4

U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Indian Gold Minings Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 14.

On the Stock Exchange week-end evening up of positions, together with continued political nervousness was responsible for generally easier trend, though losses in most groups were only small. Giltedged securities were weak, but Motors and Aviations were moderately steady. Kaffirs finished above the lowest and Indian Gold Minings were notably firm.

Wall Street opened easy.

KANTI MILL STRIKE ENDS

WADHWAN CAMP, April 14.

The Kanti Cotton Mill strike ended to-day, after negotiation between Kamdars and the Mill-owners in the presence of Deputy Political Agent last night. The workers entered the mill in a procession with their leaders in front. The mill-owners agreed to allow the three dismissed workers to rejoin service. The terms were announced in a public meeting last night.

City Co-operators Bid Farewell To Diwan Bahadur Kaji

A pleasant function was arranged by the Bombay Divisional, Fort, Dadar and Girgaum Co-operative Institutes, to bid farewell to Diwan Bahadur Kaji, who is shortly going to Ahmedabad to succeed Mr. Findlay Shirras, as Principal of the Gujarat College there. The function was held at the premises of the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Building.

Mr. Madhavlal Bhatt, the Director of the above Company paid a glowing tribute to Diwan Bahadur Kaji and said:—

"In the field of Co-operation his name is quoted as an authority and he is a writer of all-India reputation. He worked as the Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Co-operative Products' Exhibition in 1922. From 1921 to 1926, Dewan Bahadur was the President of the Bombay Divisional Co-operative Institute. From 1926 to 1930, Dewan Bahadur held the office of the Vice-President of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute. In 1933 Prof. Kaji worked as a member of the Co-operative Supervision Committee, appointed by the Government of Bombay. The Co-operative Insurance Society in whose premises we have met today was founded by Dewan Bahadur Kaji and he held the office of its President from 1930 to 1935.

He has rendered valuable services to the Co-operative Movement in recognition of which he was awarded in about 1930 the Kaiser-i-Hind Silver Medal and the title of Dewan Bahadur was conferred on him in about 1936 or so."

His departure to Ahmedabad is, undoubtedly, a distinct loss to the city of Bombay.

Dewan Bahadur Kaji in reply said that the Co-operative movement was a method and when urban problems were so approached they had given good results. To extend its beneficial scope to rural areas was the necessary next step. One of the reason why its success in rural areas was so doubtful in the past, was the luke-warm interest evinced by the older ministries as also the apathy of leaders.

Continuing he paid high compliments to the present Government for their sincere efforts for finding a solution for rural indebtedness and illiteracy. He was sure that the translation of Co-operative methods into actual practice would lead to the emergence of Greater India.

LIMBDI MIGRATION

The Secretary of the Limbdi Praja Mandal writes:—

It is nearly a month and a half that more than six thousand souls migrated from Limbdi.

These people left Limbdi with their scanty belongings. The State was stunned to see all classes of people migrating and demonstrating in that clear way that the struggle in Limbdi State had the unstinted support of all classes of people. To-day more than 60 per cent population of Limbdi City proper, have left Limbdi. The banias, who are branded as the bearers of revolt form not more than 25 per cent of the City dwellers. Indeed when the migration assumed very serious proportion, the State imposed a preventive export duty on articles of everyday use even in small quantities. In spite of this heavy export duty, the migration continued, and is still going on.

The workers of Praja Mandal were called by Mahatma Gandhi to explain to him the situation in Limbdi and he endorsed the programme of migration fully. A copy of the charge sheet against the State was submitted to him and Mahatmaji advised workers to ask people to leave the State which had made itself uninhabitable for decent people.

The State has nominated a committee to draft a constitution. The committee is only an eye-wash.

The 6,000 people who have migrated from Limbdi have settled in the adjoining territories of Wadhwan, Joravarnagar, Chooda, Botad and Arnej. Nearly 60 miles away from Limbdi in Dholka Taluka of Ahmedabad District, a new village named "Hijratnagar" has been populated by some of these immigrants. The Praja Mandal has opened its offices there and most of the workers and the rich merchants of Limbdi are living in the mud-houses of "Hijratnagar."

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, April 14.

The following are the maximum minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Temperature Min	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total Since 1st April	Rainfall Difference to Normal
Agra	93	65	—	—	—0.1
Amraoti	105	79	—	—	—0.1
Akola	103	75	—	—	—
Ahmedabad	93	72	—	—	—
Ajmer	89	67	—	—	—0.1
Ahmednagar	99	74	—	—	—0.1
Ajmer	89	67	—	—	—0.1
Ambala	83	63	—	0.4	+0.1
Allahabad	100	72	—	0.4	+0.3
Benares	102	72	—	—	—0.1
Bareilly	93	66	—	—	—0.1
BOMBAY	87	76	—	—	—
Bangalore	85	68	0.4	0.4	—
Bhopal	94	65	—	—	—
Baroda	98	66	—	—	—
Belgaum	97	68	—	0.3	—0.3
Bahawalpore	88	63	—	—	—0.1
Bijapur	99	76	—	0.4	+0.3
Bellary	99	79	—	4.1	+3.8
Bhavnagar	96	69	—	—	—
Chittagong	86	74	0.1	3.3	+1.8
Calcutta	95	79	—	1.5	+1.0
Cuttack	101	77	—	—	—0.5
Cawnpore	100	74	—	—	—0.1
Calicut	87	75	1.8	3.4	+2.6
Colombo	84	75	0.2	2.8	+1.1
Cheerapunji	73	58	2.5	5.1	—2.5
Cocanada	86	81	—	—	—0.2
Cochin	81	75	1.0	3.0	+1.3
Dehra Dun	84	56	—	0.3	—
Delhi	91	65	—	—	—0.1
Dehra I. Khan	84	65	—	0.3	—0.2
Darjeeling	66	51	—	0.5	—0.8
Desa	97	72	—	—	—
Dalhousie	—	—	—	3.0	+1.3
Fort Sandeman	72	52	—	0.7	—
Gorakhpur	101	72	—	0.1	—0.1
Hyderabad (Dn.)	100	74	—	0.4	—0.2
Hyderabad (Sd.)	97	65	—	—	—
Indore	94	62	—	—	—
Jhansi	95	73	—	—	—0.1
Jubbulpore	98	63	T	—	—
Jacobabad	98	71	—	—	—0.1
Jaipur	89	64	—	—	—0.1
Karwar	90	80	—	—	—
Karachi	81	72	—	0.1	—0.1
Kodaikanal	—	—	—	—	—
Khandwa	103	69	—	—	—
Lucknow	98	71	—	—	—0.1
Ludhiana	85	60	—	0.4	—0.1
Lahore	84	59	—	0.1	—0.2
Lyallpur	84	58	—	—	—2.3
Multan	87	65	—	—	—0.1
Mysore	87	70	1.2	0.3	—0.2
Madras	81	76	2.2	3.6	+3.4
Marmagoa	85	76	—	—	—
Malegaon	100	69	—	—	—
Mussoorie	65	46	—	0.5	—0.1
Mahableshwar	86	66	—	—	—0.3
Murree	58	43	0.1	0.5	—0.8
Mount Abu	79	64	—	—	—
Masulipatam	90	79	—	—	—0.2
Mandalay	104	84	—	—	—0.3
Mangalore	91	77	T	—	—0.3
Meerut	—	—	—	—	—0.2
Mercara	81	64	0.4	0.5	—0.4
Nagpur	102	76	—	0.1	—0.1
Ootacamund	61	59	1.0	1.2	+0.2
Patna	101	72	—	0.1	—
Peshawar	80	59	—	0.1	—0.9
Poona	102	67	—	—	—0.3
Pachmarhi	84	63	—	—	—0.1
Fort Blair	89	77	T	0.6	+0.3
Quetta	70	48	—	0.6	—
Ranchi	95	71	—	0.5	+0.2
Rawalpindi	78	52	—	0.1	—0.2
Rangoon	100	75	—	—	—0.4
Ratnagiri	86	77	—	—	—
Rajkot	96	65	—	—	—
Sialkot	81	60	—	0.9	+0.4
Srinagar	62	41	—	1.4	—0.4
Sholapur	101	78	—	0.2	+0.2
Shillong	78	61	—	—	—2.4
Simla	57	45	—	4.3	+0.4
Surat	100	74	—	—	—
Salem	76	72	1.4	1.5	+0.8
Trichinopoly	79	73	3.2	9.0	+3.8
Trivandrum	81	76	1.3	5.5	+3.9
Vizagapatam	87	80	—	—	—0.2

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

WEATHER REPORT

POONA, April 14.

Yesterday's depression to the southwest of Negapatam intensified into a storm and crossed the coast near Cuddalore early this morning. It now lies as a deep depression with its centre in the neighbourhood of Vellore. It caused nearly general and locally heavy rain in South Peninsula. A fresh western disturbance caused local rain in Northwest Frontier Province and the Punjab Hills. Scattered thundershowers occurred in Assam and South Bengal. Temperatures were very markedly below the normal in Southeast Madras and appreciably so in and around the Punjab.

Chief amounts of rainfall:—Negapatam four inches, Dibrugarh, Cherrapunji, Trichinopoly, Vellore—three; Calicut, Madras Nellore two: Salem, Kodaikanal one and half; Cochin, Ootacamund one; Parachinar, Bangalore, Madura, Coimbatore, Cuddapah and Mercara half.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, April 14.

Lionel Edward's s.s. City of Rayville of 3666 reg tons Capt A P Cronin arrived from New York via Port Said Suez Aden and Karachi with passengers and general cargo

O S Kaisha's s.s. Mansei Maru of 4823 reg tons Capt T Takesita arrived from Karachi with scrap iron and cotton cargo.

B I S N s.s. Warfield of 3794 reg tons Capt H Taylor arrived from Middlesbrough via Antwerp London Port Said Suez and Aden with general cargo

Norwegian s.s. Hallbjorg of 1701 reg tons Capt J Gullrandsen arrived from Rangoon via Bassein with cargo of rice and timber.

SAILED

Anchor Line s.s. Circassia of 6850 reg tons Capt W Gemmell sailed for Marseilles and Liverpool via Bedi Bunder and Karachi with local cargo

Lionel Edward's s.s. Kybfels of 4785 reg tons Capt H Remeke sailed for Karachi via Cutch Mandvi Cutch Kundla Bedi Bunder Porebunder and Veraval with local and same bottom cargo.

P and O S N s.s. Jeypore of 3209 reg tons Capt F Ahier sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo

LOADING

The following vessel booked for loading on 14-4-39.

S S British Soldier (Ang Ira Oil) for Abadan

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, April 14.

2 Kandelfels 4783 Hamburg 18-4 L Edwards

4 C/Worcester 3430 Colombo 16-4 F F Campbell

6 Burdwan 2879 London 14-4 M M

7 Kybfels 4785 Karachi 14-4 L Edwards

9 Ginys Maru 6128 Osaka 15-4 N Y Kaisha

14 Hoegh Silverstar 3261 Karachi 14-4 Volkart Bros

16 Strathaird 13242 London 15-4 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

2 C/O Rayille 3666 Marmagoa 16-4 L Edwards

3 Vita 1955 Karachi 15-4 M M

16 Shrivati 250 NF NF Malabar

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Jalapadma 2326 Tuticorin 15-4 Scindia S N

C/R Haideri 912 M Coast 16-4 S Hassum

D/E Janaki 530 NF NF Malabar Steamship

F British Soldier 3503 Abadan NF Anglo Iranian Oil

H Revati 250 Malabar Coast N F Malabar Steamship.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Ranchi 27-4-39 P and O S N

Strathmore 4-5-39 P and O S N

Cathay 20-4-39 P and O S N

Stratheden 24-4-39 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Venice 17-4-39 K Nixon

HAMBURG

Lindenfels 30-4-39 L Edwards

Almkerk 20-4-39 L Edward

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Monroe 20-4-39 F F Campbell

Pres. Adams 4-5-39 F F Campbell

FROM OSLO

Rinda 17-4-39 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 24-4-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Victoria 8-5-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Glasgow Maru 9-5-39 O S Kaisha

Anyo Maru 29-4-39 N Y Kaisha

Conte Biancamano 11-5-39 L Triestino

Nagato Maru 18-4-39 N Y Kaisha

Eihuku Maru 23-4-39 O S Kaisha

Conte Verde 20-4-39 L Triestino

FROM MAURITIUS

Jehangir 16-4-39 T Morrison

FROM MOULMEIN

Sirsa 18-4-39 M M

FROM BASRA

Barpeta 20-4-39 M M

FROM RANGOON

Jaladuta 16-4-39 Sc. S N

Julaveera 16-4-39 Sc. S N

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 22-4-39 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 29-4-39 M M

Takliwa 13-5-39 M M

FROM BAHREIN

Salsten 20-4-39 Caltex (India)

FROM CALCUTTA

Gamaria 18-4-39 M M

Orna 25-4-39 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 20-4-39 M M

Circassia 21-4-39 Anchor Line

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Strathnaver 6-5-39 P and O S N

Strathaird 15-4-39 P and O S N

Strathallan 8-4-39 P and O S N

Mooltan 22-4-39 P and O S N

Stratheden 29-4-39 P and O S N

Burdwan 15-4-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Venice 8-5-39 K Nixon

City of Canterbury 17-4-39 K Nixon

Circassia 21-4-39 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Monroe 22-4-39 F F Campbell

FOR PORT SAID

Ramsay 15-4-39 Ralli Bros

FOR TRIESTE

Dandolo 16-4-39 L Triestino

Conte Verde 20-4-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancamano 11-5-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 8-5-39 L Triestino

Ginyo Maru 15-4-39 N Y Kaisha

Nagato Maru 17-4-39 N Y Kaisha

Bhutan 25-4-39 P and O S N

Ranchi 27-4-39 P and O S N

Jeypore 28-4-39 P and O S N

Melbourne Maru 12-4-39 O S Kaisha

Conte Rosso 24-4-39 L Triestino

FOR GERMANY

Kandelfels 18-4-39 L Edwards

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 20-4-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Chakdina 19-4-39 M M

Vasna 20-4-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 26-4-39 M M

Kenya 10-5-39 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Jehangir 23-4-39 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Vita 22-4-39 M M

B P T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Kybfels 13-4-39

S S Kalavati 13-4-39

EXPORTS

Bombay, April 14.

S S Strathaird for London: 25 bales wool raw C Lister; 15 bales sheep skins tnd The Anglo Siam Corptn; 86 bales lamb skins with fur Grindlay; 134 bags gr nut kernels K M Nathoo; 32 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley; 23 cases chrome box sides tnd D Abraham and Sons.

For Beyrouth: 20 bales cotton g yarn A Ei Ejel.

For Havre: 125 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros

S S Kandelfels for Hamburg: 4326 bags gr nut oil cake exp H Rawji; 110 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 122 bales raw cotton K Devchand

For Antwerp: 27 bales cotton C Jairam; 130 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 1300 bags gr nut oil cake exp K Prasad.

For Gothenburg: 50 bales cotton waste M Chandulal

For Antwerp in transit to Gdynia: 1353 bags castorseed Ralli Bros.

For Suez: 35 bales cotton yarn J H Bahar

For Ghent: 62 bales raw cotton K Devchand

S S Carignano for Marseilles: 3840 bags gr nut seed The Cotton Agents; 2377 bags gr nut kernels The East Asiatic; 1514 bags gr nut in shell H K Kesharwalla

For Genoa: 125 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros; 220 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 110 bales raw cotton K Devchand

S S Mansei Maru for Shanghai: 200 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros; 185 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 1000 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 200 bales raw cotton Podar Trading; 100 bales raw cotton A Khimji; 1400 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 400 bales raw cotton V Morarji; 600 bales raw cotton N Nagshi 300 bales raw cotton Kotak; 100 bales raw cotton Bruel; 300 bales raw cotton Ramnarain Sons; 100 bales raw cotton M S Kaisha; 200 bales raw cotton K Devchand.

For Jinsen: 200 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros; 400 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha

For Moppo: 300 bales raw cotton Ralli Bros; 300 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha

S S Ginyo Maru for Shanghai: 200 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 100 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 300 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 100 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 100 bales raw cotton A Clayton; 100 bales raw cotton Podar Trading; 100 bales raw cotton Bruel; 100 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha; 100 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan; 100 bales raw cotton N Nagshi; 100 bales raw cotton M Amersey; 100 bales raw cotton Kotak

IMPORTS

S S City of Agra Agent Killick Nixon from Liverpool: 60 bags flour; 339 bdls galvd corr steel sheets; 70 cases common salt; 94 cases spg. machinery; 50 kegs lead ore; 230 cases milk powder; 279 ingots solder; 175 loose c s cisterns; 121 coils galvd m s wire 48 dms paint; 72 pairs stl flanges; 155 cases ctn piece goods; 50 dms lubg grease; 122 bars steel bars; 78 loose steel tyres; 480 csks china clay; 304 cts accumulators; 75 cases cond milk; 100 dms lubg oil; 695 bdls stl hoops cuds; 50 bdls iron boot protectors; 50 bales old news paper; 59 cts tiles; 417 d/bags stl keys; 50 cyl liquid chlorine; 138 pcs eware tronghs; 51 cases cement colour; 1159 loose pneum covers; 89 bdls conduct tubing, 118 cases safety cartridges; 90 cts roofing felt.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 14-4-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.062 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.4 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.5 degrees 0.8 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 76.3 degrees 0.8 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 68 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 242 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 24 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 14-4-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.96 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.76 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BYCULLA DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

As already announced the election of the Managing Council of the Byculla District Congress Committee will not be held to-morrow (Sunday) but on Sunday, the 23rd instant. The exact time and the place of the election will be notified later on.

VOTING IN MULTI-MEMBER CONSTITUENCIES

NEW DELHI, April 14.

The text has been made available of the Order-in-Council relating to the Provincial Legislative Assemblies.

For General and Muhammadan multi-member constituencies a voter though having more than one vote shall not give more than one vote to any one candidate.—United Press

Another Turn In U. S. A. Farm Programme

DICTATOR NATIONS BLOCK TRADE PACTS

Local Covering in New York Cotton Market

BOMBAY, April 14.

Asserting that Dictator Nations had blocked the success of the administration's trade pact programme, Secretary Wallace urged the Congress to back Government subsidies for wheat and cotton exports.

Mr. Wallace testified before the closed session of the senate appropriations sub-committee for considering demands for 400 million increase to bolster the farm programme.

In a lengthy statement Mr. Wallace said that extra funds were needed to maintain American participation in world markets and to keep cotton from Federal loan. Mr. Wallace praised the administrations farm programme and the reciprocal trade programme as effective "during normal times" but said that the actions of Dictators kept the policies from meeting with full success.

The Chicago grain market displayed a watchful and waiting attitude and considered the action of securities suggestive of less political concern, while the New York cotton market took a constructive view of Mr. Chamberlain's statement. There was only partial response to Liverpool's firmness owing to continued Bombay selling orders at limits above the market.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady and advanced on trade and Liverpool buying and local covering influenced by the steadiness of stocks, May option was firm owing to indications of no loan release in time to influence that delivery. The market closed steady.

At the opening July was quoted 2 points up at 7.69 and declined one point at 7.68 which was the lowest level. Later prices advanced 7 points from the low level and July was quoted 7.75 which was the highest level. The market again ruled quiet and finally closed at a net rise of 3 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 8.66c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also fairly steady and closed at a net rise of 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices improved 3 points at 8.43c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool market opened at a rise of 3 points with July 4.29. There was Bombay and American buying. Offerings were very light on cessation of pressure by a local house, rumoured to be interested in the proposed barter plan. There was technical reaction after the recent decline with short covering and trade calling. Contracts were scarce. The market closed at a net rise of 9 to 7 points. Middling American spot cotton prices gained 2 points at 4.82d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

There was increased demand for Egyptian cotton and Giza futures advanced 14 to 15 points and Uppers gained 8 to 9 points.

The Alexandria cotton market was quietly steady and Sakels futures closed unchanged while Ashmouni futures gained 1 to 3 points.

ABSENCE OF CONFIDENCE

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., state:—Owing to the Easter holidays we have had a short week and during the few sessions when trading was possible the tone of the American markets has been heavy but trading has been light. Latest developments in the European situation have had a further unsettling effect on markets which already lack confidence due to the continued uncertainty about the future disposal of the Loan cotton. We understand the much discussed Smith Bill has been shelved for the time being. The authorities in America are still toying with the export subsidy plan and a barter plan has now been suggested under which someone, but we don't know who, is to take up at market rate a certain quantity of cotton in exchange for a large quantity of raw rubber and tin. The New Deal so far as cotton is concerned has been a failure. The Government has got into the market deeply at very great expense to the tax-payer and does not know how to get out. No plan yet suggested has the approval of a majority either of the politicians or the varied interests in the cotton trade. Meantime the latter is the chief loser. What trade wants is confidence in values and this will continue to be lacking so long as the cotton problem is a toy of the politicians most of whom don't seem to realise that so long as they and not the cotton trade are in charge chaotic condition must prevail. Meanwhile much valuable time and money is being lost. In the Loan there is much cotton which the consuming trade requires but it is not available, and consumption is being curtailed when the supply is so large that it ought to be encouraged. We suppose a solution of the difficult problem will be found one day but in the meantime trade and enterprise continue to be hampered because of the fear that prices may decline still further even from the present low level.

SPECULATIVE ACTIVITY

In Bombay there has been a fair amount of speculative activity but fluctuations have been small and the tone has been easy. With the exception of a small business with the Far East, fresh export business has been negligible, and with trade very slow in textiles Indian Mills have been inactive in the cotton market. There has been a fair turnover in the spot market where exporters have been covering their requirements against previous business. In spite of a fairly tight position in our contract market, prices look like sagging further owing to the uncertain outlook both in the cotton market and in the European situation.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (11-12 a.m.)	7.75+03
New York July lowest (10 a.m.)	7.63+01
Liverpool July highest	4.35+09
Liverpool July lowest	4.27+01

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee, the following telegram is received from New York:—

New York: "Little pressure to sell. There are indications of domestic mills buying July. Small business in dry goods. Washington news indefinite.'

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, April 13

May	7.95+03
July	7.70+03
October	7.42—04
December	7.38+04
January	7.38+05
March	7.41+03
Middling Spot	8.66+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, April 13

May	8.08+03
July	7.82+04
October	7.54+03
Middling Spot	8.43+03

NEW YORK
New York, April 13

11-00 A.M. RANGES

May	7.99/7.99
July	7.74/7.74
October	7.44/7.44

NOON CALL

May	7.98
July	7.73
October	7.45

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, April 13

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	2,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	3,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, April 13

April	4.51+07
May	4.51+08
June	4.41+08
July	4.35+09
August	4.31+09
September	4.27+08
October	4.27+08
November	4.26+08
December	4.28+08
January	4.29+08
February	4.30+07
March	4.32+07
April	4.33+07
Middling Spot	4.82+02
10-12 a.m. quotations	
May	4.46
July	4.30

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, April 14

Much warmer in Western Belt light rains in Western Belt. Forecast: Eastern Belt generally fair all balance entire Belt cloudy.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, April 13

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent nom	68 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	68
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	80
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	106 1/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	66 3/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	93 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	94 3/8
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	104 3/8
Victory Bonds	104
Chartered Bank of I A and China	7 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	80 1/2
National Bank of India	29

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, April 13

Fair rio coffee No. 7 quality Sellers	5 1/8

LONDON SEEDS
London, April 13

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. April sellers	11-5-0
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. April sellers	12-8-9
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. April sellers	12-15-0
Rapeseed Toria New crop sells Apl May	11-10-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. April May sellers	10-5-0

LONDON PRODUCE
London, April 13

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe April sellers	20/3
Wheat Barletto Russo	unquoted
Wheat South Australian	unquoted

LINSEED OIL
London, April 13

Linseed oil naked London per cwt April sellers	23/10 1/2
Linseed oil naked London per cwt May Aug sellers	23/10 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 14

Following a rise of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 151/8 for Broach J/A delivery and improved to Rs. 151/12 under scattered buying. Later on there was increased selling and prices declined to Rs. 150/12 but steadied at Rs. 151.

It appears that American Government is bent upon to adopt subsidy on export of cotton as trade pacts prove of no help in these days of disturbed European political situation. This threat of subsidy is bound to have a depressing effect on cotton prices in the long run. At the moment the question of release of loan cotton is delayed which may have steadying effect but the outlook is obscure.

The Liverpool market was due to open one point down but it opened 3 points lower. The local market was fairly steady with Broach J/A quoted at Rs. 151. Later on Liverpool advices were firm which improved prices in the local market and closing quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:—

F G M G—	
Broach A/M	151 12 0
Broach J/A	151 6 0
Fine M G—	
Oomra May	139 12 0
Oomra July	139 12 0
F G M G—	
Bengal May	113 4 0
Bengal July	133 10 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 14

	Extra	Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—						
Bengal U.P.	...	121	118	115	112	
Punjab	...	121	118	115	112	
Rajputana	...	124	121	118	115	
Oomra No. 2	149	146	143	140	...	
C. P. No. 1	164	161	158	155	...	
C. P. No. 2	155	152	149	146	...	
Broach No. 2	...	158	156	154	152	
Punjab-Ame.	...	182	180	177	175	
Surat	...	201	199	197	195	
Rajpipla	...	198	196	194	192	
Navsari	...	210	208	206	204	

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 14.

Bengal Superfine	120/21
Bengal Fine	116/18
Bengal F. G.	114/15
C. P. 1	155/58
C. P. 2	147/48
Arvi	146/47
Amraoti	138/42
Ellichpur	146/47
Berar	141/42
Malkapur	136/38
Khandesh	120/30
Jalna/Sailu	134/36
Burwah/Sanavad	138/40
Khandwa	138/40
Mathia F.G.	110/15
Broach	156/57
Punjab 4 F.	175/80
Punjab 289F.	202/05
Sindh N.T.	187/92
Ankleshwar/Jaghadia	192/94
Surat	196/200
Navsari	204/07
Western Farm	167/72

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 14.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day.	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	51	37,832	47,341
Central India	736	206,806	38,297
Barsi and Nagar	260	70,730	133,036
Hyderabad-Gaorani		4,209	38,164
Berar	1,084	157,986	284,232
Central Provinces	101	34,371	61,986
Total Oomras	2,232	511,934	603,056
Dholera	5,194	161,076	62,403
N.-W. Provinces		2,401	2,754
Rajputana	782	55,385	13,772
Sind-Punjab	1,613	297,931	476,407
Broach	5,551	330,553	136,299
Coompta and Dharwar	1,992	27,983	16,331
Westerns-Northerns	388	27,651	11,648
Cocoanada		84	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,561	1,628
American		2,946	155,976
Egyptian, African and Sudan	570	227,253	302,617
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		41	1,171
Total	18,302	1,647,749	1,784,076
Arrived by road to 6th Apr. 39		287,055	...

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 6th April
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day.	This year.	Last year.
Europe	1,710	208,882	191,892
Japan and China	4,694	653,458	413,983
Coast Ports		24,892	44,037
Up-country by Rail		180,760	247,625
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		39,589	26,041
Total	6,404	1,107,581	923,578

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales	1938-39	1937-38
Receipts to date 13-4-39	3579000	7405000
Receipts Yesterday 13-4-39	2000	4000
Exports to date 13-4-39	3032000	5091000
Stock at Ports 10-4-39	2257000	2927000
Stock at Interior Towns 10-4-39	2904000	2359000
Stock at Liverpool 10-4-39	926000	1190000
Visible Supply 10-4-39	6130000	7029000
Quantity in sight 10-4-39	8438000	12784000
Quantity out of sight 10-4-39	7943000	8636000

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach A/M New York May 39 Liverpool May Rs. 44 1/2

Broach J/A New York July Rs. 34. Liverpool July Rs. 37 1/2

New York: Liverpool: May 84 July 78 October 91 December 97 January 99

LONDON RUBBER
London, April 13

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers	8d

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, April 14

Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d. to £7-8-6. London Paris Exchange rate advanced 3 points at 176.76. Dollar sterling cross rate closed at 4.68 1/16. London Spot silver prices remained unchanged at 20d. but forward quotation was lowered 1/16d. to 19 3/4d. There was small demand with little speculative selling in forward The market was quietly steady. Later on India and American were buyers at fixed rate but sellers were reserved. New York silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 0/8. London Bombay Spot parity was Rs. 52-11-6 and forward was Rs. 52-2-6. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 23-12-0. The local market was quiet to-day with scattered selling in silver but gold was steady with a restricted business. Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	37 0 6
Vaishakh delivery	37 1 0
Vaishakh Tejimandi	0 1 6
Jeth delivery	37 1 6
Jeth Tejimandi	0 3 6

SILVER

Ready	52 12 0
Vaishakh delivery	52 10 0
Vaishakh Tejimandi	0 7 0
Jeth delivery	52 8 0
Jeth Tejimandi	0 14 0

LONDON SILVER
London, April 13

Spot	20
Forward	19 3/4

LONDON GOLD
London, April 13

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-8-6

LONDON METALS

London, April 13

Copper	£42 8 9
Lead	£14 8 9
Spelter	£13 11 3
Tin	£213 5 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, April 14

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£42-5-0
Standard copper 3 months	£42-10-0
Electrolytic copper	£48-10-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 48-10-0

Tone: Steady.

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, April 14

The following are the weekly quotations for the Precious Metals:

Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 48 per tola Elephant Brand.

Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 47 per tola Elephant Brand

Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 14 per tola Anchor Brand.

Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 35 per tola

Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 100 per tola

Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 65 per tola

Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 55 per tola

Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 165 per tola

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 13.

May	£10-6-3.
June	£10-7-6.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, April 14.

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	25 15 0
Highest	26 0 0
Lowest	25 15 0
Closing	26 0 0
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	27 1 0
Highest	27 1 3
Lowest	26 14 0
Closing	26 15 6
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	24 14 0
Highest	24 14 9
Lowest	24 11 6
Closing	24 14 6
Castorseeds Sept.—	
Opening	27 2 0
Highest	27 3 0
Lowest	27 2 0
Closing	27 3 0
Groundnuts Sept—	
Opening	28 2 3
Highest	28 2 6
Lowest	27 15 9
Closing	28 0 9
Groundnuts Aug—	
Opening	24 13 0
Highest	25 0 9
Lowest	24 11 9
Closing	25 0 0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, April 13.

May	52 1/4d.
May new	50 1/8d.
July new	52 1/8d.
October new	54 1/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 13.

May	dol 0.69 1/8.
July	dol 0.68 3/8.
September	dol 0.68 3/4.

New York Sugar

New York, April 13.

July	2.00.
September	2.04.
November	2.06.
January	1.98.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, April 13

GIZA 2—	
Spot	6.56+7
May	6.45+14
July	6.53+15
October	6.60+15
November	6.60+15
January	6.62+15
March	6.62+15
UPPERS—	
Spot	5.55+4
May	5.41+9
July	5.43+8
October	5.47+8
November	5.45+8
January	5.47+8
March	5.50+8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 14

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	93/10
2 3/4 per cent	1948/62 97/6
3 per cent	1951/54 Loan 99/6
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 101/8
3 per cent	1963/65 96/12
3 1/2 per cent	1947/55 103
4 per cent	1940/43 Bonds 106/10
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 109/2
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 Loan 114/8
5 per cent	U P Bonds 98
5 per cent	1939/44 Loan 100/6
5 per cent	1940/43 Loan 104

TAX FREES

5 per cent	1945/55 113/2
4 per cent	1953/63 Mysore 111/8
5 per cent	1955 Mysore 124

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent	1972 B P T 108/8
4 per cent	1974 M Deb 108
5 per cent	1959 M Deb 117
6 per cent	M Deb 1954 128
6 per cent	K P T 1956 128

Note: 3 1/2 per cent G P Notes opened at Rs. 93/10 for settlement, declined to Rs. 93/5 but closed steady at Rs. 93/7 at 2 p.m. for settlement.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, April 14

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 7/8

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D	1/5 29/32
Bank's buying T T	1/5 31/32
Bank's buying D D	1/5 31/32
Bank's buying 3 months	1/6 1/16 to Feb

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T	283 7/8
Bank's buying T T	284 1/2
Bank's buying D D	283 3/4

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T	1,309
Bank's buying T T	1,326

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T	78 1/2
Bank's buying T T	77 3/4
Bank's buying 60 days	77

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D	65 1/4

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D	65 1/8

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D	83 1/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D	47

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D	156 3/8

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D	86

CROSS RATE—

Hongkong London 1/2 11/16 14th instant

Shanghai London 0/8 1/4 14th instant

Japan London 1/2 1/64 14th instant

Java London 8.79 3/8 14th instant

New York London 4.68.06 13th instant

London New York 4.68.07 13th instant

London Paris 176.76 13th instant

London Italy 89.00 13th instant

London Belgium 27.82 1/4 13th instant

London Switzerland 20.87 1/8 13th instant

London Berlin 11.68 5/8 13th instant

London Stockholm 19.42 3/8 13th instant

London Amsterdam 8.81 5/8 13th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Uncertain

Gold £7-8-6 1/2 12th instant

Gold £7-8-6 13th instant

Silver London Ready 20 12th instant

Silver London Ready 20 13th instant

Silver London Forward 19 13/16 12th instant

Silver London Forward 19 3/4 13th instant

Silver New York Ready 43 12th instant

Silver New York Ready 43 13th instant

London discounts 3 months 1 5/8 per cent 12th instant

London discounts 3 months 1 5/8 per cent 13th instant

London discounts 6 months 2 1/8 per cent 12th instant

London discounts 6 monhts 2 1/8 per cent 13th instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/2 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone: Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 13

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	68
3 1/2 per cent	80
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	98
4 per cent 1948/53	102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	106 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	105 3/4
3 per cent 1942/47	105 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	94 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	66 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War loan	94 3/4
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	104 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	38/9 steady

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE

Bombay, April 14

Yarn No. 6 1/2s April 97 June 97 August 98

Yarn No. 10 1/2s April 108 June 108/8 August 109

Yarn No. 20 1/2s April 142 June 142/8 August 143

Yarn No. 40s April 216 June 216 August 217

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 14.

Ready Javas	15 8 6
Shipment April-May	6 2 6
Shipment June	6 1 3
Shipment July-Sept.	5 15 6
Java Spot	F 6.50

LONDON SUGAR

London, April 13

May sh. 6 8 1/2d.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 14.

Wheat	5,498 cwts.
Linseed	15,807 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	140 cwts.
Gingellyseed	32 cwts.
Poppyseed	21 cwts.
Groundnuts	4,699 cwts.
Castorseed	58 cwts.
Rice	17,723 cwts.
Myrabollams	3,182 cwts.
Cottonseed	9,363 cwts.
Gram	8,818 cwts.
Joowar	4,411 cwts.
Barley	150 cwts.
Bajree	1,521 cwts.

Further Drop In Indian Irons

MARKET AWAITS EUROPEAN DEVELOPMENTS

Bombay, April 14.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech was well received by operators in the Wall Street Market, but it was largely in accordance with expectations and its effect therefore was transient. Domestic news were hardly stimulating, which reduced gains in majority of active shares. U. S. Steel shares declined dol. 7/8 to 46 3/8, while both Anaconda Coppers and General Motors were unchanged at 22 7/8 and at 40 respectively.

There is a steady decrease in American trade, disturbed European political situation is mainly held responsible for the decrease. Thus at the moment there seems nothing constructive over the economic horizon except technical rally.

In the local market Steel Shares are the only favourite among speculators while other industrial scripts are left without any support. A comparative study will be found interesting.

	Jan. 3.	April 13
B. Dyeing	871	762
Century	237	215
Kohinoor	257	214
Simplex	77	68
A. Cement	111	115
Andhra	1405	1366
Power	1285	1222
T. Steel Dfd.	1502	1186
T. Steel Ord.	313	257
Burma	492	428

It will be seen that except Associated Cement Shares, all other shares have registered declines. Even Tata Steel Shares which are hot favourites among bulls did not escape declines. Recently prices of steel products are being raised and deliveries are being extended, but the market seems to have lost attraction. The general public has no inclination at present to enter the market which is mainly under the control of bazaar manipulators and professionals.

To-day being Monthly Settlement the Forward Market remained entirely closed while in the cash section there was a limited turnover. Tata Steel Dfds. were nominally quoted at Rs. 1180 but for the reasons given yesterday there was extensive selling pressure in Indian Iron Shares which were quoted at Rs. 24/6. The market is awaiting European developments.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, April 14.

100	Ahmd. Advance	376 4
100	BOM. DYEING	762 8
100	CENTURY	219 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	208 0
100	COLABA	107 0
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	310 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0 3 6
100	Finlay	94 0
100	GOKAK	125 8
1,000	Hindustan	1,705 0
100	Indore	46 8
100	Khatau	98 0
100	KOHINOOR	214 0
250	Laxmi	460 0
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	115 0
250	Model	46 8
50	MYSORE	82 8
200	NEW GREAT	185 0
100	Osmanshahi	40 0
100	PHOENIX	211 4
25	Sassoon Silk	68 0
1,000	Sholapur	3,200 0
50	SIMPLEX	68 8
100	SWADESHI	206 0
100	Swan	94 0
500	Vishnu	1,055 0
1,000	Westerns	360 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	111 0
25-50	Central	32 4
500	Imperial	1,507 8
125-500	Imp. Conty	366 14
50-100	India	137 0
100	Reserve Bank	110 12
5	Union	5-14-0

CEMENTS

100	Associated	115 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	635 0
15-100	Jupiter	12 0
20	Mercantile	53 8
15-75	New India	34 0
200	Oriental	4,210 0
10-50	Vulcan	7-2-6

ELECTRIC

100	Ah. Old	137 8
1,000	ANDHRA VLY.	1,366 4
10	Ajmer	11 8
50	Bombay Tram	127 0
100	Bombay Suburban	141 4
10	Broach	10 6
100	Karachi	186 4
100	Poona	167 8
100	Surat	147 0
100	TATA HYDRO	145 8
1,000	TATA POWERS	1,222 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	958 12
100	C. Province	100 8
100	Dh. Baramati	101 8
100	Gujarat	96 8
100	Mandra Bhon	101 0
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Serajganj	100 8
500	Tapti Valley	742 8

MININGS

9	Burma Corp. XD.	5 9
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	24 8
10	Shivrajpur	35 0
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS	1,186 4
75	TATA STEEL ORD	257 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	320 0
10	Air Services	8 9
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	173 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	793 12
250	BOMBAY STEAM	212 0
125	B. BURMA	428 0
50	B. BURMA CONTY	146 4
8sh	Br. B Petrol	3-4-6
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	80 0
100	IND. BLEACHING	101 8
50	Ind Invest Trust	40 3
100	I. Radio Defd.	390 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	345 0
100	Port Canning	68 0
30	Premier Con.	59 4
10	Scindia	16 2
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	37 8

PREFERENCE

5-1/2	Amalgamated (T.F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,445 0
6	p. c Bombay Steam	285 0
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F.)	75 8
5	p. c Central India (T F)	567 8
6-1/4	p.c Prem. Const. 1st	104 0
6-1/4	p.c. Prem Const. 2nd	96 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	143 12
7½	p.c Tata Power	1,532 8
6	p.c Tata Steel 1st	205 10
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel second	156 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	717 8

DEBENTURES

3-3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	101 12
6	p.c Andhra Valley	105 10
7	p.c. Bombay Telephone	50 4
7	p.c. Sholapur	80 0
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	105 10

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List).

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, April 14

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent paper	93/7
4 per cent 1960/70	109/4
5 per cent 1945/55	113/3

BANKS

Bank of Baroda	111
Bank of Hindusthan	26
Bank of India	137
Central Bank	32/2
Imperial Bank F P	1507/8
Imperial Bank P P	366/14
Indian Overseas Bank	47
Reserve Bank	110/12
Union Bank	5/14

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles	401/4
Ambica	253/2
Arun	221/4
Arvind	1145
Asok	202/8
Bharatkhand	2175
Bombay Dyeing	761/4
Buckingham and Carnatics	176
Calico	576/14
Central India	207/8
Century	219/6
Colaba	106/14
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	475
Elgin	112/8
Gokak	125
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	46/4
Jubilee	207/8
Khatau Makanji	92/8
Kohinoor	213/12
Laxmi Cotton	460
Madhusudan	200
Marsden	94/6
Morarji	115
Mysore	82/6
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	185
Raipur	640
Rajnagar	182/8
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	68
Sholapur	3200
Simplex	68/2
Swadeshi	205/10
Vishnu	1055

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord	1365
Tata Hydro Ord	145/5
Tata Power Ord	1222/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics	137/8
Ajmer Electrics	11
Amalgamated	12/6
Bombay Suburban	141/4
Bombay Tram	127/8
Lahore Electrics	445
Surat Electrics	146/14

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	319/8
Associated Cements	115
Belapur	172/8
Bombay Burma New	146/4
Bombay Burma Old	427/8
Bombay Steam	211/14
Bombay Telephone	80
Br B Petrol	3/4/6
Burma Corporation	5/3
Dalmia Cement	9/5
Indian Bleaching	101/4
Industrial Investment Tr	40/8
Indian Radio Ord	345
Indian Radio Defd	390
Indian Copper	2
Indian Iron	24/8
Mysore Sugar	30/8
Port Canning	68
Premier Construction	59/4
Rohtas Industries	24
Scindia Steam	16/4
Shivrajpur	35
Tata Oil	37/8
Tata Steel Ordy	257
Tata Steel Defd	1180

JUTES

Birla Jute	16
Howrah	54/4
Hukumchand	6
Kamarhatty	490/8
Kanknarrah	382
Lawrence	360
Reliance	68

TATA STEEL PRODUCTS

Extension Of Delivery

Bombay, April 14

Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. extended the delivery of their products as follows:—

Black and galvanized sheets February 1940.

Merchant Mill February 1940

Big Mill July 1939.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY'S LEADING HIGH CLASS HINDUS LODGING & BOARDING HOUSE
JOSHI HINDU LODGE
ZAVERI BAZAAR,
Opp. Mulji Jetha Market
Bombay 2.
Tel. No. 27396.
Telegram: Joshi Lodge.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1939

Bengalis Will Never Cease To Be Gentlemen

Visitors To Be Allowed At A. I. C. C. Meeting

Subhas Is Sure Warmest Hospitality To Guests Will Be Extended

JAMADOBA, April 14.

The Congress President, Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, in a statement through the Associated Press, expresses himself against the view that visitors should not be allowed at the ensuing meeting of the A. I. C. C. in Calcutta on the apprehension that they may not behave properly.

Mr. Bose says:

"It has been brought to my notice by the Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee that certain friends in Calcutta hold the view that visitors should not be allowed at the next meeting of the All-India Congress Committee to be held in Calcutta on the 28th April on the ground that the visitors may not behave properly. Some even go so far as to say that it is not safe to hold the meeting of A.I.C.C. in Calcutta now, in view of the state of public feeling over recent happenings in the Congress.

Those who entertain such fears do not, in my opinion, know Bengal. To be able to hold the A.I.C.C. meeting in a province is a privilege, honour and welcome opportunity. On this occasion, the people of Bengal and of Calcutta, in particular, will be the hosts of the rest of India. I am sure that in keeping with the traditions of patriotism and hospitality of which Bengal can legitimately feel proud, our guests will be given the warmest reception possible and will be offered our customary hospitality. Bengal must try to improve on her record of October, 1937, when the A.I.C.C. met in Calcutta last.

I am against the idea of including visitors from the A. I. C. C. meeting. Such meetings have an educative value for the public which it would be a mistake not to utilise. That is why it is customary to allow visitors I do not distrust our public and I do not entertain any fear that they will misbehave themselves. However, it would be a sufficient precaution to sell visitors' tickets on the express condition that President reserves the right to request visitors to vacate the pandal should any emergency arise.

I pooh-pooh the apprehension entertained by some people that 'agents provocateur' may be set up by hostile agencies with a view to insulting some of our gests, so that the province and the Provincial Congress Committee may come into disrepute. The public in Bengal are sufficiently educated politically and otherwise not to fall into such a trap.

I have been told further that just to spite the provincial organisers, some members of the A.I.C.C. may at the commencement of the proceedings move that visitors be excluded from the meeting. I do not understand why such a contingency should arise when the President is able to preserve orders and as a precaution, preserves the right to request visitors to withdraw, should any emergency arise requiring such a step.

In conclusion, I request the B.P.C.C. to go ahead with their arrangements. Our guests from different provinces must be given a right royal welcome and the arrangements for the A.I.C.C. meeting must be first class. If any controversial issues arise at the A.I.C.C. meeting it will be left to that body to solve them satisfactorily. So far as the public of Bengal are concerned, I am sure they will demonstrate that though they may have strong political views, they never cease to be gentlemen.—A.P.

LONDON, April 14.

Lord Perth, the British Ambassador at Rome, who is retiring, is expected to leave Rome in ten days' time, when he will be succeeded by Sir Percy Loraine.

United Opposition To Stoppage Of Poona Exodus

Financial And Climatic Considerations Outweigh All Others

POONA, April 13.

Will Poona cease to be the monsoon capital of the presidency of Bombay in future? This subject, which is expected to be finally settled at Sunday's meeting of the Congress Party in the Bombay Legislature at Bombay, is agitating the minds of both the public and the press of Poona.

All shades of opinion, irrespective of party label, seem to be united in their opposition to such a move. Sentiment as well as reason claims that this historic Peshwa-capital must continue to be at least the "part-time" capital of the Presidency. Sentiment as well as reason, on the other hand, makes a case for Poona as the permanent seat of the Government of the Province.

The Associated Press correspondent discuss the subject with leaders of various shades of opinion in Poona all of whom refused to countenance such a "degradation" for "our city."

Mr. Shankarrao Deo, Maharashtra Congress leader, drawn into a discussion on the subject, was at first reticent to express any opinion, or rather expressed unconcern at the ultimate issue.

"But if it means some saving to the Government, why should not the Poona exodus be stopped?" asked the Associated Press Correspondent.

"But the saving will be only a lakh. And I suppose, it is worth spending a lakh extra for the valuable rural contracts that are made available to the Government", replied Mr. Deo.

Reference to the financial aspect of the subject, however, drew Mr. Deo out. "Talk of the financial aspect, and it is all on the side of Poona", he exclaimed.

Mr. Deo cited three reasons why Poona should be not only part-time, but even permanent capital of the presidency:—

(1) Financial—Government would save at least six lakhs by shifting its seat to Poona permanently.

(2) Climate—Poona is any way better than Bombay, and a good climate means better health and therefore greater efficiency.

(3) Rural contact would be ensured to the Government if situated in Poona, which is essential for a popular, and particularly a Congress Government. While, a Government seated in Bombay will remain isolated from the rural masses.—A. P.

(Continued from col. 7)

one by Prof. Bannerjee to restore the duty to Rs. 7/4, and the other by Sir Ziauddin to reduce it to Rs. 6/4 instead of Rs. 6/12 as proposed by Government. Both amendments were rejected without a division and the Bill was passed unamended without a division.—A.P.

VICTIM OF "INTERNATIONAL SUGAR SWINDLE"

Attack On Reduction Of Protective Duty

ZAFRULLAH'S REPLY TO CRITICS OF BILL

NEW DELHI, April 14.

The Legislative Assembly resumed the debate on the first reading of Sir Mohamed Zafrullah's second Tariff Bill to reduce the protective duty on Sugar from Rs. 7/4 to Rs. 6/12 and continue it till 1941 pending a further enquiry into the industry in 1940.

Sir Ziauddin, continuing his speech from last Thursday, dealt critically with what he characterised as the exceedingly unkind manner in which the industry built up by heavy protection had been treating the sugarcane producers and the skilled and unskilled labour employed by it. By investing barely 14 crores of rupees, he argued, the industry had succeeded in attracting to itself during the last eight years Rs. 46.26 crores by way of protection, which meant so much less revenue, and Rs. 45 crores from the consumers who were paying more for their sugar than would have been the case if there had been free competition from imported sugar.

"I have never heard of money having such enormous magnetic attraction," commented Sir Ziauddin.

He also criticised the high cost of production in India of Rs. 6-13-10 compared to Rs. 2 given as the cost of production in Java.

NO CASE FOR REDUCTION.

Mr. A. C. Dutta said he would give the other side of the picture, and dwelt on what he described as the series of blows dealt of the industry by the Government. First was the imposition of the Excise Duty in 1934 on what was at that time an infant industry only a year old; Then the additional Excise Duty put on in 1937; then the International Sugar Agreement placing a ban on India exporting sugar and lastly the attempt made in the present Bill to reduce the protective duty.

The effect of the stoppage of exports by sea combined with overproduction in the country must be a fall in prices, leading to instability of the industry. Had Government any plan or programme to meet that situation, he asked. In the interest both of the manufacturer and the cultivator he urged that the recommendations of the Tariff Board for the stabilisation of the industry should be seriously considered by Government. In any case, Government had failed to make out a case for reduction of the protective duty.

WANTED PERMANENT BOARD.

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum referred to the delay in releasing the Tariff Board Report and pointed out that this combined with the cutting down of the period of protection to two years would result in considerable insecurity and uncertainty in the industry. This disagreement on the part of Government with the finding of the Tariff Board, he said, made out a strong case for a revision in the policy of setting up Tariff Boards. A permanent Board had now become a necessity in view of the fact that the policy of discriminating protection had come to stay. He then referred to the need for obtaining satisfactory conditions of work in the sugar factories.

ECONOMIC SELF-SUFFICIENCY.

The Tariff Board had emphasised the need for changing the present unsatisfactory labour conditions and it was the duty of Government to see that adequate conditions were established along with a decent minimum wage, proper hours of work and decent sanitary and housing conditions Further it was urgently necessary that the grower should be given a profitable price and for this purpose it was essential that there should be control and regulation of the area under sugarcane crop The Government of India should, in this respect, co-operate with the Provincial Governments concerned. The protection which Sir Ziauddin visualised, he continued, would result in Java regaining its old position and at present India should aim at securing economic self-sufficiency.

In conclusion he referred to the international sugar "swindle" and declared that the Indo-British Trade Agreement should have included provisions by which Great Britain and the colonies would take Indian sugar.

WANTED SUGAR-CANE CROP PLANNING.

Prof. Ranga urged the importance of fixing minimum wages and prices in order that the grower, the labourer and the capitalists might share alike. He suggested that Government should pay more attention to the research side of the industry. The Government, he continued, should publish an annual report of the working of protection in this industry and the position of capital, labour and the grower in the industry. He warned Government against the craze of laying out more area under sugarcane and declared that if there was no change, it would result in a serious glut. He would suggest that the Government of India should call a conference of provincial Industries and Agriculture Ministers and arrive at a satisfactory crop planning scheme.

EXISTING DUTY MORE THAN ADEQUATE.

Sir Mahomed Zafrullah, replying to the debate, maintained that the speeches had disclosed nothing to indicate that the action that Government proposed to take was unjustified and that the existing protective duty was more than adequate. Referring to the criticism of the delay in deciding on the Tariff Board Report, Sir Zafrullah pointed out that that delay had caused no prejudice to the industry. During the last year the industry had enjoyed protection at a higher level than it would have had if Government had come to their decision last year on merits. Even now the industry would continue to enjoy protection for the next two years at a level higher than that which it was likely to get as a result of the further enquiry due to be held in 1940. He made it clear that the decision to reduce the duty now was not made on merits but as an 'ad interim' measure.

Replying to the critics of India being party to the International Sugar Agreement, Sir Zafrullah pointed out that it was pointless to argue that but for this agreement India would have been able to export sugar abroad. How, he asked, could India compete in the world market when Java sugar was quoted in Bombay at Rs. 2/7 per cwt. as against Rs. 9 or Rs. 10 for Indian Sugar in India. The mere fact that India asked for protection was a complete negation of the claim that she could compete in the world market.

The House passed Sir Zafrullah's motion for consideration of the Bill.

AMENDMENTS DEFEATED.

During the detailed discussion two amendments were attempted;

(Continued in Col. 3).

His Excellency Mohomed Khan, (centre) Afghan representative at the League of Nations, arrived by the mail boat on Thursday.
He has been appointed Chief Secretary to the King of Afghanistan.
He was received on board the ship by the Afghan Consul (right).

Demand For Responsible Government In Indore

Vasanti Devi To Lead Movement

"From Our Correspondent"

INDORE, April 12.

FRESH developments are taking place in the state's people's movement here which was launched about a year ago and subsided after some months.

It seems that the rank and file of the Praja Mandal are thoroughly dissatisfied with the apathy and indifference of the office-bearers, specially of the President, Secretary and Treasurer.

Some of the members of the Managing Committee who are anxious to force the progress towards political reform have got into touch with prominent Congress leaders from the Central Provinces and Central India and have invited them to launch the movement independent of the Praja Mandal.

In accordance with this move they have requested Mrs. Alladi Vasanta Devi—who took such a prominent part in the movement about a year ago and was in consequence banned from entering the State—to take a lead in the matter.

It appears from the reports available here that she has agreed to shoulder the full responsibilities of launching the movement and, as a preliminary step, she has been going through British Indian provinces to secure the sympathy and support of the press and political leaders there.

She left Nagpur a few days ago, and after visiting Bombay, Poona, Dharwar she will go back to Nagpur. From Nagpur she will give due notice to the Indore authorities about her decision to defy the ban placed on her and enter the State on a fixed date. Along with her will be the first batch of Satyagrahis who will defy the autocratic orders of the State and court arrests.

Arrangements will be made to see that there is a steady flow of Satyagrahis

CHARLIE CHAN YES? NO? MAYBE

BECAUSE HER FATHER'S SILENCE HAS AROUSED A SUSPICION THAT HE MAY BE GRISSAC, MARGA DECIDES TO TELL HIS STORY...
Alfred Andriola
FATHER WAS SPYING ON ME! I AM ALL FATHER HAS, INSPECTOR! HE DOES NOT WANT ME TO MARRY BECAUSE HE WILL BE ALONE! HE RESENTS ANY MAN WHO SHOWS AN INTEREST IN ME!
PERHAPS YOUR FATHER RESENTS MR. MORRIS ENOUGH TO—
OH NO! NO! I DON'T THINK DAD WOULD KILL ANYONE!
I SAY, LOOK HERE! THERE'S A "G" IN QUOTATION MARKS ON THIS KNIFE! THAT'S GRISSAC'S SIGN!
THEN IT COULDN'T HAVE BEEN FATHER WHO THREW IT!
NO— NOT UNLESS—
—NOT UNLESS HE'S GRISSAC!

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